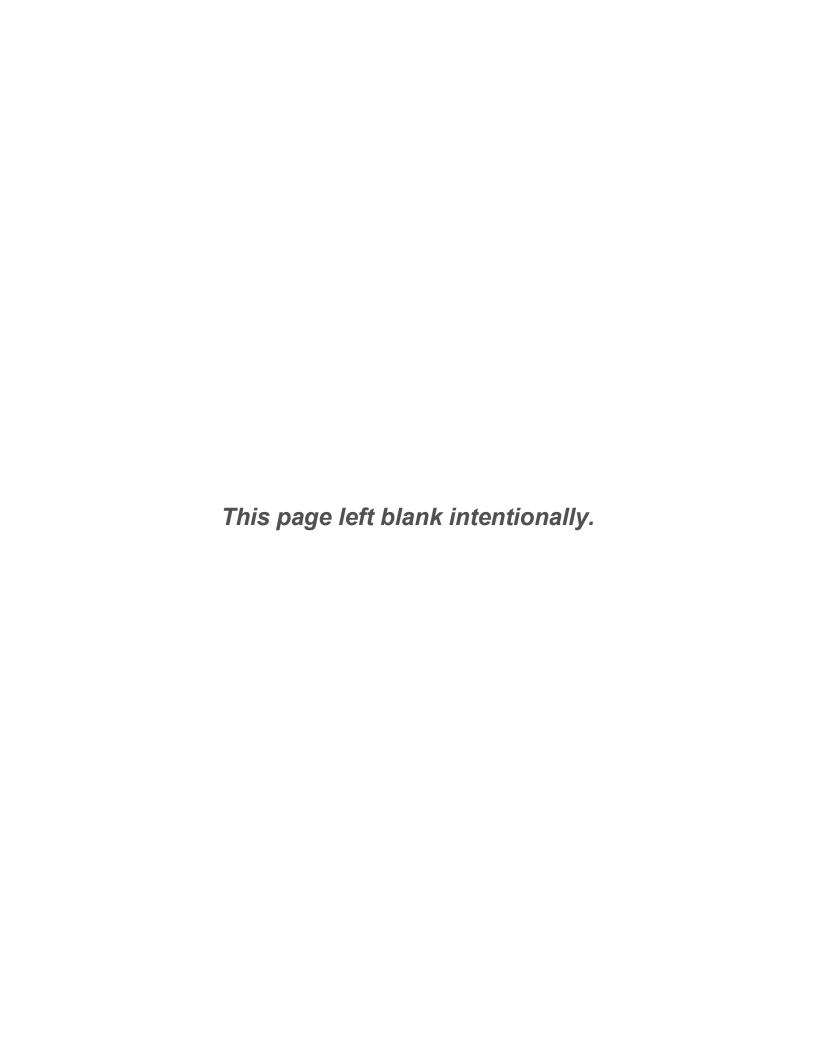
Town of Carrboro, North Carolina



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by Finance Department



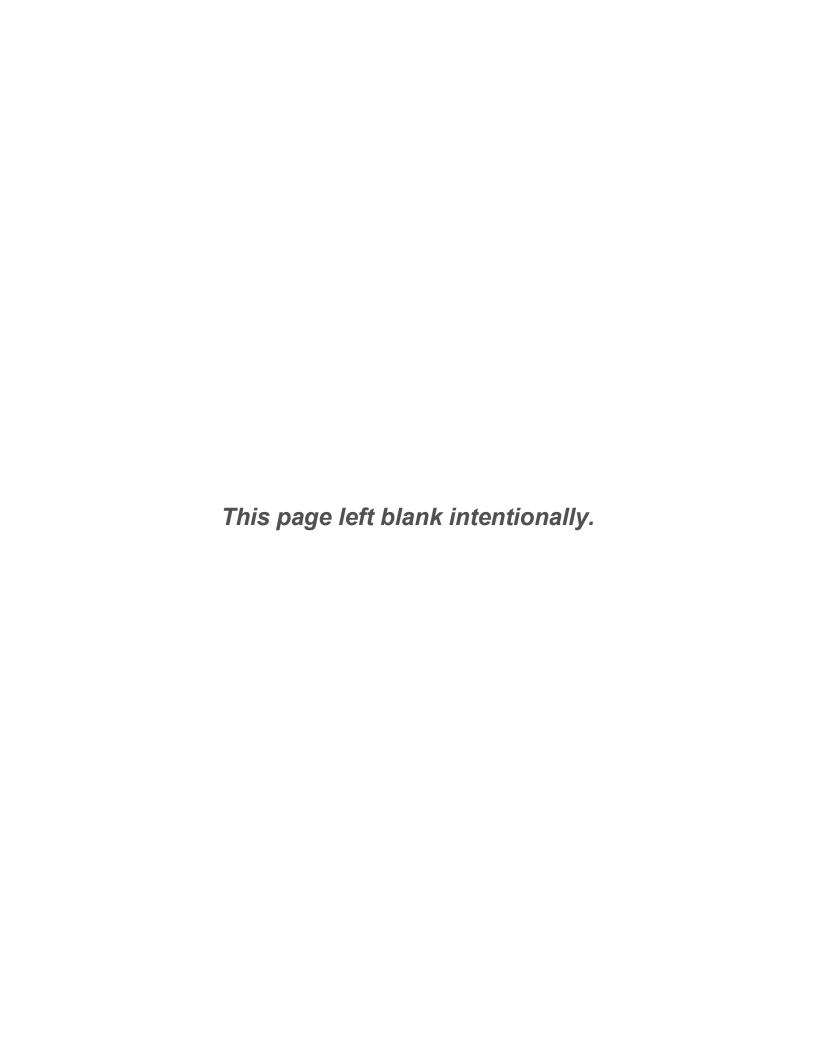
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Town of Carrboro, North Carolina

Principal Officials

June 30, 2023

Town Council

Damon Seils, Mayor
Susan Romaine, Mayor Pro-Tempore
Barbara Foushee
Danny Nowell
Sammy Slade
Randee Haven-O'Donnell
Eliazar Posada

Town Manager

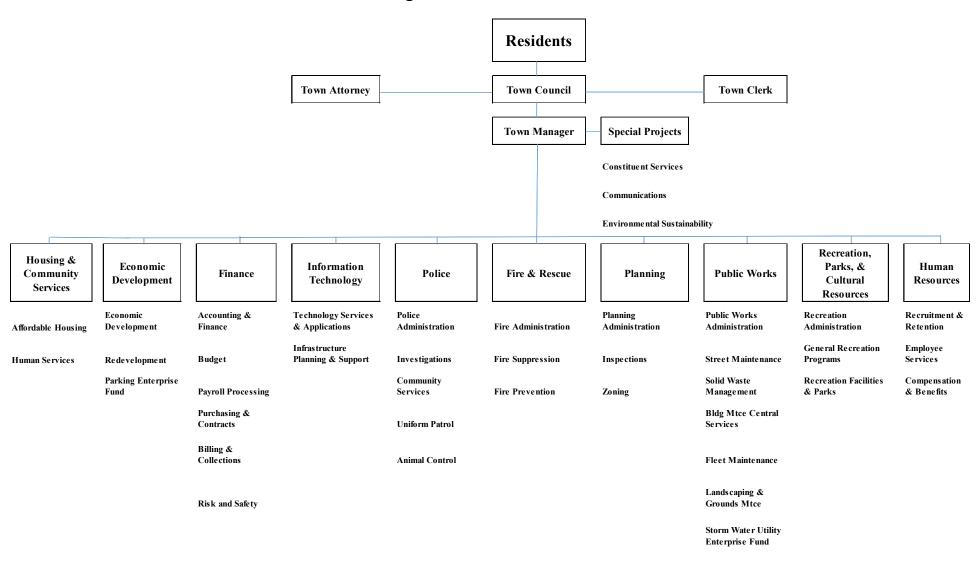
Richard J. White III, ICMA-CM

Finance Department

Arche L. McAdoo, Finance Director
Langston W. Ramseur, Deputy Finance Director
Jane Bowden, Procurement Coordinator
Chandra Edwards, Accounting Technician/Receptionist
Edna Kirkman, Staff Accountant
Jordan Kerr, Payroll and Benefits Coordinator

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina

Organizational Chart



TOWN OF CARRBORO



NORTH CAROLINA WWW.TOWNOFCARRBORO.ORG

December 1, 2023

Mayor and Council Members Town of Carrboro

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Town of Carrboro for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (FY 2022-2023). As required by North Carolina General Statutes (NCGS), the ACFR includes financial statements that have been audited by an independent certified public accounting firm. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data accurately presents the financial position and the results of operations of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor's section. Other documents that are helpful in understanding the Town's budget and financial planning include the Town's annual operating budget and capital improvements plan documents. These documents, along with the annual audit report, are posted on the Town's website at http://www.townofcarrboro.org/250/Financial-Documents.

The Town is a small community located within Orange County in the north central portion of North Carolina. It is situated next to the Town of Chapel Hill and the University of North Carolina and is near the Research Triangle Park. The area's topography is characterized by rolling hills. The Town, incorporated in 1911, now covers an area of 6.35 square miles and has a population of 21,295 as reported by the American Community Survey for 2021. The growth of the Town is directly related to the expansion of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and growth in the Research Triangle Park. Enrollment at the University has increased from 31,641 in 2021 to an estimated 31,641 in 2022. It is anticipated that expansion will continue to occur in university-related health facilities, such as the University of North Carolina Hospitals, and proposed future development of the Carolina North Campus.

The character of the Town is driven by strategic priorities and values adopted by the Town Council with the goal of maintaining a sustainable community that is a highly desirable place to live. These strategic priorities are to:

- A. Diversify revenue stream to maintain ethnic and economic diversity;
- B. Protect historic neighborhoods and maintain Carrboro's unique identity;
- C. Improve walkability and public transportation; and
- D. Encourage development that is compact, dense, and appeals to diverse lifestyles and incomes.

The support for these strategic priorities is noted by the amounts allocated within the annual operating, special revenue and capital budgets, as well as the various awards received by the Town.

The Town commits 1.5 cents of the annual property tax rate exclusively for affordable housing. Maintaining and increasing the stock of affordable, safe and decent housing within the Town is a major goal of the Council. Almost two million dollars is provided annually for fare-free transit for Town residents to help reduce reliance on automobiles and to promote public transit, walking, and biking. Carrboro is one of 100 communities in the nation that has been awarded the Silver Level Bicycle-Friendly Community designation by the League of American Bicyclists in recognition of its commitment to providing safe accommodations and facilities for bicyclists, as well as efforts to encourage bicycling for fun, fitness, and transportation. Additionally, the Town has amended its street standards to require bike lanes on all collector roads. According to the latest census, 5.2% of residents in Carrboro bike to work. The community approved a \$4.6 million bond referendum in November 2003 to construct sidewalks and greenways to increase the safety and convenience of walking and biking throughout the Town's neighborhoods.

Governance

The Town has a council/manager form of municipal government. Under the council/manager form of government, the Town Council performs the legislative functions of the Town: adopting ordinances and policies. The Council is an elected body and consists of a mayor and six council members. The mayor and the council members are elected by the voters of the entire town. The mayor is elected to serve a term of two years and the council members are elected to serve staggered terms of four years. The mayor acts as the official head of town government and presides at Council meetings. The mayor is a voting member of the Council. Appointments to advisory boards and committees are made by the Council.

The Council appoints a town manager who carries out the ordinances and policies enacted by the Council, and is responsible for managing the Town's employees, finances, resources, and operations. The Council also appoints a Town Clerk to maintain Town records and an attorney to represent and advise the Council and Town administration in legal matters.

Local governments in North Carolina exist to provide a wide range of basic services on which residents all depend: police and fire protection; public works (garbage collection, street resurfacing, fleet maintenance, landscaping, building and grounds, and stormwater); planning, inspections, and zoning; economic development; housing and community services; and parks and recreation programming. The major services provided by the Town include all of the services above, but exclude water and sewer services, and tax collections. Orange Water and Sewer Authority provides water and sewer services for residents; and tax collection services are handled by Orange County Tax Administration. Certain large costs assumed by the Town are for key services that are contracted with other governmental jurisdictions, such as transit, recycling, and landfill services. The Town also has administrative support departments (e.g., human resources; information technology; finance, budget, and purchasing; communications and race and equity.) that provide both direct services as well as indirect support services.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The 2020 median household income was \$67,469. Carrboro had a decrease in the unemployment rate from 5.9% in 2020 to 3.7% in 2021, which is well below the statewide rate of 4.9%. The local employment base is relatively stable with the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, the University of North Carolina Health Care System, and Research Triangle Park in close proximity to the Town.

The Town relies on a largely residential tax base for revenues to provide services. The commercial base is primarily retail with some service-oriented businesses. Major employers within Orange County (those with 450 or more employees) reflect the dominance of the professional services and retail sectors. The Town continues to experience modest growth and is considered to be a desirable place to live and work.

Long-term debt obligations for the Town increased by 1.55% or \$650,217 from \$41,897,227 at June 30, 2022, to \$42,547,444 at June 30, 2023. This is primarily due to costs associated with the continuation of the 203 Project, specifically payments on interest becoming due in FY23.

The Town had debt retirement for this fiscal year with the principal repayment of \$728,544. There were no additional installment financings.

For a more comprehensive analysis of the Town's capital needs and future financing, please consult the Town's Capital Improvements Program available on the Town's website. The potential impact on property tax rates of capital projects will be affected by the timing of the implementation of the proposed projects, availability of other revenue sources, and/or cost savings to fund the projects.

Major Town Initiatives

The following projects initiated in prior years will continue as priorities into FY 2023-24

- Implementation of a comprehensive plan for the Town,
- Continuation of Race and Equity inclusion in programs and operations
- Continue in Affordable Housing Initiatives.
- Continue implementation of Energy and Climate Protection Plan.
- 203 Project

The Town will continue the planning and design of the 203 Project, a new facility to house the Orange County Southern Branch Library and program space for Town's Recreation, Parks, and Cultural Resources Department. This facility is a joint undertaking with Orange County and construction is expected to begin in the Fall of 2022.

As noted above, the Town Council has established strategic priorities within the Comprehensive Plan for the Town with the ultimate goal of creating and maintaining Carrboro as a sustainable community that is a highly desirable place to live. Some of the noteworthy accomplishments include:

- In February 2022, Carrboro was named one of the top five small towns for the arts in the United States by 24/7 Tempo, a member of the Financial News and Opinion Firm 24/7 Wall St.
- The Town receives a national award, "Leading the Way Award", for outstanding resident satisfaction from ETC Institute that recognizes local governments for outstanding achievement in the delivery of services to residents. Recipients of the award rank in the top 10% of all local governments in the United States.
- Carrboro ranked fifth in 24/7 Tempo's 25-city lineup. The listing mentioned the city's Arts Center and its Attic 506 spaces, which are funded in part by the Orange County Arts Commission.
- First Place Award for Citizen Participation from the NC City & County Communicators (NC3C) Excellence in Communications Awards.
- Marvin Collins Award for Comprehensive Plan by the American Planning Association-North Carolina Chapter (APA-NC)

- Town residents approved \$4.6 million of general obligation bonds in a referendum in November 2003 to construct sidewalks and greenways throughout the Town to increase the safety and convenience of walking. To date the Town has constructed 23 sidewalks covering more than 8.0 miles, completed construction of the Wilson Park Multi-Use Path, constructed the Homestead-Chapel Hill High School Multi-Use Path, and Rogers Road Sidewalk. Projects currently underway include Morgan Creek Greenway, Jones Creek Greenway, and South Greensboro Street Sidewalk.
- The Town has been awarded a Silver Award by the League of American Bicyclists as a Bicycle-Friendly Community (BFC). The award is presented to communities that are committed to bicycling, provide safe accommodations and facilities for bicyclists, and encourage bicycling for fun, fitness, and transportation. This is a four-year award valid through 2022. The Town's goal is to achieve Gold Level status.
- The Town continues to participate in the North Carolina League of Municipalities "Green Challenge," for Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory and Reduction to reduce the carbon footprint; and to assess the Town's energy efficiency through the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's "Energy Star Challenge" that involves reviewing and reducing utility consumption in Town facilities, streetlights, and fuel usage.
- The Town's continued commitment to the environment was rewarded with its national designation as a Tree City USA Town for the 35th year.
- The Town has AAA bond rating from Standard and Poor's and Aa1 bond rating from Moody's.

Financial Information

General Fund Balance

The Council has adopted a policy of maintaining a General Fund unassigned fund balance within a range of 22.5% to 35% of budgeted appropriations. When the General Fund unassigned fund balance exceeds 35%, the Town Manager may set aside an amount in assigned fund balance for transfer to Capital Projects Fund for specific future capital projects. Should the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund fall below 20%, the policy requires the Town Manager to develop and implement a plan to rebuild the balance to 22.5% within one year. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town had a total General Fund balance of \$19.6 million or 77% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Town's management continues to take a conservative approach to revenue projections in relation to the numerous decisions necessary to adapt its operating budget, capital plans and financing to existing and future anticipated and unanticipated financial challenges. The steps taken in this regard include reducing less vital operating expenses, increasing emphasis on economic development activities, and prioritizing capital expenditures. The Town has AAA bond rating by Standard and Poor's and Aa1 by Moody's. These ratings indicate the Town's extremely strong creditworthiness and ability to meet financial obligations.

Budget Control

As required by North Carolina General Statutes, the Town Council adopts a budget ordinance prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. All governmental units are required to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of each year. The budget ordinance adopted by the Council creates a legal limit on spending authorizations at the functional level. Through the use of a requisition encumbrance and purchase order system, the adequacy of available funds is ensured prior to the placement of orders and/or award of contracts.

The budget is prepared by the Town Manager for a one-year fiscal cycle beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of the following year. The Town holds a legally mandated public hearing following the presentation of the Town Manager's recommended budget to the Council and prior to the Council's adoption of the budget. The Council may hold budget work sessions during the budget development process. The adopted budget document is available in the Town Clerk's office and on the Town's website for review.

Internal Controls

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, a comprehensive internal control framework has been designed in developing and maintaining the Town's accounting system. These internal accounting controls are designed to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- Safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition;
- Reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and maintaining accountability of assets;
- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations; and
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to federal and state financial assistance programs.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls reasonably achieve the above objectives and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Other Information

Independent Audit

North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 15, the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act, requires that units of local government have an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of FORVIS, LLP was selected by the Council and performed this audit. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements and other schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the compliance section, and include an unmodified opinion.

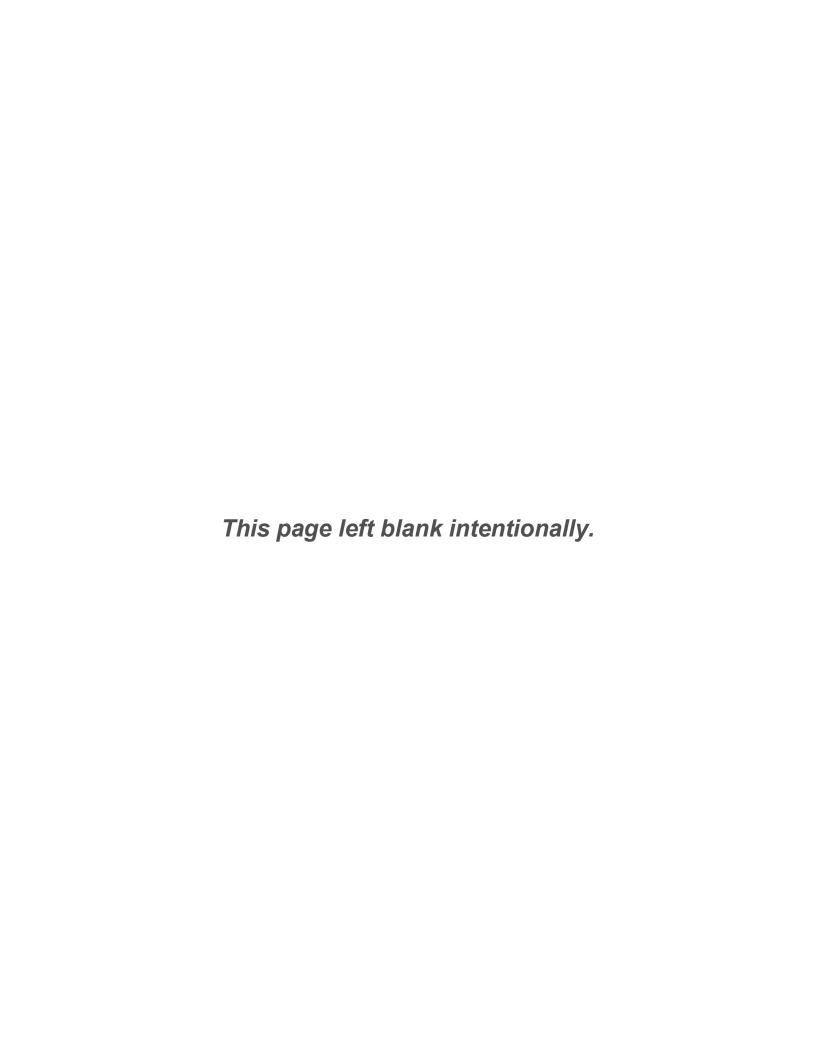
Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the hard work and dedication of the Finance Department Staff. Other departments of the Town have contributed directly or indirectly in the preparation of this report, and their cooperation and continued assistance is appreciated.

