Attachment A

A RESOLUTION AMENDING THE JOINT PLANNING LAND USE PLAN AND JOINT PLANNING AGREEMENT MODIFYING LANGUAGE TO ENSURE AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES ARE ALLOWED THROUGHOUT THE RURAL BUFFER; CLARIFY DENSITY AND REQUIRED MINIMUM LOT SIZE(S); AND ALLOW FOR CLUSTER SUBDIVISIONS THROUGHOUT THE RURAL BUFFER

WHEREAS, Orange County, the Town of Chapel Hill, and the Town of Carrboro have engaged in a cooperative planning effort for the area known as the Rural Buffer as detailed within a Joint Planning Land Use Plan (hereafter 'the Plan), adopted October 13, 1986, and amended from time to time, and

WHEREAS, the administration of this Joint Planning Land Use Plan is laid out within the Joint Planning Agreement (hereafter 'Agreement'), originally adopted on September 22, 1987, and amended from time to time, and

WHEREAS, Orange County initiated amendments to the Plan and Agreement seeking to ensure agricultural activities are allowed throughout the area, clarify density and minimum lot size requirements, and ensure the viability of cluster subdivisions in the area covered by the Plan and Agreement, and

WHEREAS, these amendments to the Plan and Agreement are necessary to ensure consistency with the County's existing land use management program, and

WHEREAS, a joint public hearing regarding the proposed Joint Planning Land Use Plan and Agreement amendments was held on March 27, 2014, in accordance with the requirements of the Joint Planning Agreement.

NOW THEREFORE, the Board of Commissioners of Orange County hereby resolves that the Joint Planning Land Use Plan and Agreement be amended shown on the attached pages.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the amendments to the Joint Planning Land Use Plan and Agreement shall become effective upon adoption by the governing bodies of Orange County, Chapel Hill, and Carrboro.

* ORANGE COUNTY LAND USE PLAN CATEGORIES

*Amended 2/3/92 (effective 2/24/92)

Basic Category	Land Use Plan Category
DEVELOPED	Urban Existing Urban Activity Node Proposed Activity Node
TRANSITION	Ten-Year Transition Twenty-Year Transition Commercial Transition Activity Node Commercial-Industrial Transition Activity Node
COMMUNITY	Rural Community Activity Node
RURAL	Rural Buffer Rural Residential Agricultural-Residential Rural Neighborhood Activity Node Rural Industrial Activity Node
CONSERVATION	Public Interest District Water Supply Watershed Water Quality Critical Area New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space
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*JOINT PLANNING AREA LAND USE PLAN CATEGORIES

*Amended 4/2/90 2/3/92 (effective 2/24/92)

Major Class	Subclass	Land Use Plan Category									
TRANSITION	Transition	Resource Protection									
	Transition I	Public-Private Open Space									
	Transition II	New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space									
		Suburban Residential									
		Urban Residential									
		Office-Industrial									
		Future UNC Development									
		Retail Trade									
		Light Industrial									
		Disposal Use									
RURAL	Rural Buffer	University Lake Watershed									
CONSERVATION		Resource Protection									
		Public-Private Open Space									
		New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space									
		Agricultural									
		Rural Residential and Agricultural ¹									

¹ Staff is recommending combining the terms together and creating a new land use category.

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	Retail Trade
	Extractive Use

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<u>*Suburban Residential Areas</u> are designated for housing densities ranging from one (1) to five (5) dwelling units per acre. Such areas are located where land is changing from rural to urban, suitable for urban densities, and to be provided with public utilities and services. Housing types range from single-family to duplexes to multi-family dwellings.

*However, densities may be lower than one dwelling unit per acre in Suburban Residential Areas. Chapel Hill as part of its Southern Small Area Plan has identified certain areas in the Southern Triangle as being suitable for densities not exceeding one (1) unit per acre for areas immediately east of U.S. 15-501 and densities not exceeding one (1) unit per five (5) acres for areas immediately west of Old Lystra Road.

*Amended 2/1/93

<u>Urban Residential Areas</u> are similar to Suburban Residential Area in terms of both housing types and public services availability. However, densities are higher, ranging from six (6) to thirteen (13) dwelling units per acre.

<u>Office-Institutional Areas</u> is a category consisting of establishments which offer an array of financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical, and business services. Such areas generally have public utilities and services available and are located adjacent to heavily traveled streets.

Future UNC Development is a category established for lands owned by the University of North Carolina, including Horace Williams Airport and adjacent parcels. Such lands are contemplated for expansion of the UNC campus, provided the Airport is relocated.

<u>Retail Trade Areas</u> are limited in Transition Areas, including existing establishments at Starpoint and Calvander. Modest room for expansion was projected in Transition Areas.

Light Industrial Areas are singular, consisting of the Chapel Hill Industrial Park on Eubanks Road and the proposed site between Eubanks Road and Homestead Road are included in this category.

Disposal Use Areas consist of landfill sites, either existing or future. The existing landfill on Eubanks Road and the proposed site between Eubanks Road and Homestead Road are included in this category.

*Rural Buffer and Conservation

*Amended 4/2/90 2/3/92 (effective 2/24/92)

The basic categories of Rural Buffer and Conservation have been combined in the Joint Planning Area Land Use Plan to form a single land use classification – Rural Buffer.

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The Rural Buffer is defined as being a low-density area consisting of single-family homes situated on large lots having a minimum size of two (2) acres. The Rural Buffer is further defined as land which, although adjacent to an Urban or Transition Area, is rural in character and which will remain rural, <u>contain low-density</u> residential uses, and not require urban services (public utilities and other Town services). <u>The Rural Buffer is</u> expected to contain low density residential uses as well as agricultural uses The Rural Buffer and consists of the following Joint Planning Area Land Use Plan categories: Rural Residential and Agricultural; <u>Agricultural</u>; ² Public-Private Open Space; Resource Conservation; New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space; Extractive Use; and the overlay category designated University Lake Watershed Area.

Rural Residential and Agricultural Areas are low-density areas consisting of single-family homes situated on large lots two acres in size or greater with a minimum lot size of two acres, except when part of a cluster subdivision and then adhering to a density limit of 1 unit for every 2 acres of property. Cluster subdivisions