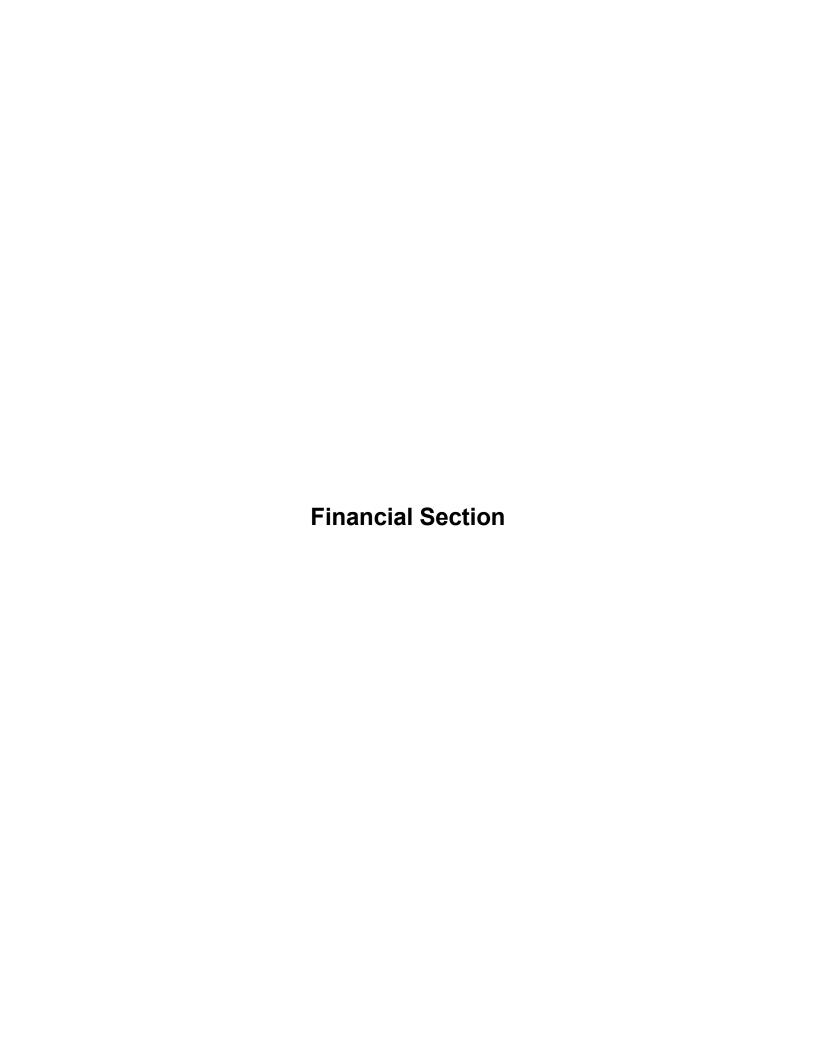
Marie Parker

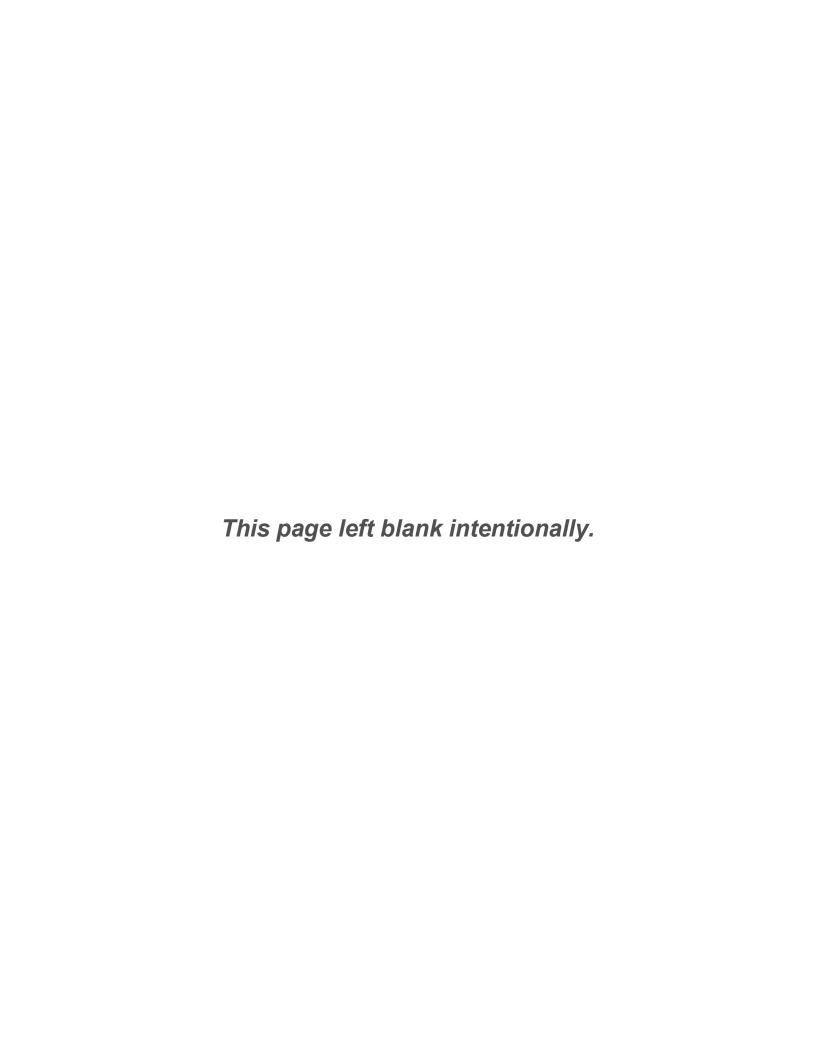
Interim Town Mariager

Langston W. Ramseur

Langston W. Ramseur Interim Finance Director









Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor, Town Council, and Town Manager Town of Carrboro Carrboro, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Carrboro, North Carolina ("Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Carrboro Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedules of Employer Contributions, the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic finical statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combing and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



Other Reporting Required under Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

High Point, North Carolina December 1, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Carrboro, we offer readers of the Town of Carrboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in the Management Discussion and Analysis section in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

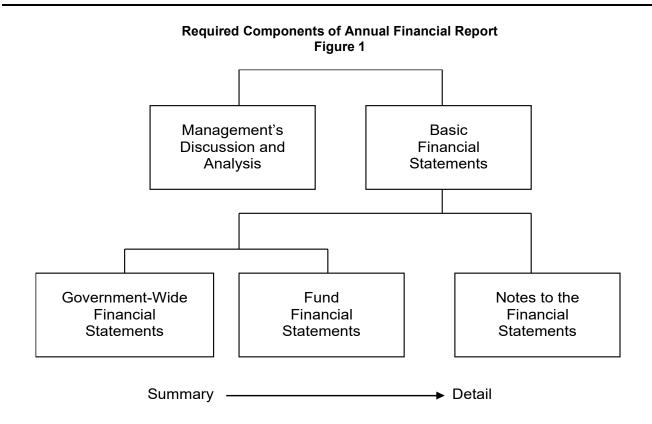
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$39,379,541 (net position).
- The total net position of the Town increased by \$3,693,727 from the amount previously reported at June 30, 2022.
- At June 30, 2023, the Town's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$35,355,402, an decrease of 0.18% or \$642,110 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 34.5% or \$12,184,269 of this total amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the year unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,328,841 or 48.8% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out of \$25,268,668.
- Long-term debt obligations for the Town increased by 1.6% or \$650,217 from \$41,897,227 at June 30, 2022 to \$42,547,444 at June 30, 2023. This is primarily due to an increase in the net pensions liability for the LGERS retirement plan, offset by decreased in the OPEB liability and direct borrowing installment purchases.
- The Town of Carrboro maintained its AAA bond rating with Standard and Poor's; and Aa1 by Moody's.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Carrboro's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components (see Figure 1):

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town, including a statistical section.



Basic financial statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. Exhibit 1 presents the Statement of Net Position and Exhibit 2 presents the Statement of Activities. They provide information about the Town's current financial position.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government at a more detailed level than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: (1) the governmental funds statements; (2) the proprietary fund statements; and (3) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to financial statements of a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position reported on the *statement of net position* is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition. The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position has changed during the fiscal year.

The government-wide statements contain a category called governmental activities that include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and general government. Property taxes as well as state-collected local revenues including sales tax, electric franchise and state telecommunications monies, finance most of these activities.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: (1) governmental activities; (2) business-type activities; and (3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, fire, street maintenance, solid waste collection, planning, public spaces, parks, cemetery and general administration. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers for certain services such as stormwater services. This includes stormwater services offered by the Town. The final category is the Town's component unit, Carrboro Tourism Development Authority. Although legally separate from the Town, the Town Council exercises control over this entity through appointment of the Chair and members of the Authority.

The government-wide financial statements are on pages 17 through 19 of this report.

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements are focused on a detailed, short-term view that helps the reader determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. Exhibit 5 shows four columns: (1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; (2) the final budget as amended by the Council; (3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and (4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary funds - As of July 1, 2018, the Town implemented a user fee schedule for stormwater operations and program expenses. Recognizing that the current user fee may not be sufficient to address the numerous stormwater capital improvements and repairs, the Town has developed a ten-year financing plan and model.

In 2021, the Town Council authorized the creation of a Parking Enterprise Fund to account for parking expenses. The Parking Enterprise Fund is currently funded by General Fund revenues to support free parking throughout the Town, until such time the Town implements a fee structure for parking facilities.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 31 through 63 of this report.

Required Supplementary information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 66 of this report.

Government-wide financial analysis

Town of Carrboro's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			ess-Type vities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 46,051,984 50,145,237	\$ 42,017,601 41,329,222	\$ 2,096,021 657,418	\$ 1,710,227 588,079	\$ 48,148,005 50,802,655	\$ 43,727,828 41,917,301	
Total assets	96,197,221	83,346,823	2,753,439	2,298,306	98,950,660	85,645,129	
Deferred outflows of resources	8,002,640	7,139,051	127,817	107,662	8,130,457	7,246,713	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	104,199,861	90,485,874	2,881,256	2,405,968	107,081,117	92,891,842	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	42,153,579 15,796,520	41,490,926 5,627,874	393,865 48,663	406,301 14,952	42,547,444 15,845,183	41,897,227 5,642,826	
Total liabilities	57,950,099	47,118,800	442,528	421,253	58,392,627	47,540,053	
Deferred inflows of resources	9,185,165	9,524,452	123,784	<u>141,523</u>	9,308,949	9,665,975	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	44,431,872 3,914,681 <u>(11,281,956</u>)	36,727,545 3,647,143 (6,532,066)	657,418 - 1,657,526	588,038 - 1,255,154	45,089,290 3,914,681 (9,624,430)	37,315,583 3,647,143 (5,276,912)	
Total net position, ending	<u>\$ 37,064,597</u>	\$ 33,842,622	<u>\$ 2,314,944</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,192</u>	<u>\$ 39,379,541</u>	<u>\$ 35,685,814</u>	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and the deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39,685,814 as of June 30, 2023. The majority of net position (114.5%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, etc.); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion (9.9% or \$3,914,681) of the Town's net position represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$9,624,430) (-24.4%) is unrestricted.

The Town's total unrestricted governmental net position was influenced by increased property tax revenues, increased local option sales tax revenues, and stability of other tax and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

Town of Carrboro's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services Operating grants	\$ 1,720,019	\$ 1,578,078	\$ 1,002,080	\$ 991,423	\$ 2,722,099	\$ 2,569,501	
and contributions Capital grants and	829,670	1,489,331	-	-	829,670	1,489,331	
contributions General revenues:	128,951	100,689	-	-	128,951	100,689	
Property taxes Local option sales	16,104,146	15,942,089	-	-	16,104,146	15,942,089	
taxes	7,076,695	6,416,480	-	_	7,076,695	6,416,480	
Other taxes	1,864,150	1,726,261	-	-	1,864,150	1,726,261	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted	1,534,669	1,697,037	45,000	_	1,579,669	1,697,037	
Other	1,213,173	214,655	46,129	47,515	1,259,302	262,170	
Total revenues	30,471,473	29,164,620	1,093,209	1,038,938	31,564,682	30,203,558	
Expenses:							
General government	6,405,007	5,738,082	-	-	6,405,007	5,7380,82	
Public safety	8,469,830	7,933,411	-	-	8,469,830	7,933,411	
Planning	1,612,729	1,423,540	-	-	1,612,729	1,423,540	
Transportation	2,148,148	1,900,088	-	-	2,148,148	1,900,088	
Public works	5,427,544	4,614,345	-	-	5,427,544	4,614,345	
Parks and recreation Economic and	1,966,773	1,836,333	-	-	1,966,773	1,836,333	
physical development Interest on long-term	618,648	1,236,131	-	-	618,648	1,236,131	
debt	468,434	101,595	_	_	468,434	101,595	
Parking		101,000	155,610	146,455	155,610	146,455	
Stormwater	_	<u>-</u>	598,232	627,194	598,232	627,194	
Total expenses	27,117,113	24,783,525	753,842	773,649	27,870,955	25,557,174	
Increase (decrease) in net							
position before transfers	3,354,360	4,381,095	339,367	265,289	3,693,727	4,646,384	
Transfers	(132,385)	(6,036)	132,385	6,036	-		
Change in net position	3,221,975	4,375,059	471,752	271,325	3,693,727	4,646,384	
Net position, beginning	33,842,622	29,467,563	1,843,192	1,571,867	35,685,814	31,039,430	
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 37,064,597</u>	\$ 33,842,622	<u>\$ 2,314,944</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,192</u>	<u>\$ 39,379,541</u>	<u>\$ 35,685,814</u>	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$3,221,975. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Ad valorem property tax revenues increased by \$162,057 or 1.0% above the prior year. This increase is related to an increase in assessed properties within the Town.
- Local option sales tax revenues increased by \$660,215 or 10.3% above the prior year. This increase is largely related to the continued growth in the local economy.
- Other tax revenues, primarily from motor vehicle license taxes, increased by \$137,889 or 8.3% above the prior year. This increase is related to an increase in assessed motor vehicles within the Town.
- Investment earnings increased by \$971,571, or 1,669% above the prior year, due to market performance on the Town's investments in the NCCMT government portfolio.
- Expenses for total governmental activities increased by 9.4% to \$27,117,113 in FY 2023.
- Expense for interest on long-term debt increased from \$101,595 in FY 2022 to \$468,434 in FY 2023. The Town borrowed \$12.5 million in April 2022 to complete the financing for construction of the new facility at 203 S. Greensboro Street.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities added \$471,752 to the Town's net position. These revenues are primarily from the collection of user fees for stormwater.

Financial Analysis of the Town of Carrboro's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,328,841, an increase of \$3,963,425 or 47.4% from \$8,365,416 in FY 2022. The total general fund balance for FY 2023 was \$19,546,432, a 25.3% increase from the FY 2022 amount of \$15,601,262.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 48.8% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out of \$25,268,668. The Town fund balance policy requires that fund balance be between 22.3% and 35%. Total fund balance represents 77.6% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Revolving Loan Fund is used to encourage economic and community development in Carrboro by offering loans to new businesses. The fund balance for this fund increased by \$22,082, or 9.2%, from \$239,651 to \$261,733 due to repayment of previous loans.

The Bond Fund includes sidewalk and greenway construction projects that are funded with 2013 bond proceeds and various state and federal grants. The fund balance for this fund increased by \$86,036, or 37.3%. The negative fund balance for this fund reflects a timing issue with the collection of revenues and expenditures where the Town is reimbursed after expenditure by the Town. Many of the projects are being completed and finalized so the fund is slowly drawing to a close and the remaining bond proceeds are expected to be spent in fiscal year 2024. Additional state and federal grants are pending that will supplement some of the existing projects.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis

The American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") special revenue fund was created during fiscal year 2022 and includes projects to address the negative impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. The fund balance for the fund increased by \$149,428, due to interest earnings.

The Capital Projects Fund, which includes construction or acquisition of capital assets, is primarily funded with operating transfers from the General Fund and notes or debt instruments. The fund balance for this fund decreased by \$4,900,435, or 25.8%. The decrease is largely attributable to capital outlays surrounding the 203 facility on S. Greensboro Street.

The Grants Administration Fund contains various grant awards made to the Town that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific programs and activities. For FY 2023, this fund decreased by \$2,290, primarily due to transportation grant awards.

The Nonmajor Funds, which include the Affordable Housing Fund, the Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund, the Small Business and Non-Profit Loan/Grant COVID 19 Emergency Fund, the Facilities Rehabilitation Fund, and the Grants Administration Fund, had an increase in fund balance of \$55,609, or 4.0%. The majority of the revenues and expenditure are related to the Affordable Housing Fund, which includes ad valorem taxes equal to 1.5 cents of the tax rate. Expenses in the Affordable Housing Fund are related to increasing the stock of affordable, safe and decent housing within the Town and providing housing assistance to the eligible citizens of Carrboro. The Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan was initially funded by a federal grant to provide loans to small businesses for energy improvements. This fund was relatively inactive during FY 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of the Town reported a combined fund balance of \$35,355,402. The reported combined fund balance of the governmental funds includes a fund balance within the Revolving Loan Fund of \$261,733, the Bond Fund of (\$144,572), the American Rescue Plan Act Fund of \$154,691, and within the Capital Projects Fund of \$14,076,600. These fund balances are either restricted or committed for capital project purposes, net of any negative unassigned amounts.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the General Fund budget on several occasions. Generally, these amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; or (3) increase appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The General Fund budgeted expenditures were increased by \$629,216 (2.3%) from an original appropriation of \$27,336,322 to a final appropriation of \$27,965,538.

The comparison of revenue and expenditure financial activity with budgeted estimates suggests that the Town budgeted adequately for ongoing operations. Total revenue receipts were \$29,077,046, compared to budget of \$26,103,153.

Revenues from taxes (i.e., property, local option sales, and other) represent 85.0% of the total revenues. Property, sales and other tax revenues were above budget projections (\$2,306,227 or 10.3%).

Revenue from permits and fees represent 3.9% of total revenues but were under budget projections by \$41,201 or 3.5%. Total revenue for permits and fees this year remained steady at \$1.1 million.

Revenues from sales and services, and investment earnings were above budget projections by \$512,255 or 206.6%. This was primarily due to revenues exceeding projections of interest earnings due to strong performance of the Town's investment in the NCCMT Government portfolio.

The unrestricted intergovernmental revenue receipts were above budget projections by \$183,669 or 13.4% for electric franchise, piped natural gas, video sales programming, telecommunication, and wine and beer licenses or taxes. These revenues totaled \$1,534,669 compared to \$1,390,515 in FY 2022.

Expenditures, as required by budget ordinance, should not exceed appropriated levels. Total expenditures were \$25,178,668, which was \$2,786,870 less than the final budget of \$27,965,538. All spending by function was in compliance with budgetary requirements, with the exception of the transportation function, which had a budgetary violation due to unforeseen increase in contractual related expenses.

With the exception of the Transportation function, all expenditures were less than final budget at June 30, 2023, and were 9.6% more than the prior year. Expenditures for general government were 19.9% higher than the prior year, increasing from \$5,676,473 in FY 2022 to \$6,807,439 in FY 2023. Actual expenditures for public safety increased by 4.5% from \$7,215,569 in FY 2022 to \$7,540,883 in FY 2023. Actual expenditures for planning increased by 6.5% from \$1,407,752 in FY 2022 to \$1,499,093 in FY 2023. Transportation expenditures increased 13.1% from \$1,900,088 in FY 2022 to \$2,148,148 in FY 2023. Public works expenditures increased by 2.9% from \$4,279,230 in FY 2022 to \$4,402,125 in FY 2023. Recreation and parks expenditures increased by 3.4% from \$1,601,060 in FY 2022 to \$1,655,914 in FY 2023. Debt service expenditures increased by 26.7% from \$888,248 in FY 2022 to \$1,125,066 in FY 2023.

Capital asset and debt administration

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental-type activities as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$50,145,237 (net of accumulated depreciation) and the Town's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$657,418 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. Major capital asset transactions during the year include the replacement of vehicles related to Fire, Public Works, Rec & Park. As well as the continued investment in the 203 Project and various greenways.

Town of Carrboro's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land Construction in	\$ 14,747,956	\$ 14,747,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,747,956	\$ 14,747,956	
progress	12,531,887	3,342,600	<u> </u>	27,071	12,531,887	3,369,671	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,279,843	18,090,556		27,071	27,279,843	18,117,627	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and systems	7,164,635	7,527,976	99,665	103,499	7,264,300	7,631,475	
Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery and	604,936 11,514,680	643,018 11,758,424	477,953	393,462	604,936 11,992,633	643,018 12,151,886	
equipment Vehicles Right-to-use lease assets	1,356,494 2,116,095 108,554	1,431,789 1,877,459 <u>36,043</u>	42,360 37,440 	64,047	1,398,854 2,153,535 108,554	1,495,836 1,877,459 36,043	
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,865,394	23,274,709	657,418	561,008	23,522,812	23,835,717	
Total capital assets	\$ 50,145,237	<u>\$ 41,365,265</u>	\$ 657,418	<u>\$ 588,079</u>	\$ 50,802,65 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 41,953,344</u>	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on pages 43 through 45 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town of Carrboro had the following long-term liabilities:

Town of Carrboro's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Government obligation bond Premium on bonds Direct borrowing	\$ 2,100,000 41,362	\$ 2,350,000 46,230	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 2,100,000 41,362	\$ 2,350,000 46,230
installment purchases Lease liabilities Compensated absences OPEB liability	14,253,810 112,404 837,813 16,286,837	14,732,354 39,725 763,209 19.624,734	- 18,318 246.770	59,746 14,272 297.344	14,253,810 112,404 856,131 16.533.607	14,732,354 99,471 777,481 19,922,078
LGERS net pension liability Law enforcement officers'	6,516,261	1,798,168	128,777	34,939	6,645,038	1,833,107
total pension liability Total	2,005,092 \$ 42,153,579	2,136,506 \$ 41,490,926	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,005,092 \$ 42,547,444	2,136,506 \$ 41,897,227

Total long-term liabilities for the Town increased by \$650,217 (1.6%) during fiscal year 2023 primarily due an increase the LGERS net pension liability, offset by a decrease in the OPEB liability. The Town had debt retirement for this fiscal year with the principal repayment of \$478,544.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the Town currently holds an AAA bond rating from Standard and Poor's and maintains Aa1 bond rating from Moody's Investor Service. These bond ratings are a clear indication of the Town's sound financial condition.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town is \$212,462,563. The Town has no general obligation bonds authorized but unissued at June 30, 2023.

Additional information regarding the Town's long-term debt can be found beginning on page 44 of this report.

Economic factors and next year's budget and rates

The following key economic indicators will impact the Town.

- The property tax base is stable. The Town expects that the property tax collection rate will return to a 98 to 99% rate.
- The Town's local sales tax growth is expected to continue in the coming fiscal year.
- Should the North Carolina General Assembly propose additional revenue options for local governments, we will closely monitor any potential adverse impact on the Town.

Budget highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024

Governmental activities. The Town has approved a General Fund budget in the amount of \$29,330,449 for fiscal year 2024, which is a 6% increase over the original adopted fiscal year 2023 budget. The primary goals in preparing the fiscal year 2024 budget will be:

- Implement the Town Council's strategic priorities
- Retention of valued Town staff
- · Development of a balanced budget
- Manage costs while improving services to the residents
- Conceptualize a long-term financial sustainability plan for the Town

The two largest sources of revenues for the Town are property taxes and sales taxes. Property taxes are projected to increase 3.0%; while sales taxes are projected to increase 12.9% due to continued increase in economic growth within the local economy. The tax rate for real property equals \$60.44 cents per one hundred dollars (with 1.5 cents dedicated for affordable housing.

The Town continues to scrutinize its operating expenses and seek more effective and productive methods for service delivery. While the overall total of operating expenses in fiscal year 2024 are expected to increase, the Town will continue to implement several initiatives that began in previous fiscal years.

The Town continues to scrutinize its operating expenses and seek more effective and productive methods for service delivery. While the overall total of operating expenses in fiscal year 2024 are expected to increase, the Town will continue to implement several initiatives that began in previous fiscal years. These include implementation of a parking plan, solid waste study, gold level bicycle designation, racial equity, and completion of the 203 Project.

The Town has expressed the desire to create a 5-year financial plan to better understand the fiscal impacts of undertaking Town building improvements. The Town has contracted with a financial advisor to create a tool that will assist in modeling different costs.

Business-type activities. In 2019, the Town established a user fee structure for the storm water utility enterprise fund operations to address regulatory compliance and increased flooding issues in the Town. This user fee rate was remained the same for fiscal year 2024. Staff plans to complete a comprehensive stormwater infrastructure assessment during fiscal year 2024.

Requests for information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Interim Finance Director, 301 West Main Street, Carrboro North Carolina 27510. Other related financial documents may be reviewed online at the Town's website at: http://www.townofcarrboro.org.

Basic Financial Statements

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		Primary Government						ponent Unit	
ASSETS		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		T . (.)		Carrboro Tourism Development	
Current assets:	A	ctivities		Activities		Total	A	uthority	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,626,834	\$	2,030,177	\$	22,657,011	\$	325,327	
Receivables:	•	20,020,00.	Ψ	2,000,	Ψ.	22,001,011	Ψ	020,02.	
Taxes receivable, net		141,336		-		141,336		-	
Accrued interest receivable		32,456		-		32,456		-	
Accounts receivable, net		99,663		65,844		165,507		-	
Due from primary government		-		-		-		60,266	
Due from other governments		5,512,137		-		5,512,137		-	
Lease receivable		246,334		-		246,334		-	
Inventories		11,098		-		11,098		-	
Prepaids		769,803		-		769,803		-	
Restricted cash		17,943,687				17,943,687		-	
Total current assets		45,383,348		2,096,021		47,479,369		385,593	
Non-current assets:									
Notes receivable, net		138,784		-		138,784		-	
Lease receivable, noncurrent		529,852		-		529,852		-	
Capital assets:									
Lease assets, net of amortization		108,554		-		108,554		-	
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and									
construction in progress		27,279,843		-		27,279,843		-	
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		22,756,840		657,418		23,414,258		-	
Total noncurrent assets		50,813,873		657,418		51,471,291		-	
Total assets		96,197,221		2,753,439		98,950,660		385,593	
I Oldi dasels		90, 197,221		2,733,439		90,930,000		303,393	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension deferrals		4,883,258		85,158		4,968,416		-	
OPEB deferrals		3,119,382		42,659		3,162,041		-	
Total deferred outflows		8,002,640		127,817		8,130,457		_	
				,-					
LIABILITIES Output High Hills and									
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,028,675		48,663		3,077,338		95,887	
Payable from restricted assets, customer deposits and		3,020,073		40,003		3,077,330		93,007	
performance bonds		42,070		_		42,070		_	
Revenues received in advance		12,510,771		_		12,510,771		_	
Accrued interest payable		154,738		-		154,738		_	
Due to component unit		60,266		-		60,266		-	
Current portion of total pension liability - LEO		126,608		-		126,608		-	
Current portion of total OPEB liability		303,862		-		303,862		-	
Current portion of long-term liabilities		2,059,194		10,621		2,069,815		-	
Total current liabilities		18,286,184		59,284		18,345,468		95,887	
Long-term liabilities:									
<u> </u>		6,516,261		100 777		6 645 020			
Net pension liability - LGERS		, ,		128,777		6,645,038		-	
Total pension liability - LEO, net of current		1,878,484		-		1,878,484		-	
Total OPEB liability, net of current		15,982,975		246,770		16,229,745		-	
Due in more than one year		15,286,195		7,697		15,293,892		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		39,663,915		383,244		40,047,159			
Total liabilities		57,950,099		442,528		58,392,627		95,887	
DEFENDED INC. ON OF DECOUDOES									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		045.047		500		040.000			
Pension deferrals		315,647		589		316,236		-	
OPEB deferrals		8,130,882		123,195		8,254,077		-	
Deferred lease revenue		738,636				738,636		-	
Total deferred inflows		9,185,165		123,784		9,308,949		-	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		44,431,872		657,418		45,089,290		_	
Restricted for:		, ,		557,115		.0,000,200			
Stabilization by State Statute		3,311,758		-		3,311,758		-	
Streets		602,923		-		602,923		-	
Unrestricted		(11,281,956)		1,657,526		(9,624,430)		289,706	
Total not position	Φ.		Φ.	2 244 044	Φ.	20 270 544	•	200 700	
Total net position	<u>*</u>	37,064,597	<u>\$</u>	2,314,944	<u> </u>	39,379,541	\$	289,706	

Program	Revenues

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges r Services	Gı	perating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions
Primary government: Governmental activities:								
	\$	6,405,007	\$	E20 692	\$	157 151	\$	20.625
General government Public safety	Ф	8,469,830	Ф	529,682 735,020	Ф	157,454 8,093	Ф	20,625
Planning		0,409,630 1.612.729		,		0,093		-
•		2,148,148		33,002		549,266		100,326
Transportation Public works		5,427,544		63,446		29,399		8,000
Parks and recreation		5,427,544 1,966,773		176,263		29,399 35,903		8,000
		, ,				•		-
Economic and physical development Interest on long-term debt		618,648 468,434		182,606 -		49,555 -		-
Total governmental activities		27,117,113		1,720,019		829,670		128,951
Business-type activities:								
Stormwater		598,232		1,002,080		_		_
Parking		155,610		-				
Total business-type activities		753,842		1,002,080				
Total primary government	\$	27,870,955	\$	2,722,099	\$	829,670	\$	128,951
Commonant units								
Component unit:	æ	140 614	ф		Ф		Φ	
Tourism Development Authority	_\$_	143,611	_\$		\$		\$	
Total component unit	\$	143,611	\$		\$	-	\$	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Local option sales taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on disposal

Lease revenue

Miscellaneous

Payments from Town of Carrboro

Total general revenues not including transfers

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Net Revenue	(Expense) an	d Changes ir	net Position
			Cc

	Component Unit		
Governmental Activities	Primary Governmen Business-Type Activities	Total	Carrboro Tourism Development Authority
\$ (5,697,246 (7,726,717 (1,579,727 (1,498,556 (5,326,699 (1,754,607 (386,487 (468,434	-) -) -) -) -) -) -) -) -)	\$ (5,697,246) (7,726,717) (1,579,727) (1,498,556) (5,326,699) (1,754,607) (386,487) (468,434) (24,438,473)	\$ - - - - - - -
	403,848 (155,610) 248,238	403,848 (155,610) 248,238 (24,190,235)	- - - -
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(143,611) (143,611)
16,104,146 7,076,695 1,864,150 1,534,669 1,029,784 41,728 141,661	45,000 46,009	16,104,146 7,076,695 1,864,150 1,579,669 1,075,793 41,728 141,661 120	- - - - - - 205,594
27,792,833		27,883,962	205,594
27,660,448	223,514	27,883,962	205,594
3,221,975	471,752	3,693,727	61,983
33,842,622	1,843,192	35,685,814	227,723
\$ 37,064,597	\$ 2,314,944	\$ 39,379,541	\$ 289,706

	Major Funds				
	General Fund	Revolving Loan Fund		Bond Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,702,144	\$	261,733	\$	
Taxes receivable, net	141,336	φ	201,733	φ	_
Accounts receivable, net	99,663		_		_
Due from other governments	2,737,880		-		141,178
Due from other funds	192,373		-		-
Lease receivable	776,186		-		-
Notes receivable, net	<u>-</u>		29,659		-
Inventories	11,098		-		-
Prepaids Prepaids	769,803		-		-
Restricted cash	644,993				
Total assets	\$ 22,075,476	\$	291,392	\$	141,178
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,475,546	\$	-	\$	-
Payable from restricted assets, customer deposits and performance bonds	42,070				
Revenues received in advance	70,697		_		_
Due to other funds	-		_ _		192,373
Due to component unit	60,266		-		-
Total liabilities	1,648,579		-		192,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	880,465		29,659		93,377
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	11,098		-		-
Prepaids Leases	769,803		-		-
Restricted:	37,550		-		-
Stabilization by state statute	3,311,758		_		_
Powell Bill (streets)	602,923		_		_
Capital projects	, -		-		_
Committed:					
Economic development	-		261,733		-
Capital projects	-		-		-
Affordable housing	-		-		-
Energy efficiency	-		-		-
Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures	2 494 450				
Capital projects	2,484,459		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Unassigned	12,328,841		<u> </u>		(144,572 <u>)</u>
Total fund balances	19,546,432		261,733		(144,572)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$ 22,075,476	\$	291,392	\$	141,178

	Major Funds			
ACCETC	American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 2,007,679	\$ 1,655,278	\$ 20,626,834
Taxes receivable, net	Ψ - -	Ψ 2,001,019	Ψ 1,000,270	141,336
Accounts receivable, net	_	-	_	99,663
Due from other governments	_	2,631,079	2,000	5,512,137
Due from other funds	-	-	, -	192,373
Lease receivable	-	-	-	776,186
Notes receivable, net	-	-	109,125	138,784
Inventories	-	-	-	11,098
Prepaids	-	-	-	769,803
Restricted cash	6,504,483	10,794,211		17,943,687
Total assets	\$ 6,504,483	\$ 15,432,969	\$ 1,766,403	\$ 46,211,901
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Payable from restricted assets systematic	\$ -	\$ 1,356,369	\$ 196,760	\$ 3,028,675
Payable from restricted assets, customer deposits and performance bonds				42,070
Revenues received in advance	6,349,792	-	-	6,420,489
Due to other funds	0,043,732		<u>-</u>	192,373
Due to component unit	-	-	-	60,266
Total liabilities	6,349,792	1,356,369	196,760	9,743,873
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			109,125	1,112,626
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable: Inventories				11,098
Prepaids	-	-	-	769,803
Leases	_	- -	<u>-</u>	37,550
Restricted:				07,000
Stabilization by state statute	_	-	_	3,311,758
Powell Bill (streets)	_	-	-	602,923
Capital projects	-	10,794,211	-	10,794,211
Committed:	454.004		000 000	740 700
Economic development	154,691	2 202 202	300,296	716,720
Capital projects	-	3,282,389	494,417	3,776,806
Affordable housing Energy efficiency	-	-	513,833 454,072	513,833
Assigned:	-	-	151,972	151,972
Subsequent year's expenditures	_	_	_	2,484,459
Capital projects	-	-	<u>-</u>	2,404,400
Unassigned	_	_		12,184,269
Total fund balances	154,691	14,076,600	1,460,518	35,355,402
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 6,504,483	\$ 15,432,969	\$ 1,766,403	\$ 46,211,901

	Total Governmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 35,355,402
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	50,145,237
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	32,456
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the fund statements.	4,883,258
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the fund statements.	3,119,382
Liabilities for earned revenues are considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	373,990
Some liabilities, including long-term obligations, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(23,435,671)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the fund statements.	(315,647)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the fund statements.	(8,130,882)
Net pension liability - LGERS Total pension liability - LEO Total OPEB liability	(6,516,261) (2,005,092) (16,286,837)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(154,738)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 37,064,597

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Major Funds	
	General Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Bond Fund
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 15,777,404	\$ -	\$ -
Local option sales taxes	7,076,695	-	-
Other taxes and licenses	1,864,150	-	-
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,534,669	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental	707,699	-	237,236
Permits and fees	1,126,296	-	-
Sales and services	326,441	-	-
Investment earnings	433,714	7,255	3,464
Other	229,978	14,827	
Total revenues	29,077,046	22,082	240,700
Expenditures:			
General government	6,433,673	-	-
Public safety	7,531,598	-	-
Planning	1,499,093	-	-
Transportation	2,148,148	-	-
Public works	4,126,208	-	-
Economic and physical development	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	1,655,914	-	-
Capital outlay	658,968	-	154,664
Debt service:			
Principal	750,929	-	-
Interest and other charges	374,137		
Total expenditures	25,178,668		154,664
Excess of revenues over			
(under) expenditures	3,898,378	22,082	86,036
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers to other funds	(90,000)	-	-
Sale of capital assets	41,728	-	-
Lease liabilities issues	95,064		
Total other financing sources			
(uses)	46,792		
Net change in fund balances	3,945,170	22,082	86,036
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	15,601,262	239,651	(230,608)
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 19,546,432	\$ 261,733	\$ (144,572)

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds			
	American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 397,738	\$ 16,175,142
Local option sales taxes	-	-	-	7,076,695
Other taxes and licenses	-	-	-	1,864,150
Unrestricted intergovernmental	-	-	-	1,534,669
Restricted intergovernmental	96,885	4,951,066	20,625	6,013,511
Permits and fees	-	-	-	1,126,296
Sales and services	-	-	-	326,441
Investment earnings	149,428	398,932	36,991	1,029,784
Other		17,201	251,521	513,527
Total revenues	246,313	5,367,199	706,875	35,660,215
Expenditures:				
General government	47,325	13,787	-	6,494,785
Public safety	-	-	-	7,531,598
Planning	-	-	-	1,499,093
Transportation	-	-	-	2,148,148
Public works	-	-	-	4,126,208
Economic and physical development	49,560	-	569,088	618,648
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	1,655,914
Capital outlay	-	10,253,847	82,178	11,149,657
Debt service:	-			
Principal	-	-	-	750,929
Interest and other charges			- _	374,137
Total expenditures	96,885	10,267,634	651,266	36,349,117
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	149,428	(4,900,435)	55,609	(688,902)
Other for a single second (
Other financing sources (uses):				(00,000)
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	(90,000)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	41,728
Lease liabilities issues	-	<u>-</u>	-	95,064
Total other financing sources (uses)			- _	46,792
Net change in fund balances	149,428	(4,900,435)	55,609	(642,110)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	5,263	18,977,035	1,404,909	35,997,512
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 154,691	\$ 14,076,600	\$ 1,460,518	\$ 35,355,402

Exhibit 4 (4 pages)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities:		
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (642,110)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
	1,135,113 2,290,203) (22,553)	8,822,357
Cost of capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on modified accrual basis. Proceeds on disposal of fixed assets under modified accrual basis Gain on sale of fixed assets recognized under full accrual basis	(41,728) 41,728	-
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.		1,214,232
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities.		126,608
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the OPEB are not included on the Statement of Activities.		303,862
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in accrued interest receivable, property taxes Change in deferred revenues, property taxes Change in deferred revenues Change in total OPEB liability due to implicit rate subsidy	(16,335) (54,661) (208,408) 85,200	(194,204)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financal resources to governmental finds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Issuance of lease liabilities	(95,064)	
Principal payments on long-term debt Change in accrued interest payable	750,929 (99,165)	556,700

The receipt of contributions towards deposits on joint construction project provides current financial resources to the funds. This transaction does not have an effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of such contributions received. Receipt of joint capital project deposit from Orange County		\$ (4,951,066)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Amortization of bond premiums Pension expense OPEB benefit Change in compensated absences	\$ (4,868) (2,147,223) 212,291 (74,604)	(2,014,404)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,221,975

				Variance with Final Budget
		l Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 15,340,000	\$ 15,340,000	\$ 15,777,404	\$ 437,404
Local option sales taxes	5,419,200	5,419,200	7,076,695	1,657,495
Other taxes and licenses	1,652,822	1,652,822	1,864,150	211,328
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,351,000	1,351,000	1,534,669	183,669
Restricted intergovernmental	164,298	644,298	707,699	63,401
Permits and fees	1,309,813	1,167,497	1,126,296	(41,201)
Sales and services	184,700	232,700	326,441	93,741
Investment earnings	15,000	15,200	433,714	418,514
Other revenues	186,120	280,436	229,978	(50,458)
Total revenues	25,622,953	26,103,153	29,077,046	2,973,893
Expenditures Current:				
General government	7,017,775	7,017,775	6,807,439	210,336
Public safety	7,744,873	7,744,873	7,540,883	203,990
Planning	1,646,398	1,646,398	1,499,093	147,305
Transportation	2,108,180	2,108,180	2,148,148	(39,968)
Public works	4,056,942	4,686,158	4,402,125	284,033
Parks and recreation	1,979,183	1,979,183	1,655,914	323,269
Non-Departmental	1,414,754	1,414,754	, , -	1,414,754
Debt service	1,368,217	1,368,217	1,125,066	243,151
Total expenditures	27,336,322	27,965,538	25,178,668	2,786,870
Revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,713,369)	(1,862,385)	3,898,378	5,760,763
experialitares	(1,713,309)	(1,002,303)	3,090,370	3,700,703
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to other funds	(331,353)	(331,353)	(90,000)	241,353
Sale of capital assets	60,000	60,000	41,728	(18,272)
Lease liabilities issued			95,064	95,064
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(271,353)	(271,353)	46,792	318,145
Excess of revenues and other financing sources				
over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(1,984,722)	(2,133,738)	3,945,170	6,078,908
Fund balance appropriated	1,984,722	2,133,738		(2,133,738)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	3,945,170	\$ 3,945,170
Fund balance, beginning of year			15,601,262	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 19,546,432	

	Major Enterprise Funds Stormwater Utility Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Fund Parking Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 2,030,177 65,844	\$ - 	\$ 2,030,177 65,844
Total current assets	2,096,021		2,096,021
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Other capital assets, net of depreciation	657,418		657,418
Total capital assets	657,418	<u>-</u>	657,418
Total noncurrent assets	657,418	-	657,418
Total assets	2,753,439	-	2,753,439
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals OPEB deferrals	85,158 42,659	-	85,158 42,659
Total deferred outflows of resources	127,817		127,817
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Current portion of long-term liabilities	41,381 10,621	7,282 	48,663 10,621
Total current liabilities	52,002	7,282	59,284
Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability - LGERS Total OPEB liability Due in more than one year	128,777 246,770 7,697	- - -	128,777 246,770 7,697
Total long-term liabilities	383,244		383,244
Total liabilities	435,246	7,282	442,528
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals OPEB deferrals	589 123,195		589 123,195
Total deferred inflows of resources	123,784		123,784
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	657,418 1,664,808	- (7,282)	657,418 1,657,526
Total net position	\$ 2,322,226	\$ (7,282)	\$ 2,314,944

	Major Enterprise Funds Stormwater Utility Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Fund Parking Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,002,080	\$ -	\$ 1,002,080	
Total operating revenues	1,002,080	- _	1,002,080	
Operating expenses				
Personnel services	327,465	-	327,465	
Depreciation and amortization	60,250	-	60,250	
Other current charges	210,517	155,610	366,127	
Total operating expenses	598,232	155,610	753,842	
Operating income (loss)	403,848	(155,610)	248,238	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings	45,869	140	46,009	
Intergovernmental revenue	-	45,000	45,000	
Interest and other charges	120		120	
Total nonoperating revenues	45,989	45,140	91,129	
Income (loss) before transfers	449,837	(110,470)	339,367	
Transfers				
Transfers from capital projects fund	42,385	_	42,385	
Transfers from general fund	<u> </u>	90,000	90,000	
Change in net position	492,222	(20,470)	471,752	
Total net position, beginning	1,830,004	13,188	1,843,192	
Total net position, ending	\$ 2,322,226	\$ (7,282)	\$ 2,314,944	

	Major Enterprise Funds		Non	major Fund		
	Storr	Stormwater Utility		Parking	Tota	al Enterprise
	Ente	erprise Fund	Ente	rprise Fund		Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services	\$	995,145 (186,291)	\$	- (148,369)	\$	995,145 (334,660)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(315,846)		-		(315,846)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		493,008		(148,369)		344,639
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating subsidies from other funds Contributions from discretely presented component unit		-		90,000 45,000		90,000 45,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				135,000		135,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(87,204)		_		(87,204)
·		(01,204)				(01,204)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(87,204)				(87,204)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment earnings		45,989		140		46,129
Net cash provided by investing activities		45,989		140		46,129
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		451,793		(13,229)		438,564
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		1,578,384		13,229		1,591,613
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	2,030,177	\$		\$	2,030,177
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$	403,848	\$	(155,610)	\$	248,238
cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, and		60,250		-		60,250
liabilities: Increase in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase in accrued vacation pay Increase in deferred outflows of resources for pensions Decrease in deferred inflows of resources for pensions Increase in deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		(6,935) 26,429 4,046 (29,714) (49,755) 9,559		- 7,241 - - -		(6,935) 33,670 4,046 (29,714) (49,755) 9,559
Increase in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB Increase in net pension liability Decrease in total OPEB liability		32,016 93,838 (50,574)		- - -		32,016 93,838 (50,574)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	493,008	\$	(148,369)	\$	344,639
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Stormwater Utility Enterprise Fund received a vehicle transferred from the Capital Projects Fund	¢	42,385	\$	_	\$	42,385
Capital i Tojecto i unu		72,303	Ψ		Ψ	42,303

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Carrboro (the "Town") and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting entity

The Town, a political subdivision of Orange County, is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member Town Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Carrboro Tourism Development Authority

Effective March 1, 2013, a 3% hotel and motel room occupancy tax was established by the Council. As part of establishing this tax, the Town formed the Carrboro Tourism Development Authority ("CTDA") which is a public authority under the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The members of the CTDA are appointed by the Town's Town Council. The CTDA receives revenue through the occupancy tax, which is levied and collected by the Town and remitted to the CTDA net of administration fees on a quarterly basis. The CTDA shall use at least two-thirds of the funds remitted to promote travel and tourism in the Town, and shall use the remainder for tourism-related expenditures. The CTDA, which has a June 30 year end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Requests for complete financial statements for the CTDA may be directed to the Finance Officer, c/o Carrboro Tourism Development Authority, 301 West Main Street, Carrboro, North Carolina 27510.

B. Basis of presentation

Government-wide statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and proprietary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state and federal grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets and maintenance, sanitation, and general government services.

Revolving Loan Fund. The Revolving Loan Fund is used to account for loans made to various local businesses. The primary revenue source consists of principal and interest repayments made on these loans. The Town has elected to report this fund as major.

Bond Fund. The Bond Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of greenways and sidewalks. The Town has elected to report this fund as major.

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund. The ARPA Special Revenue Fund is used to account for amounts received from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recover Funds related to the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. The use of income from the fund is restricted to supporting economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Additionally, the Town has legally adopted a Capital Reserve Fund and Payment in Lieu Reserve Fund. The Capital Reserve Fund and Payment in Lieu Reserve Fund are consolidated in the Capital Projects Fund. The budgetary comparisons for the Capital Reserve Fund has been included in the supplemental information. The Capital Reserve Fund accounts for resources to be used for future major capital purchases or projects. The Payment in Lieu Reserve Fund accounts for payments received from developers in lieu of providing on-site recreational areas and open spaces. The funds are held in reserve for use in one of four geographically defined quadrants of the Town (where the residential development is located) for use in acquisition and development of recreational facilities present or future.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Affordable Housing Fund. The Affordable Housing Fund was established to advance the Town of Carrboro's goal of increasing the stock of affordable, safe and decent housing within the Town and its planning jurisdiction.

Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund. The Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund was established to advance the Town of Carrboro's goal of increasing energy efficiency in buildings within the Town in cooperation with the Southeast Energy Efficiency Alliance.

Small Business and Non-Profit Loan/Grant COVID 19 Emergency Fund. The Small Business and Non-Profit Loan/Grant COVID 19 Emergency Fund is used to account for loans made to various local businesses as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The loans were provided for personnel and other recurring expenses for such businesses during the State/Town declared COVID 19 emergency. The primary revenue sources consists of a transfer from the Revolving Loan Fund, a contribution from the Carrboro Tourism Development Authority, and funding received under the CARES Act.

Facilities Rehabilitation Capital Projects Fund. The Facilities Rehabilitation Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the rehabilitation and improvement of various Town facilities.

Grants Administration Fund. The Grants Administration Fund was established to account for grant funds that are restricted for a particular project.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Storm Water Utility Enterprise Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the Town's stormwater management department.

The Town reports the following non-major enterprise fund:

Parking Enterprise Fund. This fund is used to account for all parking related expenses for the growing needs of parking facilities in the Town. The Town Council has requested a parking study to consider the implementation of parking fees for various parking facilities. The Parking Enterprise Fund will be funded with a transfer from the General Fund, until such time that the Fund can generate its own revenue source.

C. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's storm water utility enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The principal operating revenues of the Town's parking enterprise fund will be charges to customers for sales and services, following commencement of such fees in future years. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under direct borrowing installment purchase agreements are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for the billing and collecting of the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements, and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Carrboro because the tax is levied by Orange County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Grant revenues which are unearned at year end are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Storm Water Utility Enterprise Fund, and Parking Utility Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Revolving Loan Fund, the Small Business and Non-Profit Loan/Grant COVID 19 Emergency Fund, the Bond Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Facilities Rehabilitation Capital Projects Fund, the Grants Administration Fund, the Affordable Housing Fund, the American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund, and the Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. The Finance Officer is authorized to approve intradepartmental transfer requests between appropriation units and between departmental programs within the limits of the approved departmental budget. In the Capital Projects Fund, the Town Manager is allowed to transfer funds under \$10,000 between line items as long as transfers are within the overall project budget. All amendments must be approved by the Town Council and the Council must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and fund equity

Deposits and investments

All deposits of the Town and the CTDA are made in Council-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G. S. 159-31]. The Town and the CTDA may designate as an official depository any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the CTDA may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G. S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the CTDA to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town's and the CTDA's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than six months.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment, and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits, and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted assets

Credit deposits in the amount of \$42,070 are considered a liability and classified as restricted cash. The Town requires builders/contractors to pay a credit deposit when, due to circumstances beyond their control, there is uncompleted work on a construction project and the builder/contractor needs to have the Planning Department issue a Certificate of Occupancy for the property. Once the Town has ensured that the work has been satisfactorily completed, the credit deposit funds are released. Powell Bill funds in the amount of \$602,293 are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G. S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Unexpended debt proceeds in the amount of \$10,794,211 are classified as restricted cash, as they may only be spent for the purposes of the related debt issuance. Unexpended ARPA grant proceeds in the amount of \$6,504,483 is classified as restricted cash, as it must be spent for the purposes of the related grant agreement.

Ad valorem taxes receivable

In accordance with state law [G. S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for doubtful accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables written off in prior years.

Inventory and prepaid items

The inventory of the Town is valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded initially in inventory accounts and charged as expenditures when used rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded using the consumption method as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, and expensed as the items are used.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than a certain amount and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Minimum capitalization costs are as follows:

	 Cost
Land	\$ 1
Buildings and improvements	20,000
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5,000
Infrastructure	100,000

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives:

	<u> Useful Life</u>
Land improvements and infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Furniture, fixtures, equipment, heavy equipment, and vehicles	5 to 10 years
Computer equipment and software	3 years

Lease assets

The Town has recorded lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liabilities plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the leases into service. The lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the life of the asset or the lease term.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2023 fiscal year and OPEB deferrals for the 2023 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category: property taxes receivable and notes receivable which are net of allowance, as well as pension and OPEB-related deferrals, and deferred lease revenue.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not held from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of annual vacation leave without any applicable maximum until December 31 of each calendar year. However, if an employee separates from service, payment for accumulated annual vacation leaves shall not exceed 240 hours (14 duty days for shift fire personnel). On December 31 of each calendar year, any employee with more than 240 hours (14 duty days for shift fire personnel) of accumulated leave shall have the excess accumulation converted to sick leave so that only 240 hours (14 duty days for shift fire personnel) are carried forward to January 1 of the next calendar year. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net position/fund balances

Net position. Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund balances. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable fund balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaids - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid assets, which are not spendable resources.

Leases – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted fund balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for stabilization by state statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents that balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Other restrictions - portion of fund balances that are restricted by the restrictive nature of special revenue and capital project funds. These restrictions are classified by the functional nature of each fund (i.e., public safety, transportation, etc.).

Committed fund balance - This classification includes the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing body - the Town Council (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Economic development - portion of fund balance committed by the Council for economic development through the use of loans to various businesses.

Capital projects - portion of fund balance committed by the Council for completion of capital projects.

Affordable housing - portion of fund balance committed by the Council for providing safe and decent housing within the Town.

Energy efficiency - portion of fund balance committed by the Council for the goal of increasing energy efficiency in buildings within the Town.

Assigned fund balance - This classification includes the portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned fund balance - This classification includes the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The general fund is the only fund that may report a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The Town has a revenue-spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, finally, unassigned fund balance. The Town has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Council has adopted a policy of maintaining an unassigned fund balance within a range of 22.5% to 35% of budgeted appropriations. This policy also provides for the transfer of funds to Capital Projects when the unassigned fund balance exceeds 35%.

Defined benefit cost-sharing plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

At June 30, 2023, the Town had a deficit in fund balance in the Bond Fund in the amount of \$144,572, and a deficit in net position in the Parking Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$7,282. The deficit in the Bond Fund is largely due to timing, as grant revenues in the amount of \$93,377 were not considered to be available as of June 30, 2023, and therefore are presented as deferred revenues. The deficit in net position in the Parking Enterprise Fund is due to insufficient funding by the General Fund for parking operations. The FY 2024 budget includes a transfer of \$412,000 to the Parking Enterprise Fund from the General Fund for paid parking and parking enforcement.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for transportation activities by \$39,968. This over-expenditure occurred because of unplanned contractual expenditures for transit services provided by the Town of Chapel Hill. Management and the Town Council will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

3. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial risks for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2023, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$11,897,432 and a bank balance of \$13,226,940. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the CTDA was \$325,327 and the bank balance of deposits was \$370,327. Of the CTDA's bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral under the pooling method. At June 30, 2023, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$150.

Investments

At June 30, 2023, the Town had \$28,703,116 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

Receivables

(a) Due from other governments

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

	Other	County	State	Total
General fund:				
Local option sales tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,892,954	\$ 1,892,954
Sales tax refunds	-	98,391	175,826	274,217
Utilities franchise, piped natural gas,				
telecommunications, and video sales			040.770	040.770
programming	-	-	313,779	313,779
Solid waste disposal tax	-	-	4,257	4,257
NCVTS tag and tax proceeds	-	-	157,021	157,021
Other	90,387	3,828	1,437	95,652
	90,387	102,219	2,545,274	2,737,880
Grant Administration fund:				
Grant reimbursements	-	-	2,000	2,000
Bond fund:				
Grant reimbursements	-	-	141,178	141,178
Capital Projects fund				
Balance due under inter-local agreement		2,631,079		2,631,079
Total	\$ 90,387	\$ 2,733,298	\$ 2,688,452	\$ 5,512,137

(b) Notes receivable

The Revolving Loan Fund was established for the purpose of making loans to numerous local businesses. As of June 30, 2023, two of the three Revolving Loan Fund notes receivable are fully reserved.

The following is a summary of notes receivable of the Revolving Loan Fund at June 30, 2023:

	Interest Rate	Balance		
Bryan's Guitar Carrboro Creative Co-working Tesoro LLC	3.00% 2.00% 3.00%	\$	50,613 15,161 29,659	
Less allowance			95,433 (65,774)	
Total		\$	29,659	

The Emergency Loan and Grant Fund was established for the purpose of making loans to numerous local businesses impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Ten percent of the amounts advanced to these businesses were considered grants, while the remaining 90% is to be repaid over a seven-year term, beginning on the first day of the month following a six-month grace period beginning on the dates of the individual loan agreements. The loans bear no interest.

The following is a summary of notes receivable of the Emergency Grant and Loan Fund at June 30, 2023:

	Balance	
Armadillo Grill Be Pure Carrboro Coffee Company Ceremony Salon Creative Electric of NC Dispute Settlement Center F&F Car Care Firefly Carrboro Grow Your World Lazarus Repair & Maintenance OE Enterprises, Inc. Open Eye Café Pilot Mission, LLC Twin House Music, LLC Wax Poetic	\$ 14,7 9,7 13,6 4,9 10,9 13,6 6,5 1,9 7,7 8,7 13,6 13,6	116 561 597 540 561 500 543 704 177 561 561 175
Less allowance	148,2 (39,8	
Total	\$ 108,3	<u> 393</u>

The Affordable Housing Fund was created to advance the Town's goal of increasing the stock of affordable, safe and decent housing within the Town and its planning jurisdiction. As of June 30, 2023, the Affordable Housing Fund notes receivable balance was \$732, net of allowances of \$442,247, for three notes receivable from separate nonprofit housing entities, which are forgivable in equal amounts over a 30-year period, as long as the entities remain in compliance with the requirements of the loan agreements.

Receivables - allowance for doubtful accounts

The Town provides, as an allowance for uncollectible accounts, a percentage of its receivables which it does not expect to collect based on historical collection rates.

The amounts presented in Exhibit 3, the governmental funds balance sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General fund:
Property taxes
\$\frac{\$32,513}{}\$

(c) Leases receivable

Under lease agreements, the Town has allowed three cellular providers to have equipment on the Town-owned cell towers and has allowed service provider equipment on the Town's site. The terms of these lease agreements expire fiscal year 2027 through fiscal year 2028. Payments increase annually at a rate of 3% for two of the leases, and remain constant through the lease term for one of the lease agreements. The lessees are responsible for keeping in full force and effect a comprehensive general liability insurance policy of at least \$2,000,000 from any one occurrence in respect to bodily injury (including death) and damage to property. The lessees agree that no part of the equipment, building or improvements constructed, erected or placed by the lessee on the tower or site shall be considered as being affixed or part of the tower or site, and will be removed by the lessees upon termination of the contractual agreements. In addition, the Town leases land to a communications provider for an equipment hut related to their fiber network. The term of the lease expires in fiscal year 2028. Rental payments under the lease remain constant throughout the lease term.

Future minimum lessee payments due to the Town under non-cancelable lease agreements, as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Principal	<u> </u>	Interest		Total	
2024	\$ 246,	334 \$	9,014	\$	255,348	
2025	150,	930	4,492		155,422	
2026	155,	491	3,247		158,738	
2027	160,	191	1,964		162,155	
2028	63,	240	638		63,878	
Thereafter		<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>	
	\$ 776,	<u>186</u> \$	19,355	\$	795,541	

The Town reported lease revenue of \$141,661 and interest revenue of \$5,171 during the year ended June 30, 2023. Deferred inflows of resources related to the leases receivable amounted to \$738,636 as of June 30, 2023.

Capital assets and lease assets

(a) Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated				
or amortized:				
Land	\$ 14,747,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,747,956
Construction-in-progress	3,342,600	10,408,509	(1,219,222)	12,531,887
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>18,090,556</u>	10,408,509	(1,219,222)	27,279,843
Capital assets being depreciated or				
Amortized:	40.040.0=0			40.000
Buildings and improvements	13,319,279	39,910	-	13,359,189
Land improvements	1,127,024	-	-	1,127,024
Infrastructure	17,552,480	358,787	-	17,911,267
Equipment and heavy equipment	7,795,853	565,265	(400.050)	8,361,118
Vehicles	7,368,074	844,415	(126,852)	8,085,637
Right-to-use lease assets	<u>51,014</u>	95,064		<u>146,078</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated				
or amortized	47,213,724	1,903,441	(126,852)	48,990,313
Less accumulated depreciation or				
amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	5,791,303	403,251	-	6,194,554
Land improvements	484,006	38,082	-	522,088
Infrastructure	5,794,056	602,531	-	6,396,587
Equipment and heavy equipment	6,364,064	640,560	-	7,004,624
Vehicles	5,490,615	605,779	(126,852)	5,969,542
Right-to-use lease assets	14,971	22,553	-	37,524
Total accumulated depreciation or				
amortization	23,939,015	<u>\$ 2,312,756</u>	<u>\$ (126,852)</u>	26,124,919
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	23,274,709			22,865,394
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$ 41,365,265</u>			<u>\$ 50,145,237</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public safety	\$ 185,238 744,605
Planning Public works	51,541 1,050,536
Parks and recreation	 280,836
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,312,756

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balances
Business-type activities: Storm Water fund:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction-in-progress	\$ 27,071	\$ 72,292	\$ (99,363)	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,071	72,292	(99,363)	
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	114,998	-	-	114,998
Infrastructure	404,415	99,364	-	503,779
Vehicles Equipment and heavy equipment	- 182,995	42,385 14,911	-	42,385 197,906
Equipment and neavy equipment	102,995	14,911	<u>-</u>	197,900
Total capital assets being depreciated	702,408	156,660	-	859,068
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	11,499	3,834	-	15,333
Infrastructure	10,953	14,873	-	25,826
Vehicles	-	4,945	-	4,945
Equipment and heavy equipment	118,948	36,598	-	<u>155,546</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	141,400	<u>\$ 60,250</u>	<u> </u>	201,650
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	561,008			657,418
Business-type capital assets, net	<u>\$ 588,079</u>			<u>\$ 657,418</u>

(b) Lease assets

The Town has recorded two lease assets. The assets are for the right to use copier machines and a commercial unit space. The related leases are discussed in the Lease Liabilities note. The lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the leases. Lease asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	ginning alances	In	creases	Decre	eases	Tran	sfers	Ending alances
Governmental activities: Lease assets: Copiers Commercial space	\$ 51,014 <u>-</u>	\$	- 95,064	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ 51,014 95,064
	 51,014		95,064		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	146,078

		ginning llances	<u> In</u>	creases	Dec	creases_	Trans	sfers_	Ending alances
Less accumulated amortization for: Copiers Commercial space	\$	14,971 -	\$	11,369 11,184	\$	- -	\$	-	\$ 26,340 11,184
·		14,971		22,553					37,524
Governmental activity Lease assets, net	<u>\$</u>	36,043							\$ 108,554
Business-type activities: Lease assets:									
Parking lots	\$	73,019				(73,019)			\$ -
		73,019		_		(73,019)			
Less accumulated amortization for:									
Parking lots		13,314				(13,314)		_	
		13,314		_		(13,314)		-	 <u>-</u>
Business-type activity Lease assets, net	\$	59,705							\$

(c) Construction commitments

The Town has active capital projects as of June 30, 2023. At year end, the government's commitments with contractors/vendors are as follows:

Project	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment		
Bond Fund:				
Morgan Creek Greenway	\$ 126,802	\$ 38,270		
Town-wide sidewalk repairs & ADA upgrades	102,601	530		
Jones Creek Greenway	178,496	4,591		
South Greensboro Street Sidewalk	167,095	247,303		
	574,994	290,694		
Capital Projects Fund:				
203 S. Greensboro Street	10,601,000	26,000,267		
Bus shelter replacement	-	117,500		
Town comprehensive plan	213,652	6,549		
Jones Ferry Road retaining wall	11,596	3,860		
Hank Anderson Park paving project	14,744	4,528		
East Main Street signal work	91,239	28,326		
•	10,932,231	26,161,030		
General Fund:				
Speed table updates	148,409	2,610		
Street resurfacing 2022	515,341	47,852		
· ·	663,750	50,462		
Grants Administration Fund:				
Engineering for watershed restoration	20,625	13,250		
Stormwater Enterprise Fund:				
Infrastructure improvements	98,396	17,988		
Total	<u>\$ 12,289,996</u>	<u>\$ 26,533,424</u>		

B. Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits	Total	
Governmental activities: General Other governmental	\$ 983,701 1,553,129	\$ 491,845 	\$ 1,475,546 1,553,129	
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,536,830</u>	<u>\$ 491,845</u>	\$ 3,028,675	
Business-type activities: Stormwater Parking operations	\$ 30,237 	\$ 11,144 	\$ 41,381 	
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 37,519</u>	<u>\$ 11,144</u>	<u>\$ 48,663</u>	

Pension plan obligations

(a) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) or participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Carrboro employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.14% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,237,798 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of contributions. Town employees who have terminated services as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$6,645,038 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.1178%, which was a decrease of 0.0017% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,894,522. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	286,329	\$	28,073	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		663,026		-	
plan investments		2,196,255		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		32.623		2.325	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,237,798		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	4,416,031	\$	30,398	

\$1,297,798 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	
2024	\$ 1,012,8
2025	842,1
2026	246,4
2027	1,046,3
2028	
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 3,147,8

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed-income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 (measurement date) are summarized in the following table:

	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	33.0%	0.9%
Global equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Credit	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2021 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (5.50%)	Rate <u>(6.50%)</u>	Increase (7.50%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	<u>\$ 11,993,438</u>	<u>\$ 6,645,038</u>	<u>\$ 2,237,646</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

(b) Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

(i) Plan description

The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2021, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	5
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	32
Total	37

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

(ii) Summary of significant accounting policies:

Basis of accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

(iii) Actuarial assumptions:

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2021 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 4.31 percent

The discount rate is based on the weekly average of the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index determined as of December 31, 2022, the measurement date.

Mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2019.

(iv) Change in actuarial assumptions:

On the prior measurement date (December 31, 2021), the Municipal Bond Index Rate, on which the discount rate is based, was 2.25%. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Municipal Bond Index Rate has increased to 4.31% as of the Measurement Date (December 31, 2022). This resulted in a \$310,098 decrease in the Total Pension Liability.

(v) Contributions:

The Town is required by Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$126,608 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

(vi) Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$2,005,092. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$259,992.

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	In	Deferred of the second
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense	\$	248,562 240,519	\$	- 285,838
made subsequent to the measurement date		63,304		
Total	\$	552,385	\$	285,838

\$63,304 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2024	\$ 122	,117
2025	98	,714
2026	22	,363
2027	(23	,979)
2028		,972)
Thereafter		<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 203	,243

(vii) Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.31 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(3.31%)	(4.31%)	(5.31%)
Total pension liability	<u>\$ 2,148,963</u>	\$ 2,005,092	<u>\$ 1,872,996</u>

Changes in the Total Pension Liability

	 2023
Beginning balance	\$ 2,136,506
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience	90,020 46,810 -
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Other changes	 153,996 (310,098) (112,142)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2,005,092

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

(viii) Total expense, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions:

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	 LGERS	 LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense Pension liability Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 1,894,522 6,645,038 0.1178%	\$ 259,992 2,005,092 n/a	\$ 2,154,514 8,650,130
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	286,329	248,562	534,891
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	663,026	240,519	903,545
on plan investments	2,196,255	-	2,196,255
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Benefit payments and administrative costs paid	32,623	-	32,623
subsequent to the measurement date	1,237,798	63,304	1,301,102

	!	GERS	L	EOSSA	 Total
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between	\$	28,073	\$	- 285,838	\$ 28,073 285,838
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,325		-	2,325

(c) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

Plan description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to employees of the Town. For law enforcement officers, the Town contributes 5% of the employee's salary and for all other employees the contribution is 3%. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each law enforcement officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The Town has also elected to contribute each month an amount equal to 3% of each participating general employee's salary. Also, the participants may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$774,851, which consisted of \$346,504 from the Town and \$428,347 from the employees.

Additionally, the Town has elected to include all permanent, full-time employees under this plan.

(d) Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

Plan description. In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided. For employees hired prior to July 1, 2007, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System and have at least ten years of continuous creditable service with the Town. The Town pays a percentage of the insurance premium paid to private insurers based on the table below. Employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the Town's group rates. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with a minimum of ten years of creditable service are not allowed to remain on the Town's group insurance; rather, they receive a stipend. For those employees, the Town pays a percentage of the stipend based on the table below. The stipend is based on the Employee Only insurance premium as of July 1, 2007 (\$417.46) and increases based on changes in the consumer price index. As of July 1, 2021, the stipend was \$558.86 per month. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 who retire with less than ten years of service are not eligible for postemployment coverage. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Retired Employee's	Date Hired				
Years of Creditable Service	Pre-July 1, 2007	On or After July 1, 2007			
Less than 10 years	Not eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage			
10 to 14 years	50%	50%			
15 to 19 years	75%	75%			
20 years and up	100%	100%			

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	47
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u> 154</u>
Total	201

Total OPEB liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$16,533,607 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.25 percent, including real wage growth

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.41 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.54 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-Medicare - 7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031 Medicare - 5.125% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2024

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

	 2023
Beginning balance	\$ 19,922,078
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms	742,971 442,265 -
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	 (11,224) (4,180,829) (381,654)
Ending balance of the total OPEB liability	\$ 16,533,607

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(2.54%)</u>	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 19,418,537</u>	\$ 16,533,607	<u>\$ 14,251,523</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% _Decrease	Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 13,931,878</u>	<u>\$ 16,533,607</u>	<u>\$ 19,888,105</u>	

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB income of \$221,290. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	I	Deferred nflows of lesources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and administrative costs made subsequent	\$	2,858,179	\$	3,812,641 4,441,436
to the measurement date		303,862		
Total	\$	3,162,041	\$	8,254,077

\$303,862 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2024	\$ (1,4	106,526)
2025	(1,2	269,129)
2026		37,592)
2027		301,321)
2028		310,033)
Thereafter		<u>71,297</u>)
Total	\$ (5,3	395,898)

Other employment benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. If the member is a firefighter, rescue squad worker or local law enforcement officer killed in the line of duty, their beneficiary may also be entitled to a \$100,000 line-of-duty death benefit. This lump sum benefit is administered jointly by the North Carolina Industrial Commission and the Department of the State Treasurer. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

The Town provides additional group term life insurance through The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. The death benefit provided by the Town is \$25,000. Employees may purchase additional supplemental insurance. The supplemental amounts are available in increments of \$25,000, up to an additional voluntary coverage of \$100,000. The premiums for the supplemental insurance are deducted from payroll on an after-tax basis.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year end is comprised of the following:

		Deferred Outflows
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year Benefit payments and administrative expenses for LEOSSA	\$	1,237,798
made subsequent to measurement date Benefit payments made for OPEB subsequent to measurement		63,304
date		303,862
Differences between actual and expected experience Net difference between expected and actual earnings on		534,891
plan investments		2,196,255
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions		3,761,724
and proportionate share of contributions	_	32,623
Total	\$	8,130,457

Deferred inflows of resources at year end is comprised of the following:

	Statement Net Position	Governmental Funds <u>Balance Sheet</u>		
Taxes receivable, less penalties	\$	-	\$	141,336
Notes receivable, net		-		138,784
Unavailable contribution revenues		-		93,870
Deferred lease revenue	738,	636		738,636
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				
Changes in assumptions	4 707	- 274		-
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between Town	4,727,	214		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,	325		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,840,	<u>714</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 9,308,</u>	949	\$	1,112,626

Risk management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability of \$5 million per occurrence and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The pools are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for police liability and public officials' liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees who have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees who have access to funds are bonded for \$10,000 per occurrence.

Long-term obligations

(a) General obligation indebtedness

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds were issued to provide long-term financing for the construction of sidewalks and greenways utilized in the operations of the Bond Fund. These bonds were issued to refinance the previous Bond Anticipation Notes acquired for the same purpose. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2023, is comprised of the following individual issue:

General Obligation Bonds

\$4,600,000 Sidewalk and Greenway Series 2013 Bonds, requiring principal payment on February 1 each year in the amount of \$250,000 with a final principal payment of \$100,000 due upon maturity (February 1, 2032); interest payments are due August 1 and February 1 each year. Interest rates vary between 2.0% and 3.5% over the life of the loan. The bonds contain certain redemption provisions that grant the Town the option to redeem the bonds in whole or in \$5,000 increments prior to the maturity date, but not before February 1, 2024, provided advanced notice is given.

<u>2,100,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term obligation are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30	Principal	Interest			
2024	\$ 250,000	\$ 52,500			
2025	250,000	46,875			
2026	250,000	41,250			
2027	250,000	35,625			
2028	250,000	30,375			
2029 - 2032	850,000	56,500			
	<u>\$ 2,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 263,125</u>			

(b) Direct borrowing installment purchase agreements - equipment - General Fund

The Town has direct borrowing installment purchase agreements for the purchase and/or improvement of personal property including vehicles and equipment. The installment purchase notes payable at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

The financing contract requires an annual level payment of \$278,649 due November 1, including interest of 1.04%. The financing institution holds a security interest in all or a portion of the property purchased or improved. Payments are due beginning November 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, with a final payment of all outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on November 1, 2027.

\$ 1,350,810

Total \$ 1,350,810

Annual debt service payments of the direct borrowing installment purchases for equipment as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30	<u></u>	Principal			
2024	\$	264,601	\$	14,048	
2025		267,353		11,297	
2026		270,133		8,516	
2027		272,943		5,707	
2028		275,780		2,868	
Total	\$	1,350,810	\$	42,436	

(c) Direct borrowing installment purchase agreement - improvements - General Fund

The Town has direct borrowing installment purchase agreement for improvements. The installment purchase note payable at June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Installment purchase agreement to finance the construction of the fire substation. The financing contract requires semi-annual payments of \$108,333 due July 15 and January 15, plus interest at 4.07%. Payments are due annually beginning July 15, 2009, and annually thereafter, with a final payment of all outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on July 15, 2024. The financing institution holds a first lien security interest on the property and first priority security interest in any and all fixtures used in connection with the operation of the property.

Installment purchase agreement to finance the construction of the 203 S. Greensboro Street project. The financing contract requires annual principal payments of \$662,000 due March 1 each year, interest payments are due September 1 and March 1 each year. Interest rate is 2.83%. All outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest due on March 1, 2042.

\$ 325,000

12,578,000

Total \$ 12,903,000

Annual debt service payments of the direct borrowing installment purchase for improvements as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30	Principal		Interest		
2024	\$ 878,667	\$	365,723		
2025	770,333		338,236		
2026	662,000		317,363		
2027	662,000		298,694		
2028	662,000		280,026		
Thereafter	9,268,000	_	1,876,174		
Total	<u>\$ 12,903,000</u>	\$	3,476,216		

(d) Lease liabilities

The Town has entered into lease agreements to lease certain property and equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, a liability has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the date of inception of each lease, or upon a required remeasurement event.

The Town leases copiers, which are paid through the General Fund. The lease agreement requires monthly payments of 24\$951 and continues through December 2026. There are no variable payments components of the lease. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The Town has used its incremental borrowing rate at the date of adoption, 0.185%. As of June 30, 2023, the remaining net book value of the related lease asset was \$24,674, net of accumulated amortization of \$26,340.

The Town lease a commercial unit at the Carr Mill Mall, which is paid through the General Fund. The lease agreement requires monthly payments of \$2,875 and continues through December 2025. There are no variable payments components of the lease. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The Town has used its incremental borrowing rate at the date of adoption, 2.04%. As of June 30, 2023, the remaining net book value of the related lease asset was \$83,880, net of accumulated amortization of \$11,184.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments, as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	44,437	\$	1,501	\$	45,938	
2025		45,150		758		45,908	
2026		22,817		107		22,924	
2027		-		-		-	
2028		-		-		-	
Thereafter							
	<u>\$</u>	112,404	\$	2,366	\$	114,770	

(e) Changes in long-term debt obligations

	Balance July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:					
General obligation - bonds	\$ 2,350,000	\$ -	\$ (250,000)	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 250,000
Premium on bond	46,230	-	(4,868)	41,362	4,866
Direct borrowing installment	40.440.000		(0.10.000)	40.000.000	070.007
purchases - improvements Direct borrowing installment	13,119,666	-	(216,666)	12,903,000	878,667
purchases - equipment	1,612,688	-	(261,878)	1,350,810	264,601
Lease liabilities	39,725	95,064	(22,385)	112,404	44,437
Compensated absences	763,209	696,093	(621,489)	837,813	621,489
Total OPEB liability	19,624,734	-	(3,337,897)	16,286,837	303,862
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,798,168	4,718,093	-	6,516,261	-
Total pension liability (LEO)	2,136,506		(131,414)	2,005,092	126,608
Total governmental activities	41,490,926	5,509,250	(4,846,597)	42,153,579	2,494,530
Business-type activities:					
Lease liabilities	59,746	-	(59,746)	-	-
Compensated absences	14,272	14,667	(10,621)	18,318	10,621
Total OPEB liability	297,344	-	(50,574)	246,770	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	34,939	93,838	<u> </u>	128,777	
Total business-type activities	406,301	108,505	(120,941)	393,865	10,621
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 41,897,227</u>	<u>\$ 5,617,755</u>	<u>\$ (4,967,538)</u>	<u>\$ 42,547,444</u>	<u>\$ 2,505,151</u>

Compensated absences have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

The Town's legal debt margin at June 30, 2023 was \$212,350,159.

C. Interfund balances and activity

Transfers to/from other funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

From the General Fund to the Parking Operations Enterprise Fund to support operations until such time as the fund begins	
generating revenues.	\$ 90,000
Transfer of a vehicle purchased by the Capital Projects Fund to the	
Stormwater Enterprise Fund	 42,385
	\$ 132,385

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

Balances due to/from other funds

Due to the General Fund for cash deficits from the:

Bond Fund <u>\$ 192,373</u>

D. Net investment in capital assets

Governmental activities: Capital and leased assets Less: related debt:	\$	50,145,237
General obligation bonds		(2,100,000)
Premium on bond issuance		(41,362)
Direct borrowing installment purchases - improvements		(12,903,000)
Direct borrowing installment purchases - equipment		(1,350,810)
Lease liabilities		(112,404)
Add: unexpended debt proceeds		10,794,211
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	44,431,872
Business-type activities:		
Capital and leased assets	\$	657,418
Net investment in capital assets	\$	657,418

E. Fund balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with the information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$	19,546,432
Less:		
Inventories		(11,098)
Prepaids		(769,803)
Leases		(37,550)
Stabilization by state statute		(3,311,758)
Powell Bill (streets)		(602,923)
Appropriated fund balance in subsequent fiscal year's budget	_	(2,484,459)
Unassigned fund balance	\$	12,328,841

The Town of Carrboro has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund, which instructs management to conduct business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is between 22.5% and 35.0% of the General Fund budget.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year end.

General Fund	<u>\$ 282,335</u>
Bond Fund	<u>\$ 1,271</u>
Capital Projects Fund	<u>\$ 224,345</u>
Facilities Rehabilitation Capital Projects Fund	\$ 6,176

4. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies and Uncertainties

A. Federal and state-assisted programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as to not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

B. Claims and contingent liabilities

The Town is at times involved in various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

5. Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

In accordance with funding provided by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, effective August 4, 2021, the Town agreed to its terms for receiving an allocation of funds from the U.S. Department of Treasury, through the Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund and the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The Town's total grant award is \$6,753,199, which was provided in two equal disbursements of \$3,376,599.50. The first disbursement was received in July 2021, while the second disbursement was received in August 2022. The Town will have until December 31, 2024 to use or encumber the funds and, if encumbered, has until December 31, 2026 to liquidate those encumbrances. As of June 30, 2023, \$403,407 has been recorded as grant revenue to date, and \$6,349,792 is included as revenues received in advance.

6. Related-Party Transactions

The Town collected occupancy tax proceeds in the amount of \$211,952. Of this amount, 3%, or \$6,358, was withheld as administration fees in the General Fund for the collection of the tax, with the remaining \$205,594 due to the CTDA. Amounts are remitted from the Town to the CTDA on a quarterly basis during the following month after the quarter end; therefore, there exists a payable from the Town (primary government) to the CTDA (component unit) for the fourth quarter (April through June) collections in the amount of \$60,266.

In addition, the CTDA reimburses a portion of the Town's long-term parking lease at 300 E. Main, which is located in close proximity to downtown businesses. The amount of the reimbursement was \$45,000 during the year ended June 30, 2023. As of June 30, 2023, the CTDA owes the Town \$90,387 for CTDA events paid for by the Town for which the CTDA is to reimburse the Town.

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Required Supplementary Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to the Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Last Seven Fiscal Years* Schedule A-1

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 2,136,506	\$ 2,057,740	\$ 1,498,927	\$ 1,428,599	\$ 1,517,471	\$ 1,496,019	\$ 1,548,384
Service cost Interest on the total	90,020	96,699	57,596	51,566	54,174	50,529	53,184
pension liability Changes of benefit terms	46,810 -	38,434	46,540	49,150	45,312 -	54,918 -	52,965 -
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the							
total pension liability Changes of assumptions and	153,996	126,914	62,506	86,934	26,014	(15,424)	-
other inputs Benefit payments Other changes	(310,098) (112,142) -	(50,567) (132,714) 	534,823 (142,652) 	39,325 (156,647) 	(47,288) (167,084)	77,967 (146,538) 	(28,949) (129,565)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2,005,092	\$ 2,136,506	\$ 2,057,740	\$ 1,498,927	\$ 1,428,599	\$ 1,517,471	\$ 1,496,019

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. Data for years prior to that presented is unavailable.

This schedule will not present ten years of fiscal information until 2026.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Schedule A-2

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 2,005,092	\$ 2,136,506	\$ 2,057,740	\$ 1,498,927	\$ 1,428,599	\$ 1,517,471	\$ 1,496,019
Covered employee payroll	2,123,070	2,239,341	2,106,793	2,033,738	2,017,955	2,143,082	2,134,068
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	94.44%	95.41%	97.67%	73.70%	70.79%	70.81%	70.10%

Notes to the Schedules:

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. Data for years prior to that presented is unavailable.

This schedule will not present ten years of fiscal information until 2026.

^{*} The Town of Carrboro has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Schedule B-1

	2	2023	_	2022	_	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	742,971	\$	825,261	\$	548,056	\$ 627,875	\$ 669,530	\$ 764,631
Interest		442,265		476,270		579,983	755,138	697,815	623,406
Differences between expected and actual									
experience		(11,224)		(2,533,255)		(27,789)	(4,335,353)	(14,947)	(13,116)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(4	4,180,829)		653,890		4,028,868	(58,898)	(1,212,461)	(2,188,095)
Benefit payments		(381,654)		(448,565)		(403,625)	 (352,745)	 (306,331)	 (287,110)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3	3,388,471)		(1,026,399)		4,725,493	(3,363,983)	(166,394)	(1,100,284)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	19	9,922,078		20,948,477		16,222,984	 19,586,967	 19,753,361	 20,853,645
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 16	6,533,607	\$	19,922,078		20,948,477	\$ 16,222,984	\$ 19,586,967	\$ 19,753,361
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8	8,581,590	\$	8,581,590	\$	8,230,323	\$ 8,230,323	\$ 6,862,156	\$ 6,862,156
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		192.66%		232.15%		254.53%	197.11%	285.43%	287.86%

Notes to Schedule:

*Changes of assumption and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Fiscal Year	Rate
2023	3.54%
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. Data for years prior to that presented is unavailable.

This schedule will not present ten years of fiscal information until 2027.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Financial Data Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Carrboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.1178%	0.1195%	0.1226%	0.1251%	0.1153%	0.1325%	0.1363%	0.1481%	-0.1496%	0.1490%
Carrboro's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 6,645,038	\$ 1,833,107	\$ 4,380,663	\$ 3,415,291	\$ 2,735,310	\$ 2,023,775	\$ 2,892,957	\$ 664,576	\$ (882,438)	\$ 1,796,023
Carrboro's covered payroll	9,368,408	9,413,488	9,182,756	8,591,744	7,936,677	8,167,996	7,721,032	7,711,880	7,606,585	7,396,688
Carrboro's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	70.93%	19.47%	47.71%	39.75%	34.46%	24.78%	37.47%	8.62%	-11.60%	24.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. Data for years prior to that presented is unavailable.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Financial Data Last Ten Fiscal Years * Schedule C-2

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,237,798	\$ 1,073,371	\$ 965,751	\$ 832,586	\$ 682,598	\$ 609,535	\$ 607,662	\$ 526,105	\$ 551,682	\$ 538,976
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,237,798	1,073,371	965,751	832,586	682,598	609,535	607,662	526,105	551,682	538,976
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	_\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
Carrboro's covered payroll	\$ 10,125,639	\$ 9,368,408	\$ 9,413,488	\$ 9,182,756	\$ 8,591,744	\$ 7,936,677	\$ 8,167,996	\$ 7,721,032	\$ 7,711,880	\$ 7,606,585
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.22%	11.46%	10.26%	9.07%	7.94%	7.68%	7.44%	6.81%	7.15%	7.09%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

Information is not required to be presented retroactively. Data for years prior to that presented is unavailable.

Supplementary Information

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	 Final Budget	Actual		ı	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Taxes	\$ 15,308,000	\$	15,717,804	\$	409,804
Penalties and interest	 32,000		59,600		27,600
Total	 15,340,000		15,777,404		437,404
Local option sales taxes:					
Article 39, 1%	1,701,000		2,354,053		653,053
Article 40, ½%	1,344,600		1,688,510		343,910
Article 42, ½%	867,000		1,180,684		313,684
Article 44, ½%	32,400		40,824		8,424
City hold harmless	1,474,200		1,812,624		338,424
Total	5,419,200		7,076,695		1,657,495
Other taxes and licenses:					
Room occupancy tax	160,000		211,952		51,952
Motor vehicle license fees, net					
of refunds and collection fees	1,491,547		1,650,848		159,301
Beer and wine licenses	1,275		1,350		75
Total	1,652,822		1,864,150		211,328
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Utility franchise tax	960,000		1,125,665		165,665
Piped natural gas tax	45,000		75,269		30,269
Video sales programming tax	62,000		66,595		4,595
Telecommunications sales tax	120,000		109,976		(10,024)
Direct-to-home satellite sales tax	50,000		45,929		(4,071)
EMS location	27,000		15,000		(12,000)
Beer and wine tax	87,000		96,235		9,235
Total	1,351,000		1,534,669		183,669
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill	480,000		539,312		59,312
Federal grants	-		8,093		8,093
Solid waste disposal tax distribution	15,800		17,117		1,317
Planning work grant	20,000		12,282		(7,718)
NC risk management agency grant	20,000		23,756		3,756
ABC Board grant	19,000		10,000		(9,000)
Supplemental PEG channel support	53,000		51,282		(1,718)
U.S. Department of Justice block grant	600		_		(600)
Chapel Hill supplement	-		500		500
Recreation municipal supplement	35,898		35,903		5
NCDOT reimbursement	-		9,454		9,454
Total	 644,298		707,699		63,401

		Final Budget Actual			Variance Positive Negative)	
Fees and permits:						
Fire district fees	\$	600,000	\$	615,313	\$	15,313
Fire permitting fees	•	1,850	·	3,988	•	2,138
Building permits		60,000		61,558		1,558
Electrical permits		58,000		65,709		7,709
Mechanical permits		68,000		75,276		7,276
Plumbing permits		30,000		30,485		485
Refuse collection fees		54,100		51,260		(2,840)
Development review		25,000		32,522		7,522
Engineering fees		, -		480		480
Technical review		60,000		56,580		(3,420)
Parking and animal violations		8,200		13,336		, 5,136
School resource officer contract fees		179,622		100,094		(79,528)
Miscellaneous fees		22,725		19,695		(3,030)
Total		1,167,497		1,126,296		(41,201)
						,
Sales and services:						
Recreation fees		145,000		176,263		31,263
Town Center fees		37,000		96,751		59,751
Miscellaneous		50,700		53,427		2,727
Total		232,700		326,441		93,741
Investment earnings:						
Interest on investments		15,200		433,714		418,514
interest on investments		10,200		100,7 1 1	-	110,011
Other revenues:						
Rental income		2,370		3,555		1,185
Donations		98,450		9,075		(89,375)
Lease revenue		142,316		141,661		(655)
Miscellaneous		37,300		75,687		38,387
Total		280,436		229,978		(50,458)
Total revenues		26,103,153		29,077,046		2,973,893
Expenditures						
General government:						
Mayor and Town Council:						
Personnel services		129,053		213,212		(84,159)
Operations		307,660		237,966		69,694
Total		436,713		451,178		(14,465)
10101	-	100,7 10		101,170		(11,100)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Advisory boards:			
Operations	\$ 60,600	\$ 17,692	\$ 42,908
Total	60,600	17,692	42,908
Governmental support:			
Operations		10,000	(10,000)
Total	-	10,000	(10,000)
Town Manager:			
Personnel services	653,192	439,379	213,813
Operations	94,575	82,219	12,356
Capital outlay		95,064	(95,064)
Total	747,767	616,662	131,105
Economic and community development:			
Personnel services	113,811	122,995	(9,184)
Operations	283,605	217,985	65,620
Total	397,416	340,980	56,436
Town Clerk:			
Personnel services	125,325	150,651	(25,326)
Operations	21,915	5,796	16,119
Total	147,240	156,447	(9,207)
Finance:			
Personnel services	715,831	746,519	(30,688)
Operations	583,249	654,985	(71,736)
Total	1,299,080	1,401,504	(102,424)
Human Resources:			
Personnel services	612,589	627,020	(14,431)
Operations	99,505	201,744	(102,239)
Total	712,094	828,764	(116,670)
Information technology:			
Personnel services	441,901	474,201	(32,300)
Operations	1,537,181	1,233,178	304,003
Capital outlay	174,000	278,702	(104,702)
Total	2,153,082	1,986,081	167,001
Climate action:			
Personnel services	177,785	166,932	10,853
Operations	40,061	87,002	(46,941)
Total	217,846	253,934	(36,088)

	 Final Budget	Actual		F	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Housing and community services:							
Personnel services	\$ 251,039	\$	193,250	\$	57,789		
Operations	 349,090		319,565		29,525		
Total	 600,129		512,815		87,314		
Communication and engagement:							
Personnel services	209,981		187,181		22,800		
Operations	 35,827		44,201		(8,374)		
	 245,808		231,382		14,426		
Total general government	 7,017,775		6,807,439		210,336		
Public safety:							
Police department Personnel services	3,919,339		3,666,853		252,486		
Operations	552,336		472,688		79,648		
Capital outlay	27,000		9,285		17,715		
Total	4,498,675		4,148,826		349,849		
Fire department:							
Personnel services	2,954,297		3,108,235		(153,938)		
Operations	 291,901		283,822		8,079		
Total	3,246,198		3,392,057		(145,859)		
Total public safety	 7,744,873		7,540,883		203,990		
Planning:							
Personnel services	1,386,339		1,272,347		113,992		
Operations	 260,059		226,746		33,313		
Total planning	 1,646,398		1,499,093		147,305		
Transportation:							
Operations	2,024,580		2,148,148		(123,568)		
Capital outlay	 83,600		-		83,600		
Total transportation	 2,108,180		2,148,148		(39,968)		
Public works:							
Public works department:	0.454.500		0.004.040		60.005		
Personnel services	2,454,508		2,391,643		62,865		
Operations	1,728,034		1,734,565		(6,531)		
Capital outlay	503,616		275,917	-	227,699		
Total public works	 4,686,158		4,402,125		284,033		

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Parks and recreation:						
Recreation department:	_					
Personnel services	\$	1,423,910	\$	1,275,211	\$	148,699
Operations		555,273		380,703		174,570
Total parks and recreation		1,979,183		1,655,914		323,269
Non-Departmental:						
Personnel services		1,329,754		_		1,329,754
Operations		85,000				85,000
Total general services		1,414,754		<u>-</u>		1,414,754
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		966,589		750,929		215,660
Interest and fees		401,628		374,137		27,491
	-					
Total debt service		1,368,217		1,125,066		243,151
Total expenditures		27,965,538		25,178,668		2,786,870
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,862,385)		3,898,378		5,760,763
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds:						
To Affordable Housing Fund		(188,193)		_		188,193
To Parking Operations Fund		(143,160)		(90,000)		53,160
Sale of capital assets		60,000		41,728		(18,272)
Lease liabilities issued		<u>-</u>		95,064		95,064
Total other financing sources (uses)		(271,353)		46,792		318,145
Develope and other financing						
Revenues and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		(2,133,738)		3,945,170		6,078,908
and other imancing sources (uses)		(2,133,736)		3,943,170		0,070,900
Appropriated fund balance		2,133,738				(2,133,738)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>		3,945,170	\$	3,945,170
Fund balance, beginning of year				15,601,262		
Fund balance, end of year			\$	19,546,432		

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
General revenues:					
ARPA grant	\$ 6,753,199	\$ 306,522	\$ 96,885	\$ 403,407	\$ (6,349,792)
Investment earnings:					
Interest on investments		5,263	149,428	154,691	154,691
Total revenues	6,753,199	311,785	246,313	558,098	(6,195,101)
Expenditures					
General government:					
General administration	260,000	-	47,325	47,325	212,675
Information technology	800,000	-	-	-	800,000
Housing and community					
services	2,554,100	-	-	-	2,554,100
Public safety	362,748	-	-	-	362,748
Planning	778,178	-	-	-	778,178
Public works	525,000	-	-	-	525,000
Economic and physical			40.500		
development	976,523	306,522	49,560	356,082	620,441
Parks and recreation	496,650				496,650
Total expenditures	6,753,199	306,522	96,885	403,407	6,349,792
Revenues over					
expenditures		5,263	149,428	154,691	154,691
Net change in fund					
balance	<u> </u>	\$ 5,263	149,428	\$ 154,691	\$ 154,691
Fund balance, beginning of year			5,263		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 154,691		

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Project Authorization and Actual Revolving Loan Fund From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Δct	tual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed Loans	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Investment earnings: Interest on						
investments Interest repayments	\$ 224,701 193,223	\$ 225,096 194,815	\$ 6,122 1,133	\$ - -	\$ 231,218 195,948	\$ 6,517 2,725
Total investment earnings	417,924	419,911	7,255		427,166	9,242
Revolving loan repayments: Bryan's Guitar Carrboro Coworking Tesoro LLC	90,000 90,000 60,000	39,387 74,839 15,514	- - 14,827	- - -	39,387 74,839 30,341	(50,613) (15,161) (29,659)
Total revolving loan payments	240,000	129,740	14,827		144,567	(95,433)
Total revenues	657,924	549,651	22,082		571,733	(86,191)
Expenditures General government: Contractual services Miscellaneous	5,246 3,979	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	5,246 3,979
Total general government	9,225					9,225
Economic and physical development:						
Bryan's Guitar Carrboro Coworking	90,000 90,000	90,000 90,000	-	-	90,000 90,000	-
Tesorra LLC Bad debts	60,000 70,000	60,000 70,000			60,000 70,000	
Total economic and physical development	310,000	310,000			310,000	
Total expenditures	319,225	310,000			310,000	9,225
Revenues over expenditures	338,699	239,651	22,082		261,733	(76,966)

Schedule 3 (2 pages)

			Ac	tual		Variance	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed Loans	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)	
Appropriated to fund balance	\$ (338,699)	\$ -	_\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 338,699	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 239,651	22,082	\$ -	\$ 261,733	\$ 261,733	
Fund balance, beginning of year			239,651				
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 261,733				

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed Out Projects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
General revenues:						
Federal STP-DA funds Federal STBGP-DA	\$ 2,791,352	\$ 1,315,442	\$ 122,615	\$ -	\$ 1,438,057	\$(1,353,295)
funds	483,729	-	-	-	-	(483,729)
Federal TAP-DA funds	730,000	-	-	-	-	(730,000)
CMAQ funds Orange County Transit	440,000	-	-	-	-	(440,000)
funds	752,177	33,419	114,621	-	148,040	(604,137)
Payments in lieu	48,046	48,046	-	_	48,046	-
Interest on investments	61,116	61,263	3,464		64,727	3,611
Total revenues	5,306,420	1,458,170	240,700		1,698,870	(3,607,550)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay:						
General expenditures						
(non-project) Morgan Creek	1,116	-	-	-	-	1,116
Greenway	1,742,500	448,287	100,325	_	548,612	1,193,888
Bolin Creek Greenway	1,521,770	1,494,906	-	_	1,494,906	26,864
Jones Creek Greenway	850,250	180,357	_	_	180,357	669,893
S. Greensboro Street	000,200	100,001			100,007	000,000
Sidewalk	1,781,462	210,930	_	_	210,930	1,570,532
Sidewalk repairs	250,000	194,976	54,339	_	249,315	685
Oldewalk repairs	200,000	104,070	04,000		240,010	
Total capital						
outlay	6,147,098	2,529,456	154,664		2,684,120	3,462,978
Total						
expenditures	6,147,098	2,529,456	154,664	_	2,684,120	3,462,978
Revenues over						
(under)	(0.10.070)	(4.074.000)			(00= 0=0)	(444.550)
expenditures	(840,678)	(1,071,286)	86,036		(985,250)	(144,572)
Other financing sources						
General obligation						
bonds issued	840,678	840,678			840,678	<u> </u>
T-4-1 -40						
Total other	040.670	040.670			040.670	
financing sources	840,678	840,678			840,678	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (230,608)	86,036	_\$	\$ (144,572)	\$ (144,572)
		+ (200,000)	33,333			
Fund deficit, beginning of year			(230,608)			
Fund deficit,			Φ (4.4.4.EZO)			
end of year			\$ (144,572)			

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Project Authorizaton and Actual Capital Projects Fund From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed Out Projects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
General revenues:						
Federal STP-DA funds	\$ 30,000	\$ 14,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,820	\$ (15,180)
Interest on investments	47,279	60,444	384,616	-	445,060	397,781
Orange County						
contribution	22,218,882	1,139,216	4,951,066	-	6,090,282	(16,128,600)
Arts Center settlement						
agreement		84,999			84,999	84,999
Total revenues	22,296,161	1,299,479	5,335,682		6,635,161	(15,661,000)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay:						
General (non-project)	47,279	_	_	_	_	47,279
S. Greensboro Street	47,270					41,210
conduit	95,000	_	_	_	_	95,000
203 Project on S.	00,000					00,000
Greensboro Street	41,174,840	3,009,922	9,067,595	_	12,077,517	29,097,323
MLK park design	, ,	0,000,022	0,00.,000		12,011,011	20,00.,020
and construction	2,761,196	2,720,766	39,910	_	2,760,676	520
Town comprehensive	, , , , , ,	, -,	,-		,,.	
plan '	250,000	213,711	13,787	-	227,498	22,502
Bus shelter replacement	288,000	15,300	-	-	15,300	272,700
Pedestrian safety						
improvements and bike						
plan	257,000	-	-	-	-	257,000
Jones Ferry road						
retaining wall	100,000	11,596	-	-	11,596	88,404
108 Bim Street						
renovations	50,000	14,640	19,690	-	34,330	15,670
Anderson Park parking						
lot paving	120,000	12,027	2,717	-	14,744	105,256
2022 vehicles	1,245,000	275,707	744,259	-	1,019,966	225,034
East Main street signal						
and pavement	159,565	-	106,352	-	106,352	53,213
2023 vehicles	173,000	-	273,324	-	273,324	(100,324)
Other	57,500	18,525			18,525	38,975
Total capital outlay	46,778,380	6,292,194	10,267,634		16,559,828	30,218,552
Total expenditures	46,778,380	6,292,194	10,267,634		16,559,828	30,218,552
Revenues under						
expenditures	(24,482,219)	(4,992,715)	(4,931,952)		(9,924,667)	14,557,552
expenditures	(24,402,219)	(4,332,113)	(4,531,832)		(3,324,007)	14,007,002

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Project Authorizaton and Actual Capital Projects Fund From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Curre Yea		 ed Out jects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Other financing sources Transfers from other funds:							
From General Fund From Bond Fund From Stormwater Fund Installment purchase	\$ 10,400,619 200,000 41,600	\$ 10,572,014 200,000 41,600	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ 10,572,014 200,000 41,600	\$ 171,395 - -
obligations issued	13,840,000	12,577,998				12,577,998	(1,262,002)
Total other financing sources	24,482,219	23,391,612			 	23,391,612	(1,090,607)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 18,398,897	(4,931	,952)	\$ 	\$ 13,466,945	\$ 13,466,945
Fund balance, beginning of year			18,398	,897			
Fund balance, end of year			13,466	,945			
Amounts reported for Reve in Fund Balance are differ Statement due to consolid Fund and the Payment in I	ent for the Budget lation of the Capita Lieu Reserve Fund	ed/Actual al Reserve l:	40	450			
Interest on investments - C Interest on investments - F	•			,453 ,863			
Other revenue - Payment i	-			,201			
Fund balance, beginning (•	,	425	,176			
Fund balance, beginning (Payment in Lieu Re	serve Fund)	152	,962			
Fund balance, ending Fund)	(Consolidated Cap	ital Projects	\$ 14,076	,600			

Schedule 6

	Fir Buc	nal Iget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Interest on investments	\$	_	\$	10,453	\$	10,453	
Revenues and other financing sources over other financing	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>	<u>, </u>	<u>.</u>	,	
uses				10,453		10,453	
Net change in fund balance	\$			10,453	\$	10,453	
Fund balance, beginning of year				425,176			
Fund balance, end of year			\$	435,629			

Schedule 7

	nal dget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Interest on investments Other revenue	\$ - -	\$ 3,863 17,201	\$	3,863 17,201	
	 	21,064		21,064	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	21,064	\$	21,064	
Fund balance, beginning of year		 152,962			
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 174,026			

	Affordable Housing Fund	Energy and NP Loan/ Efficiency Grant COVID 1 Revolving Emergency Loan Fund Fund		Facilities Rehabilitation Fund	Grants Administration Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 708,264	\$ 151,972 -	\$ 267,731	\$ 494,746	\$ 32,565 2,000	\$ 1,655,278 2,000	
Notes receivable Total assets	732 \$ 708,996	\$ 151,972	108,393 \$ 376,124	\$ 494,746	\$ 34,565	109,125 \$ 1,766,403	
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 194,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 329	\$ 2,000	\$ 196,760	
Total liabilities	194,431			329	2,000	196,760	
Deferred inflows of resources	732		108,393			109,125	
Fund balances Committed: Affordable housing Economic development Capital projects Energy efficiency	513,833 - - -	- - - 151,972	- 267,731 - 	- - 494,417 	- 32,565 - 	513,833 300,296 494,417 151,972	
Total fund balances	513,833	151,972	267,731	494,417	32,565	1,460,518	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 708,996	<u>\$ 151,972</u>	<u>\$ 376,124</u>	<u>\$ 494,746</u>	<u>\$ 34,565</u>	\$ 1,766,403	

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	Small Business Energy and NP Loan/ Affordable Efficiency Grant COVID 19 Housing Revolving Emergency Fund Loan Fund Fund		Facilities Rehabilitation Fund	Grants Administration Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues Payment in lieu Loan repayments Interest repayments Ad valorem taxes Grant revenues Other revenues Interest on investments	\$ 182,606 - - 397,738 - - - 14,097	\$ - 6,233 85 3,595	\$ - 50,932 - - - - - 5,931	\$ - - - - - 13,283	\$ - - 20,625 11,750	\$ 182,606 57,165 85 397,738 20,625 11,750 36,906
Total revenues	594,441	9,913	56,863	13,283	32,375	706,875
Expenditures Economic and physical development Capital outlay	534,423 	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	- 82,178	34,665	569,088 82,178
Total expenditures	534,423			82,178	34,665	651,266
Revenues over (under) expenditures	60,018	9,913	56,863	(68,895)	(2,290)	55,609
Net change in fund balance	60,018	9,913	56,863	(68,895)	(2,290)	55,609
Fund balance, beginning of year	453,815	142,059	210,868	563,312	34,855	1,404,909
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 513,833	\$ 151,972	\$ 267,731	\$ 494,417	\$ 32,565	\$ 1,460,518

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Project Authorization and Actual Affordable Housing Fund From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Ac	tual		Variance	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed-Out Projects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Payment in lieu Property taxes Interest on investments	\$ 82,026 466,872 823	\$ 82,026 475,651 729	\$ 182,606 397,738 14,097	\$ - - -	\$ 264,632 873,389 14,826	\$ 182,606 406,517 14,003	
Total revenues	549,721	558,406	594,441		1,152,847	603,126	
Expenditures							
Critical home repairs Contributions for	177,747	67,129	119,001	-	186,130	(8,383)	
acquisitions Rental deposits	296,901 70,348	31,395 -	104,774 -	-	136,169 -	160,732 70,348	
Affordable housing commission Community home trust	1,534 73,501	- 70,582	- 73,452	-	- 144,034	1,534 (70,533)	
Home consortium match	18,135	12,783	14,270	-	27,053	(8,918)	
Partnership to end homelessness	134,027	35,202	129,976	-	165,178	(31,151)	
Center for Community Interfaith council housing Self-Help	92,950	-	92,950	-	92,950	-	
Miscellaneous	143,409					143,409	
Total expenditures	1,008,552	217,091	534,423		751,514	257,038	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(458,831)	341,315	60,018	-	401,333	860,164	
Other financing sources Transfer from General Fund	458,831	112,500			112,500	(346,331)	
Total other financing sources	458,831	112,500			112,500	(346,331)	
Fund balance appropriated							
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 453,815	60,018	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 513,833	\$ 513,833	
Fund balance, beginning of year			453,815				
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 513,833				

Schedule 11

			Ac	tual		Variance	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed-Out Projects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Interest repayments Interest on investments	\$ 17,213 2,546	\$ 17,509 2,655	\$ 85 3,595	\$ - -	\$ 17,594 6,250	\$ 381 3,704	
Revolving loan repayments: The Arts Center Surplus Sid's	24,838 27,920	24,687 27,208	3,441 2,792		28,128 30,000	3,290 2,080	
Total revolving loan payments	52,758	51,895	6,233		58,128	5,370	
Total revenues	72,517	72,059	9,913		81,972	9,455	
Expenditures Economic and physical development:							
The Arts Center Surplus Sid's Miscellaneous	28,128 30,000 142,517	28,128 30,000 	- - -	- - -	28,128 30,000 	- - 142,517	
Total expenditures	200,645	58,128	. <u>-</u>		58,128	142,517	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(128,128)	13,931	9,913		23,844	151,972	
Other financing sources							
Transfer from Grant Fund Transfer from Revolving	83,128	83,128	-	-	83,128	-	
Loan Fund	45,000	45,000			45,000		
Total other financing sources	128,128	128,128	. <u> </u>		128,128		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 142,059	\$ 9,913	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 151,972	\$ 151,972	
Fund balance, beginning of year			142,059				
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 151,972				

Schedule 12 (2 pages)

					Act	tual		Actual								
	Project	_	Prior	Cı	ırrent	Close	d-Out		Total	Positive						
	Authorizat	on_	Years		/ear	Proj	ects	1	to Date	(Ne	egative)					
Revenues																
Federal grants	\$ 30.3	34	\$ 30.334	\$	_	\$	_	\$	30.334	\$	_					
CTDA contributions	109,4		109,404	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	109,404	Ψ	_					
Interest on investments		89	621		5,931		_		6,552		6,263					
interest on investments	140,0		140,359		5,931				146,290		6,263					
Davaking laan																
Revolving loan																
repayments: Armadillo Grill	3.8	64	5,089		3,215				8.304		4.440					
Be Pure	3,0 1,9		2,822		1,021		-		3,843		1,890					
Carrboro Coffee	1,5	55	2,022		1,021		-		3,043		1,090					
Company	4,4	00	5,625		3,214		_		8,839		4,439					
Ceremony Salon	3,1		3,504		4,999		_		8,503		5,367					
Creative Electric of NC	4,3		5,500		3,000		_		8,500		4,113					
Dispute Settlement	1,0	01	0,000		0,000				0,000		1,110					
Center		_	5.625		3,214		_		8.839		8.839					
F&F Car Care	8.2	12	10,500		5,500		_		16,000		7,788					
Firefly Carrboro	1,0		2,686		771		_		3,457		2,401					
Grow Your World	2,6		3,404		1,852		-		5,256		2,557					
Lazarus Repair and	•		•								·					
Maintenance	2,2	16	2,931		1,851		-		4,782		2,566					
OE Enterprises	4,4	00	5,625		3,214		-		8,839		4,439					
Open Eye Café	4,4	00	5,625		3,214		-		8,839		4,439					
Pilot Mission	1,9	54	2,573		1,625		-		4,198		2,244					
Twin House Music	2,5	82	3,321		1,993		-		5,314		2,732					
Van Hook Enterprises	3,1	45	3,926		9,034		-		12,960		9,815					
Wax Poetic	3,8	47	5,089		2,947		-		8,036		4,189					
Weaver Street Realty																
and Auction		<u> </u>			268				268		268					
Total revolving																
loan payments	52,2	<u>51 </u>	73,845		50,932				124,777		72,526					
Total revenues	192,2	78	214,204		56,863				271,067		78,789					

			Actual								Variance	
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		urrent Year	Closed-Out Projects		Total to Date		Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures												
Economic and physical development:												
Armadillo Grill	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,000	\$	_	
Be Pure	14,400	Ψ	14,400	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	14,400	Ψ	_	
Carrboro Coffee	14,400		14,400						14,400			
Company	25,000		25,000		_		_		25,000		_	
Ceremony Salon	15,000		15,000		_		_		15,000		_	
Creative Electric of NC	21,600		21,600		_		_		21,600		_	
Dispute Settlement	21,000		21,000		_		_		21,000		_	
Center	25,000		25,000						25,000			
F&F Car Care	25,000		25,000		-		-		25,000		-	
	•		•		-		-				-	
Firefly Carrboro	6,000		6,000		-		-		6,000		-	
Grow Your World	14,400		14,400		-		-		14,400		-	
Lazarus Repair and												
Maintenance	14,400		14,400		-		-		14,400		-	
OE Enterprises	25,000		25,000		-		-		25,000		-	
Open Eye Café	25,000		25,000		-		-		25,000		-	
Pilot Mission	12,636		12,636		-		-		12,636		-	
Twin House Music	15,500		15,500		-		-		15,500		-	
Van Hook Enterprises	14,400		14,400		-		-		14,400		-	
Wax Poetic	25,000		25,000		-		-		25,000		-	
General	188,942										188,942	
Total expenditures	492,278		303,336						303,336		188,942	
_												
Revenues over												
(under)												
expenditures	(300,000)		(89,132)		56,863				(32,269)		267,731	
Other financing sources												
Transfer from Revolving												
Loan Fund	300,000		300,000						300,000			
Loan i und	300,000		300,000						300,000			
Total other												
financing sources	300,000		300,000						300,000			
illianding sources	300,000		300,000			-			300,000			
Appropriation to fund												
balance	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Net change in												
fund balance	\$ -	\$	210,868		56,863	\$	-	\$	267,731	\$	267,731	
			-,		,							
Fund balance,												
beginning of year					210,868							
3 3 . ,					-,							
Fund balance,												
end of year				\$	267,731							
•												

			Actual						Variance		
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Positive		
									(Negative)		
_											
Revenues	ф 27	07 (4 726	¢	12 202	¢	10.010	ф	14 222		
Interest on investments	\$ 3,7	<u>87</u> \$	4,736	_\$	13,283	\$	18,019	\$	14,232		
Expenditures											
Century Center painting	46,7	95	46,795		-		46,795		-		
Century Center windows and											
chiller replacement	20,0		-		82,178		82,178		(62,151)		
Public Works renovation	20,9		20,898		-		20,898		2		
Town Hall basement flooring	4,6	67	4,667		-		4,667		-		
Town Hall interior											
improvements	4,8		4,858		-		4,858		(1)		
Town Hall interior painting	2,9		2,906		-		2,906		-		
Town Hall security measures	4,8		4,877		-		4,877		-		
Architectural improvements	80,7		80,710		-		80,710		-		
Unexpended reserves	542,3	<u> 35 </u>							542,335		
Total expenditures	728,0	<u> 74</u>	165,711		82,178		247,889		480,185		
Revenues under											
expenditures	(724.2	07\	(160.075)		(60 005)		(220.970)		404 417		
experialitares	(724,2	<u> </u>	(160,975)		(68,895)		(229,870)		494,417		
Other financing sources											
Transfer from General Fund	724,2	87	724,287		_		724,287		_		
Total other financing											
sources	724,2	<u>87 </u>	724,287				724,287				
Revenues and other											
financing sources over					(00.00=)						
(under) expenditures			563,312		(68,895)		494,417		494,417		
Net change in fund											
balance	¢	- \$	563,312		(68,895)	\$	494,417	\$	494,417		
balarice	Ψ	<u> </u>	303,312		(00,093)	Ψ	434,411	Ψ	434,417		
Fund balance, beginning of											
vear					563,312						
•											
Fund balance, end of											
year				\$	494,417						

			Act	rual		Variance
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Closed-Out Projects	Total to Date	Positive (Negative)
Revenues U.S. Department of Homeland Security: FEMA hazard mitigation grant	\$ 637,630	\$ 237,186	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,186	\$ (400,444)
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development: CDBG grant N.C. Department of	900,000	877,416	-	-	877,416	(22,584)
Public Safety: Hazard mitigation grant N.C Department of	185,619	79,061	-	-	79,061	(106,558)
Environmental Quality: Charging Stations Bolin Creek Orange County: Economic development	18,000 150,000	18,000 -	20,625	-	18,000 20,625	(129,375)
funds Donations - Bolin Creek Investment earnings	27,575 18,000 20	6,500 20	8,000	- - -	14,500 20	(27,575) (3,500)
Miscellaneous	10,056	30,378	3,750		34,128	24,072
Total revenues	1,946,900	1,248,561	32,375		1,280,936	(665,964)
Expenditures Flooding mitigation Housing assistance Fire equipment	823,249 900,000 15,750	308,233 877,416 15,750	13,584 -	- - -	308,233 891,000 15,750	515,016 9,000 -
MLK parking lot charging station	13,951	13,951	-	-	13,951	-
Town Municipal parking lot charging station Bolin Creek watershed	11,533	11,533	-	-	11,533	-
restoration Article 46 funds Miscellaneous	168,000 27,575 3,960	- - 3,941	21,081 - -	- - -	21,081 - 3,941	146,919 27,575 19
Total expenditures	1,964,018	1,230,824	34,665		1,265,489	698,529
Revenue under expenditures	(17,118)	17,737	(2,290)		15,447	32,565
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer from the General						
Fund	18,744	18,744	-	-	18,744	-
Transfer to the General Fund	(1,626)	(1,626)			(1,626)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,118	17,118			17,118	
Net change in fund balance	_\$	\$ 34.855	(2,290)	_\$	\$ 32.565	\$ 32,565
Fund deficit, beginning of year			34,855			
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 32.565			

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Stormwater Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget	 Actual	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues Charges for services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	1,025,000 500 300	\$ 1,002,080 45,869 120	\$ (22,920) 45,369 (180)
Total revenues		1,025,800	1,048,069	 22,269
Expenditures Personnel services Operations Capital outlay		361,682 339,450 87,204	 318,049 210,517 87,204	 43,633 128,933 -
Total expenditures		788,336	 615,770	 172,566
Revenues over expenditures		237,464	 432,299	194,835
Other financing uses Transfers to: Capital projects fund		(345,000)	 <u>-</u>	 345,000
Total other financing uses		(345,000)		 345,000
Revenues over expenditures and other financing uses		(107,536)	432,299	539,835
Appropriated fund balance		107,536	 	 (107,536)
Net change in fund balance	_\$_		\$ 432,299	\$ 432,299
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual: Reconciling items: Capital outlay Depreciation Increase in accrued vacation pay Transfer of capital assets from capital project fund Deferred outflows of resources for contributions made to pension plan in current fiscal year Pension expense OPEB benefit			\$ 87,204 (60,250) (4,046) 42,385 23,566 (37,935) 8,999	
Total reconciling items			 59,923	
Change in net position			\$ 492,222	

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Parking Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget Actual		Actual	F	ariance Positive legative)	
Revenues	Φ.	20	Φ.	440	ф	440
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 	30 45,000	\$	140 45,000	\$ 	110
Total revenues		45,030		45,140		110
Expenditures						
Personnel services Operations		2,000 194,628		- 155,610		2,000 39,018
Operations		104,020		100,010		33,010
Total expenditures		196,628		155,610		41,018
Revenues under expenditures		(151,598)		(110,470)		40,908
Other financing sources Transfers from:						
General Fund		143,160		90,000		(53,160)
Total other financing sources		143,160		90,000		(53,160)
Revenues and other financing						
sources under expenditures		(8,438)		(20,470)		(12,252)
Appropriated fund balance		8,438				(8,438)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	(20,470)	\$	(20,690)

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Additional Financial Data

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Fiscal Year	E	collected Balance e 30, 2022		Additions	Collections and Credits	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2023
2022 - 2023	\$	-	\$	17,753,581	\$ 17,684,586	\$ 68,995
2021 - 2022		87,419		-	57,103	30,316
2020 - 2021		37,139		-	21,358	15,781
2019 - 2020		28,257		-	12,622	15,635
2018 - 2019		25,634		-	14,401	11,233
2017 - 2018		17,048		-	9,643	7,405
2016 - 2017		13,688		-	9,212	4,476
2015 - 2016		9,659		-	6,366	3,293
2014 - 2015		3,316		-	2,357	959
2013 - 2014		18,570		-	2,814	15,756
2012 - 2013		25,921			 25,921	
	\$	266,651	\$	17,753,581	\$ 17,846,383	173,849
Less: allowance for unc General Fund	ollectib	le accounts:				 (32,513)
Ad valorem taxes	receiva	ible - net				\$ 141,336
Reconciliation with reve Ad valorem taxes - Go Ad valorem taxes - Af Motor vehicle license	eneral f fordabl	e Housing Fund	d			\$ 15,777,404 397,738 1,650,848
Total revenues						17,825,990
Reconciling items:						
Releases and adjustm	nents					(26,691)
NCVTS collection fee	s					47,084
						\$ 17,846,383

				Total	Levy
	To Property Valuation**	wn-Wide Rate	Total Levy*	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties and interest	\$ 2,860,721,693 	0.6044	\$ 17,290,202 4,619	\$ 16,041,208 4,619	\$ 1,248,994
Total property valuation	\$ 2,860,721,693		17,294,821	16,045,827	1,248,994
Vehicle tag fees			458,760		458,760
Total gross levy			17,753,581	16,045,827	1,707,754
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			68,995	64,584	4,411
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 17,684,586	\$ 15,981,243	\$ 1,703,343
Current levy collection percentage			99.61%	99.60%	99.74%

^{*} Total adjusted levy includes discoveries and abatements.

^{**} Property tax valuation prior to the discoveries and abatements.

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Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Carrboro's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

<u>-</u>	Page
Financial Trends Information	
These schedules contain trend information intended to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	103
Revenue Capacity Information	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue sources, primarily property taxes.	115
Debt Capacity Information	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	123
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	129
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	135

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Financial Trends Information

	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital	ф 20.02 <i>5</i>	264 •	20 420 200	ф. 20 F20 0C2	Ф 20 5 04 404	Ф 20 404 624
assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 28,835, 1,918, 7,090,	028	29,120,308 2,187,718 6,358,440	\$ 28,529,962 2,015,396 6,447,035	\$ 28,581,194 2,097,192 (5,179,126)	\$ 30,401,621 2,719,947 (5,964,874)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 37,844,	<u> </u>	37,666,466	\$ 36,992,393	\$ 25,499,260	\$ 27,156,694
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital						
assets Unrestricted	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 56.475
Offiestricted			<u> </u>			30,473
Total business-type activities net position	\$	<u>-</u> \$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,475
Primary Government: Net investment in capital						
assets	\$ 28,835,		- / - /	\$ 28,529,962	\$ 28,581,194	\$ 30,401,621
Restricted	1,918,		2,187,718	2,015,396	2,097,192	2,719,947
Unrestricted	7,090,	901	6,358,440	6,447,035	(5,179,126)	(5,908,399)
Total primary						
government net position	\$ 37,844,	290 \$	37,666,466	\$ 36,992,393	\$ 25,499,260	\$ 27,213,169

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 32,602,046 3,869,297 (6,314,682)	\$ 34,478,765 3,349,924 (8,613,521)	\$ 36,062,824 3,312,120 (9,907,381)	\$ 36,727,545 3,647,143 (6,532,066)	\$ 44,431,872 3,914,681 (11,281,956)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 30,156,661	\$ 29,215,168	\$ 29,467,563	\$ 33,842,622	\$ 37,064,597
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 288,843 225,824	\$ 349,932 536,668	\$ 611,550 960,317	\$ 588,038 1,255,154	\$ 657,418 1,657,526
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 514,667	\$ 886,600	\$ 1,571,867	\$ 1,843,192	\$ 2,314,944
Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 32,890,889 3,869,297 (6,088,858)	\$ 34,828,697 3,349,924 (8,076,853)	\$ 36,674,374 3,312,120 (8,947,064)	\$ 37,315,583 3,647,143 (5,276,912)	\$ 45,089,290 3,914,681 (9,624,430)
Total primary government net position	\$ 30,671,328	\$ 30,101,768	\$ 31,039,430	\$ 35,685,814	\$ 39,379,541

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 4,571,146	\$ 4,200,241	\$ 4,487,922	\$ 4,695,317	\$ 4,849,740
Public safety	6,925,676	6,951,141	7,051,112	7,550,083	7,469,443
Planning	1,153,138	1,244,849	1,374,325	1,356,771	1,206,329
Transportation	1,396,423	1,472,508	1,540,288	1,455,012	1,455,012
Public works	4,035,886	4,421,682	4,205,935	4,295,622	4,142,187
Parks and recreation	1,553,686	1,642,737	1,741,056	1,724,769	1,737,984
Economic and community	1,000,000	1,012,101	1,7 11,000	1,721,700	1,707,001
development	623,220	90,108	200,798	147,259	220,960
Interest on long-term debt	211,082	191,916	167,984	154,350	127,897
Total governmental					
activities expenses	20,470,257	20,215,182	20,769,420	21,379,183	21,209,552
Business-type activities:					
Stormwater	-	-	-	-	251,908
Parking					
Total business-type					
activities expenses					251,908
Total primary					
government expenses	\$ 20,470,257	\$ 20,215,182	\$ 20,769,420	\$ 21,379,183	\$ 21,461,460
_					
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 531,812	\$ 652,862	\$ 528,403	\$ 416,231	\$ 644,733
Public safety	65,823	73,311	117,590	696,492	720,801
Planning	655,664	675,682	665,028	57,005	116,135
Public works	107,622	70,249	74,644	77,454	51,733
Parks and recreation	279,499	270,028	259,974	280,625	242,740
Economic and community					
development	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and					
contributions	707,636	723,767	700,263	654,075	641,436
Capital grants and					
contributions	865,182	283,090	5,635	90,166	13,080
Total governmental					
activities program					
revenues	3,213,238	2,748,989	2,351,537	2,272,048	2,430,658
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Stormwater					
Total business-type					
activities program					
revenues					
Total primary					
government program	¢ 2.040.000	¢ 0.740.000	¢ 0.054.507	¢ 0.070.040	¢ 0.420.050
revenues	\$ 3,213,238	\$ 2,748,989	\$ 2,351,537	\$ 2,272,048	\$ 2,430,658

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net expenses					
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 17,257,019 	\$ 17,466,193 	\$ 18,417,883 	\$ 19,107,135 	\$ 18,778,894 251,908
Total primary government net expenses	\$ 17,257,019	\$ 17,466,193	\$ 18,417,883	\$ 19,107,135	\$ 19,030,802
General revenues and other changes in net assets Governmental activities: Taxes Unrestricted	\$ 16,599,061	\$ 17,011,559	\$ 17,322,279	\$ 17,690,415	\$ 19,094,382
intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous and	982,040	1,481,631	1,452,221	1,418,370	1,406,331
unrestricted investment earnings Transfers	13,443	52,226	28,818	58,455 	243,998 (308,383)
Total governmental activities	17,594,544	18,545,416	18,803,318	19,167,240	20,436,328
Business-type activities: Unrestricted intergovernmental Miscellaneous and unrestricted investment	-	-	-	-	-
earnings Transfers					308,383
Total business-type activities					308,383
Total primary government	\$ 17,594,544	\$ 18,545,416	\$ 18,803,318	\$ 19,167,240	\$ 20,744,711
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 337,525 	\$ 1,079,223 	\$ 385,435 	\$ 60,105	\$ 1,657,434 56,475
Total primary government	\$ 337,525	\$ 1,079,223	\$ 385,435	\$ 60,105	\$ 1,713,909

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 5,246,829	\$ 5,288,695	\$ 5,270,260	\$ 5,738,082	\$ 6,405,007
Public safety	7,735,947	8.283.668	8,522,469	7,933,411	8,469,830
Planning	1,422,374	1,520,044	1,540,407	1,423,540	1,612,729
S .	· · ·				
Transportation	1,808,940	1,835,146	1,872,343	1,900,088	2,148,148
Public works	4,839,876	5,298,021	5,085,068	4,614,345	5,427,544
Parks and recreation	1,845,198	1,943,269	1,858,667	1,836,333	1,966,773
Economic and community					
development	692,328	727,748	1,079,915	1,236,131	618,648
Interest on long-term debt	115,564	98,950	99,469	101,595	468,434
Total governmental					
activities expenses	23,707,056	24,995,541	25,328,598	24,783,525	27,117,113
Business-type activities:					
Stormwater	269,163	444,871	468,737	627,194	598,232
Parking			86,321	146,455	155,610
Total business-type					
activities expenses	269,163	444,871	555,058	773,649	753,842
Total primary government expenses	\$ 23,976,219	\$ 25,440,412	\$ 25,883,656	\$ 25,557,174	\$ 27,870,955
government expenses	Ψ 20,070,210	<u> </u>	Ψ 20,000,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 726,021	\$ 629,447	\$ 533,630	\$ 608,574	\$ 529,682
Public safety	739,011	753,901	620,290	735,864	735,020
Planning	39,872	74,241	46,767	18,634	33,002
Public works	56,561	57,154	55,894	53,243	63,446
Parks and recreation	182,644	122,873	67,923	161,763	176,263
	102,044	122,073	07,923	101,703	170,203
Economic and community					
development	-	-	82,026	-	182,606
Operating grants and					
contributions	832,607	1,159,067	1,273,741	1,489,331	829,670
Capital grants and					
contributions	2,504,061	698,031	432,923	100,689	128,951
Total governmental					
activities program					
revenues	5,080,777	3,494,714	3,113,194	3,168,098	2,678,640
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Stormwater	778,157	812,545	1,013,598	991,423	1,002,080
Total business-type					
activities program					
revenues	778,157	812,545	1,013,598	991,423	1,002,080
Total primary					
government program revenues	\$ 5,858,934	\$ 4,307,259	\$ 4,126,792	\$ 4,159,521	\$ 3,680,720
16venues	Ψ 3,030,334	Ψ 4,307,239	Ψ Ψ,120,132	Ψ 4,105,021	Ψ 3,000,120

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Net expenses					
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 18,626,279 (508,994)	\$ 21,500,827 (367,674)	\$ 22,215,404 (458,540)	\$ 21,615,427 (217,774)	\$ 24,438,473 (248,238)
Total primary					
government net expenses	\$ 18,117,285	\$ 21,133,153	\$ 21,756,864	\$ 21,397,653	\$ 24,190,235
General revenues and other					
changes in net assets Governmental activities:					
Taxes Unrestricted	\$ 19,695,520	\$ 19,788,837	\$ 20,758,600	\$ 24,084,830	\$ 25,044,991
intergovernmental					
revenues	1,492,028	1,408,981	1,381,436	1,697,037	1,534,669
Miscellaneous and unrestricted investment					
earnings	382,223	279,600	449,538	214,655	1,213,173
Transfers	56,475	-	(121,775)	(6,036)	(132,385)
Total governmental activities	21,626,246	21,477,418	22,467,799	25,990,486	27,660,448
activities	21,020,240	21,477,410	22,401,199	25,990,460	21,000,440
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted					
intergovernmental Miscellaneous and	-	-	104,820	45,000	45,000
unrestricted investment					
earnings	5,673	4,259	132	2,515	46,129
Transfers	(56,475)		121,775	6,036	132,385
Total business-type					
activities	(50,802)	4,259	226,727	53,551	223,514
Total primary					
government	\$ 21,575,444	\$ 21,481,677	\$ 22,694,526	\$ 26,044,037	\$ 27,883,962
Change in net position					
Governmental activities	\$ 2,999,967	\$ (23,409)	\$ 252,395	\$ 4,375,059	\$ 3,221,975
Business-type activities	458,192	371,933	685,267	271,325	471,752
Total primary					
government	\$ 3,458,159	\$ 348,524	\$ 937,662	\$ 4,646,384	\$ 3,693,727

	2014	2015	2016	2018	2019
General fund:					
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, designated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, undesignated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$ 294,643	\$ 92,212	\$ 159,185	\$ 25,775	\$ 280,068
Restricted	2,397,759	2,788,336	2,642,583	2,466,537	2,532,472
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	3,084,075	2,624,916	2,275,559	2,569,579	3,088,391
Unassigned	7,988,424	9,119,966	10,638,014	10,816,213	10,634,162
Total general fund	13,764,901	14,625,430	15,715,341	15,878,104	16,535,093
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital projects funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	2,453,964	1,890,936	1,590,442	1,348,609	827,636
Committed	2,225,168	3,105,843	3,715,244	4,454,119	4,119,338
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(40,731)	(41,811)	43,892	(680)	
Total all other					
governmental funds	4,638,401	4,954,968	5,349,578	5,802,048	4,946,974
Total, all					
governmental funds	\$ 18,403,302	\$ 19,580,398	\$ 21,064,919	\$ 21,680,152	\$ 21,482,067

N/A - Not applicable prior to and subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54.

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General fund:					
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, designated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, undesignated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$ 317,306	\$ 74,353	\$ 275,060	\$ 603,981	\$ 818,451
Restricted	2,652,989	2,566,982	2,757,728	3,647,143	3,914,681
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	3,500,753	3,239,574	3,189,720	2,984,722	2,484,459
Unassigned	11,233,203	10,030,700	11,595,919	8,365,416	12,328,841
Total general fund	17,704,251	15,911,609	17,818,427	15,601,262	19,546,432
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital projects funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	1,458,567	782,942	798,863	12,530,590	10,794,211
Committed	2,947,928	2,851,025	1,499,461	8,096,268	5,159,331
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(496,241)	(416,233)	(414,109)	(230,608)	(144,572)
Total all other					
governmental funds	3,910,254	3,217,734	1,884,215	20,396,250	15,808,970
Total, all					
governmental funds	\$ 21,614,505	\$ 19,129,343	\$ 19,702,642	\$ 35,997,512	\$ 35,355,402

N/A - Not applicable prior to and subsequent to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54.

	2014	2015	2016	2018	2019
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 11,792,234	\$ 11,771,793	\$ 11,829,436	\$ 11,769,118	\$ 12,921,946
Local option sales taxes	3,567,123	3,897,200	4,105,283	4,345,612	4,557,933
Other taxes and licenses	1,316,876	1,386,254	1,381,093	1,601,126	1,601,362
Unrestricted					
intergovernmental	982,040	1,481,631	1,452,221	1,409,630	1,406,331
Restricted intergovernmental	1,487,840	949,579	651,211	722,928	636,879
Permits and fees	1,249,319	1,260,859	1,270,187	1,177,350	1,377,586
Sales and services	283,611	274,350	263,444	282,929	245,059
Investment earnings	11,757	10,477	28,818	58,455	151,707
Other	207,671	400,617	218,561	128,591	210,283
Total revenues	20,898,471	21,432,760	21,200,254	21,495,739	23,109,086
Expenditures					
General government	3,964,409	4,093,908	4,353,526	4,503,267	4,729,326
Public Safety	6,019,294	6,265,547	6,216,871	6,506,633	6,555,984
Planning	1,150,603	1,203,990	1,333,903	1,285,705	1,134,657
Transportation	1,396,423	1,472,508	1,540,288	1,455,012	1,455,012
Public Works	3,260,291	3,481,463	3,134,390	3,192,643	3,104,559
Parks and recreation	1,378,862	1,444,752	1,529,332	1,474,274	1,503,476
Economic and community	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
development	623,220	20,108	145,144	147,259	220,511
Capital outlay	2,132,488	1,888,948	1,410,447	1,549,712	3,486,840
Debt service	, - ,	,,-	, -,	,,	-,,-
Interest	226,334	202,907	191.229	152,927	138,983
Principal	1,066,150	946,047	973,069	983,905	1,001,731
Total expenditures	21,218,074	21,020,178	20,828,199	21,251,337	23,331,079
Excess of revenues					
over (under)					
expenditures	(319,603)	412,582	372,055	244,402	(221,993)
Other financing sources					
(uses)					
Proceeds from borrowing	498,822	717,102	621,180	362,091	240,000
Premium on borrowing	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	5,923	47,412	491,287	8,740	92,291
Transfers in	1,850,165	881,518	1,808,060	1,522,129	3,165,098
Transfers out	(1,850,165)	(881,518)	(1,808,060)	(1,522,129)	(3,473,481)
Total other financing					
sources	504,745	764,514	1,112,467	370,831	23,908
Net change in fund					
balances	\$ 185,142	\$ 1,177,096	\$ 1,484,522	\$ 615,233	\$ (198,085)
Capital outlay included in					
expenditures above	\$ 2,132,488	\$ 1,888,948	\$ 1,410,447	\$ 1,549,712	\$ 3,486,840
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	6.8%	6.0%	6.0%	5.8%	5.7%

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 13,223,592	\$ 13,499,126	\$ 13,679,213	\$ 15,919,224	\$ 16,175,142
Local option sales taxes	4,880,680	4,772,318	5,467,567	6,416,480	7,076,695
Other taxes and licenses	1,630,840	1,535,867	1,636,916	1,726,261	1,864,150
Unrestricted					
intergovernmental	1,492,028	1,408,981	1,381,436	1,697,037	1,534,669
Restricted intergovernmental	2,867,644	1,091,381	2,210,635	1,973,673	6,013,511
Permits and fees	1,273,962	1,292,786	1,100,596	1,127,067	1,126,296
Sales and services	253,023	171,937	88,106	227,120	326,441
Investment earnings	266,589	182,257	3,130	58,213	1,029,784
Other	378,474	509,210	515,004	557,091	513,527
Total revenues	26,266,832	24,463,863	26,082,603	29,702,166	35,660,215
Expenditures					
General government	5,369,254	5,474,673	5,389,321	5,700,484	6,494,785
Public Safety	6,649,349	7,093,384	7,216,347	7,143,092	7,531,598
Planning	1,331,441	1,423,554	1,379,968	1,407,752	1,499,093
Transportation	1,808,940	1,835,146	1,872,342	1,900,088	2,148,148
Public Works	3,750,034	3,872,550	3,850,963	3,663,929	4,126,208
Parks and recreation	1,602,097	1,658,168	1,500,042	1,606,020	1,655,914
Economic and community					
development	692,328	957,638	1,080,865	1,236,131	618,648
Capital outlay	4,063,670	3,085,782	4,368,462	2,433,516	11,149,657
Debt service	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Interest	126,621	109,942	95,435	786,520	750,929
Principal	824,548	692,206	588,314	101,728	374,137
Total expenditures	26,218,282	26,203,043	27,342,059	25,979,260	36,349,117
Excess of revenues					
over (under)					
expenditures	48,550	(1,739,180)	(1,259,456)	3,722,906	(688,902)
Other financing sources					
(uses)					
Proceeds from borrowing	-	-	1,871,924	12,578,000	95,064
Premium on borrowing	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	27,413	32,418	82,606	-	41,728
Transfers in	2,279,109	3,740,494	698,043	7,028,209	(90,000)
Transfers out	(2,222,634)	(3,740,494)	(819,818)	(7,034,245)	
Total other financing					
sources	83,888	32,418	1,832,755	12,571,964	46,792
Net change in fund					
balances	\$ 132,438	\$ (1,706,762)	\$ 573,299	\$ 16,294,870	\$ (642,110)
Capital outlay included in					
expenditures above	\$ 4,063,670	\$ 3,085,782	\$ 4,368,462	\$ 2,433,516	<u>\$ 11,149,657</u>
Debt service as a percentage	/	0.537	0.537	0.537	
of noncapital expenditures	4.3%	3.5%	3.0%	3.8%	4.5%

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Revenue Capacity Information

Function/Program	2014		2015		2016		2018		2019	
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$	958,976	\$	767,303	\$	650,899	\$	502,078	\$	725,885
Public Safety		813,257		677,124		667,572		697,660		721,382
Planning		83,602		120,607		148,749		82,718		143,804
Public Works and										
Transportation		984,621		860,795		587,845		668,277		560,949
Parks and Recreation		325,197		305,926		296,472		317,927		278,638
Economic and community										
development		47,585		17,234				3,388		-
Total primary government	\$	3,213,238	\$	2.748.989	\$	2,351,537	\$	2.272.048	\$	2,430,658

Table 5 (2 pages)

Function/Program		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023	
Governmental activities:											
General Government	\$	949,456	\$	873,274	\$	696,443	\$	741,007	\$	707,761	
Public Safety		797,011		1,091,147		958,272		752,821		743,113	
Planning		39,872		74,241		46,767		18,634		33,002	
Public Works and		•		•		•		•		•	
Transportation		3,034,038		899,992		812,692		1,433,415		750,437	
Parks and Recreation		218,542		158,771		103,821		197,661		212,166	
Economic and Physical		•		•		•		•		,	
Development		41,858		397,289		495,199		24,560		232,161	
Total primary government	\$	5,080,777	\$	3,494,714	\$	3,113,194	\$	3,168,098	\$	2,678,640	

Fiscal Year	Pro	operty Taxes
2014	\$	11,792,234
2015	·	11,771,793
2016		11,829,436
2017		11,769,118
2018		12,921,946
2019		13,223,592
2020		13,499,126
2021		13,679,213
2022		15,919,224
2023		16,175,142
Change		
2014 - 2023		37.2%

^a This table presents the Town's most significant own source of revenues. All other taxes and revenues are either comparatively insignificant or levied by another governmental entity besides the Town of Carrboro.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Year	Real Property	Personal Property	 iblic Service Companies	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate (\$100 of Assessed Value)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2014	2013	\$ 1,879,514,863	\$ 193,640,289	\$ 15,358,935	\$ 2,088,514,087	0.5894	\$ 2,088,514,087	100%
2015	2014	1,902,400,670	197,002,419	14,499,872	2,113,902,961	0.5894	2,113,902,961	100%
2016	2015	1,932,854,388	185,701,586	17,048,727	2,135,604,701	0.5894	2,135,604,701	100%
2017	2016	1,940,618,958	204,073,445	18,567,166	2,163,259,569	0.5894	2,163,259,569	100%
2018	2017	2,137,452,118	204,113,885	19,198,975	2,360,764,978	0.5894	2,360,764,978	100%
2019	2018	2,159,464,518	208,868,826	21,652,524	2,389,985,868	0.5944	2,389,985,868	100%
2020	2019	2,184,315,909	205,137,622	21,630,535	2,411,084,066	0.5994	2,411,084,066	100%
2021	2020	2,225,431,947	226,627,908	22,170,163	2,474,230,018	0.5994	2,474,230,018	100%
2022 2023	2021 2022	2,568,828,847 2,630,764,319	231,447,426 205,401,279	23,521,159 24,556,095	2,823,797,432 2,860,721,693	0.6044 0.6044	2,823,797,432 2,860,721,693	100% 100%

Source: Orange County, North Carolina, Tax Assessor.

Note: Property in the Town of Carrboro is assessed and collected by Orange County, North Carolina.

Fiscal	Direct Rate	Overlapping Rate
Year	Town of Carrboro	Orange County
2014	0.5894	0.8580
2015	0.5894	0.8780
2016	0.5894	0.8780
2017	0.5894	0.8780
2018	0.5894	0.8780
2019	0.5944	0.8504
2020	0.5994	0.8679
2021	0.5994	0.8679
2022	0.6044	0.8190
2023	0.6044	0.8190

Source: Orange County, North Carolina, Tax Assessor.

Note: The Town of Carrboro charges a single direct rate for property taxes

Fiscal Year		axes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections in					Total Collection	ns to Date	Outstanding			
Ended June 30,	Tax Year		for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	•		Amount		Percentage of Levy	D	Delinquent Taxes	
2014	2013	\$	12,868,792	\$ 12,741,993	99.01%	\$	111,043	\$	12,853,036	99.88%	\$	15,756	
2015	2014		12,970,309	12,887,757	99.36%		81,593		12,969,350	99.99%		959	
2016	2015		13,083,098	12,989,241	99.28%		90,564		13,079,805	99.97%		3,293	
2017	2016		13,219,902	13,143,645	99.42%		71,781		13,215,426	99.97%		4,476	
2018	2017		14,377,304	14,276,093	99.30%		93,806		14,369,899	99.95%		7,405	
2019	2018		14,670,122	14,587,583	99.44%		71,306		14,658,889	99.92%		11,233	
2020	2019		14,908,231	14,831,028	99.48%		61,568		14,892,596	99.90%		15,635	
2021	2020		15,313,630	15,247,066	99.57%		50,783		15,297,849	99.90%		15,781	
2022	2021		17,517,197	17,429,778	99.50%		57,103		17,486,881	99.83%		30,316	
2023	2022		17,753,581	17,684,586	99.61%		-		17,684,586	99.61%		68,995	

		2023		2014					
Taxpayer	2022 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value	2013 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value			
Folsom Gateway Associates LP	\$33,557,700	1	1.17%	\$ -		_			
Laramar Collins Crossing Assoc LLC	\$30,423,900	2	1.06%	20,073,200	2	0.96%			
Villages Property Owner ACV XVII LLC	\$28,595,600	3	1.00%	· · · · -		-			
RP Barnes LLC	\$23,853,500	4	0.83%	-		-			
North Estes LLC	\$21,337,900	5	0.75%	-		-			
TGM Rock Creek LLC	\$20,096,600	6	0.70%	-		-			
Westdale Poplar Place LP	\$20,089,300	7	0.70%	-		-			
Ashbrook Investors LLC	\$19,224,800	8	0.67%	14,959,843	6	0.72%			
Carr Mill Mall Limited, Partnership	\$18,099,300	9	0.63%	16,417,310	3	0.79%			
Carrboro Shopping Center	\$13,603,000	10	0.48%	=		-			
VAC Limited Partnership	-		-	23,628,424	1	1.13%			
CRIT NC II, LLC	-		-	16,048,280	4	0.77%			
GS Villages of Chapel Hill, LLC	-		-	16,006,656	5	0.77%			
Carrboro Shopping Center, Inc.	-		-	13,223,400	7	0.63%			
Luas Investments LTD	-		-	10,690,077	8	0.51%			
188 Claremont, LLC	-		-	10,688,340	9	0.51%			
100 Rock Haven, LLC				9,996,255	10	0.48%			
Total	\$ 228,881,600		8.00%	\$ 151,731,785		7.27%			

Source: Orange County Tax Assessor Office.

Debt Capacity Information

				Governmen	tal Acti	vities						
		General			In	stallment	Во	ond		Total		
 Fiscal Year		Obligation Premium Bonds On Bonds					Anticipation Notes Payable		Primary Government		Per Capita	
2014	\$	4,350,000	\$	85,162	\$	3,127,109	\$	_	\$	7,562,271	\$	383.83
2015		4,100,000		80,296		3,148,164		-		7,328,460		349.24
2016		3,850,000		75,430		3,046,275		-		6,971,705		332.24
2017		3,600,000		70,563		2,674,461		-		6,345,024		302.37
2018		3,350,000		65,698		2,162,730		-		5,578,428		265.84
2019		3,100,000		60,831		1,588,182		-		4,749,013		226.32
2020		2,850,000		55,963		1,145,976		_		4,051,939		193.10
2021		2,600,000		51,097		2,679,585		_		5,330,682		250.33
2022		2,350,000		46,230		14,732,354		_		17,128,584		804.35
2023		2,100,000		41,362		14,253,810		-		16,395,172		769.91

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

	General Bonded Debt Outstanding					Actual	Percentage of Actual			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Total		Taxable Value of Property		Taxable Value of Property	(Per Capita	
2014	\$	4,350,000	\$	4,350,000	\$	2,088,514,087	0.208%	\$	220.79	
2015		4,100,000		4,100,000		2,113,902,961	0.194%		195.39	
2016		3,850,000		3,850,000		2,135,604,701	0.180%		183.47	
2017		3,600,000		3,600,000		2,163,259,569	0.166%		171.56	
2018		3,350,000		3,350,000		2,360,764,978	0.142%		159.65	
2019		3,100,000		3,100,000		2,389,985,868	0.130%		147.73	
2020		2,850,000		2,850,000		2,411,084,066	0.118%		135.82	
2021		2,600,000		2,600,000		2,474,230,018	0.105%		122.09	
2022		2,350,000		2,350,000		2,823,797,432	0.083%		110.35	
2023		2,100,000		2,100,000		2,860,721,693	0.073%		98.61	

Town of Carrboro		Total Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Town	Amount Applicable to Town	
General obligation debt Town of Carrboro's direct debt	\$	16,395,172	100.00%	\$	16,395,172
Overlapping (bonded) debt - Orange County Overlapping debt - Orange County		131,392,993	13.04%		17,133,646
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	33,528,818

Sources:

Budgeted revenues used to estimate applicable percentages. Debt outstanding provided by Orange County, NC Finance Dept.

	2014	2015	2016	2018	2019	
Debt limit	\$ 167,081,127	\$ 169,112,237	\$ 170,848,376	\$ 173,060,766	\$ 188,861,198	
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,477,109	7,248,164	6,896,275	6,274,461	5,578,428	
Legal debt margin	\$ 159,604,018	\$ 161,864,073	\$ 163,952,101	\$ 166,786,305	\$ 183,282,770	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.48%	4.29%	4.04%	3.63%	2.95%	

Note: Under State Finance law, the Town's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 8% of total assessed property value.

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Debt limit	\$ 191,198,869	\$ 188,834,785	\$ 197,938,401	\$ 225,903,795	\$ 228,857,735	
Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	<u>-</u> \$ 191,198,869	<u>-</u> \$ 188,834,785	5,330,682 \$ 192,607,719	17,128,584 \$ 208,775,211	16,395,172 \$ 212,462,563	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	2.69%	7.58%	7.16%	

Note: Under State Finance law, the Town's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 8% of total assessed property value.

Demographic and Economic Information

Year	Population	Ρ	Per Capita ersonal ncome	Median Age	Chapel Hill and Carrboro Schools Public School Enrollment	Carrboro Schools Only Public School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2014	19,702	\$	32,198	30.1	12,353	1,490	4.2%
2015	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,353	1,490	3.9%
2016	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,076	1,321	4.7%
2017	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,115	1,318	4.6%
2018	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,115	1,318	3.7%
2019	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,115	1,318	3.3%
2020	20,984		32,198	30.1	12,115	1,318	6.7%
2021	21,295		40,199	32.7	11,732	1,315	3.7%
2022	21,295		43,407	32.5	11,386	1,309	2.6%
2023	21,295		43,407	32.5	11,466	1,309	2.6%

Notes:

Orange County unemployment rate is used.

Population for 2022-2023 is based on last actual value calculated in 2020 from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Per capita personal income is based on the past 12 months (in 2019 dollars); Quick Facts calculated in 2020 from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Median age is based on projections from the U.S. Census in 2010.

Public school enrollment is based on data in 2022 Chapel Hill-Carrboro City Comprehensive Financial Reports Schools.

Schools that have a Carrboro mailing address are included in this demographic, which are Carrboro Elementary and Carrboro High School.

	2023			
Employer	Average Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Town Employment		
Town of Carrboro	150	1	1.20%	
Harris Teeter	120	2	0.96%	
Carrboro Community Health	112	3	0.90%	
McDougle Elementary School	101	4	0.81%	
U.S. Post Office	100	5	0.80%	
Carrboro Elementary School	100	6	0.80%	
OWASA	100	7	0.80%	
The Family Life Project	85	8	0.68%	
Carolina Institute for Developmental Disabilities	80	9	0.64%	
Elmo's Diner	70	10	0.56%	
Total	1,018		8.16%	

Source:

2021 Business Database USA, average number of employees FY 2021 from Business Database Index.

	2014			
Employer	Average Number of Employer Employees			
Town of Carrboro	229	1	1.96%	
Chapel Hill-Carrboro City Schools	216	2	1.85%	
Kaplan College	160	3	1.37%	
Orange Water and Sewer	119	4	1.02%	
Food Lion	112	5	0.96%	
Harris Teeter	94	6	0.80%	
Weaver Street Market	75	7	0.64%	
Piedmont Health Services, Inc.	69	8	0.60%	
Tylers Restaurant and Tap Room	50	9	0.43%	
Acme Food	46_	10	0.39%	
	1,170		10.02%	

Source:

Orange County Economic Development Commission, average number of employees 3rd quarter 2013 from Employment Security Commission.

Town of Carrboro, North Carolina Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General government:										
Mayor and Town Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town manager	5.0	6.0	6.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	1.0	5.0
Economic development	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0
Town clerk	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Management services	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0
Human resources	2.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0
Information technology	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
Climate Action	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	2.0	2.0
Housing and community services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	3.0	3.0
Communication and engagement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	1.5
Public safety:										
Police	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0	42.0
Fire	36.5	36.5	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0
Planning	14.0	13.5	13.5	14.5	13.5	15.5	15.5	14.5	14.5	14.5
Public works	35.0	35.0	36.0	37.0	36.0	39.0	39.0	40.5	35.0	35.0
Parks and recreation	12.5	12.5	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Total	157.5	158.5	159.5	160.5	159.5	167.0	167.0	169.5	166.0	170.0

Source: Annual operating budget

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Operating Information

	2014	2015	2016	2018	2019
General government:					
Revolving loan inquiries	6	6	5	5	8
Small business counseling	Ü	· ·	ŭ	· ·	· ·
referrals	10	10	13	12	15
Privilege licenses issued	720	301	*	*	*
Public safety:	120	001			
Police:					
Major crimes	625	472	521	441	473
Criminal arrests	829	665	550	458	488
Motor vehicle accidents	490	453	540	514	465
Narcotics arrests	243	169	93	132	81
	243	109	93	132	01
Fire:	4.500	0.004	0.007	0.000	0.000
Fire and EMS responses	1,520	2,231	2,227	2,300	2,308
Inspections	1,090	646	1,050	1,020	421
Planning:					
Annexations	-	-	-	-	-
Zoning permits	90	87	73	62	53
Building permits for new					
residential	60	66	69	28	42
Building permits for new					
commercial	12	4	9	41	127
Value of building permits					
issued	\$ 18,000,000	\$ 14,424,416	\$ 13,021,295	\$ 11,905,162	\$ 50,502,713
Public works:					
Paved streets maintained (miles)	44	46	46	46	46
Unpaved streets maintained					
(miles)	2	2	2	2	2
Paved bikeways maintained					
(miles)	1	1	1	1	1
Litter collection (hours					
annually)	400	428	385	321	207
Residential refuse collection					
(tons annually)	3,666	2,754	2,132	2,497	2,740
Multi-family & commercial					
refuse collection	2,823	3,713	4,692	3,269	9,502
Bus shelters maintained	23	23	23	23	23
Parks and recreation:					
Athletic activities offered	44	46	42	51	63
Athletic activity participants	2,533	2,726	2,534	2,822	2,751
Athletic activity hours	885	1,079	972	942	877
Other activities offered	405	392	358	318	343
Other activities officied Other activity participants	32,252	34,988	22,793	22,720	28.436
Century Center rentals (a)	120	109	112	1,610	674
Park rentals (a)	182	135	186	410	526
i aik iciliais (a)	102	100	100	410	520

Sources: Town departments

Notes: N/A - Information was not collected/available. (a) One rental contract can be for more than one event.

^{*} North Carolina General Assembly eliminated privilege licenses in FY 2015.

		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
General government:										
Revolving loan inquiries		5		25		4		1		1
Small business counseling		Ü		20		•		•		•
referrals		12		12		6		5		4
Privilege licenses issued		*		*		*		*		*
Public safety:										
Police:										
Major crimes		406		357		423		444		499
Criminal arrests		399		328		318		388		447
Motor vehicle accidents		491		452		329		407		409
Narcotics arrests		45		24		16		22		52
Fire:		45		24		10		22		32
Fire and EMS responses		2,185		1,785		1,349		1,761		1,955
Inspections		941		355		240		591		551
·		94 1		333		240		391		551
Planning: Annexations										1
Zoning permits		70		159		139		- 81		93
Building permits for new		70		139		139		01		93
residential		55		124		782		551		22
Building permits for new		33		124		102		331		22
commercial		8		121		115		180		1
Value of building permits		O		121		113		100		•
issued	\$	138,482	\$	45,965	\$	289,786	\$	331,145	\$	290,704
Public works:	Ψ	100,402	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	200,700	Ψ	551,145	Ψ	230,704
Paved streets maintained (miles)		46		45		46		47		45
Unpaved streets maintained (miles)		40		40		40		77		40
(miles)		2		2		2		2		2
Paved bikeways maintained		2		2		2		2		
(miles)		2		1		1		1		2
Litter collection (hours		2		'		'		'		2
annually)		29		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Residential refuse collection		29		IN/A		IN/A		IN/A		IN/A
		2,547		2,736		2,804		2,864		2,680
(tons annually)		2,347		2,730		2,004		2,004		2,660
Multi-family & commercial		2.004		2.004		2 705		2.000		2 002
refuse collection		3,991		3,991		3,795		3,962		3,883
Bus shelters maintained		23		23		23		N/A		3
Parks and recreation:		C.F.		50		47		40		
Athletic activities offered		65 2.205		50		47 772		46		63
Athletic activity participants		2,285		1,283		773		1,494		2,008
Athletic activity hours		1,068		617		447		574		704
Other activities offered		289		207		110		215		311
Other activity participants		26,031		15,154		7,580		12,000		13,950
Century Center rentals (a)		750		261		70		44		222
Park rentals (a)		650		234		115		200		1,345

Sources: Town departments

Notes: N/A - Information was not collected/available. (a) One rental contract can be for more than one event.

^{*} North Carolina General Assembly eliminated privilege licenses in FY 2015.

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Public safety:										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	43	43	43	43	47	47	47	47	47	47
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire trucks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6
Public works:										
Refuse collection trucks	7	7	7	7	8	8	6	6	6	6
Replacement refuse										
collection trucks	1	1	1	1	-	-	2	2	2	2
Streets (miles)	43.27	43.27	43.27	43.27	46.70	46.70	47.04	47.04	47.04	47.04
Bike paths (miles)	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.32	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.84
Streetlights	986	986	986	986	986	1,014	1,014	1,064	1,064	1,064
Parks and recreation:										
Parkland (acres)	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
Parks (quantity)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Hiking trails	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Dog parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer fields	1	1	1	1	1	6	6	6	6	6
Baseball/softball fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Basketball courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Tennis courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Volleyball courts	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Multi-purpose fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fishing ponds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Picnic shelters	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

Sources: Town Departments

Compliance Section

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Carrboro, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Carrboro, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023. The financial statements of the Carrboro Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Carrboro Tourism Development Authority.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Town's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

High Point, North Carolina December 1, 2023

Finding 2023-001: Financial Accounting Closing Procedures

Material Weakness

Criteria: The objective of effective internal controls over financial reporting is to prevent or detect and correct material misstatements (caused by error or fraud) in a timely manner and permit the timely preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Condition: During the audit for the year ended June 30, 2023, errors were identified in the balances provided for certain accounts, including accounts receivable, deferred revenue, stormwater revenue, and lease related assets and liabilities.

Effect: Inaccurate reconciliation of certain asset and liability accounts resulted in the identification of material adjusting journal entries during the audit process to correct improperly reported balances.

Cause: The Town did not follow proper review and reconciliation processes for certain balance sheet accounts.

Recommendation: We recommend that management conducts a thorough review of all balance sheet accounts, across funds, to ensure that the trial balances provided for audit do not contain material errors.

Views of Responsible Officials: We agree with the finding, and plan to work with the Town Council to develop an appropriate response to ensure the accuracy of future financial reporting. The Town intends to formalize a plan, to be submitted to the Local Government Commission, by March 1, 2024.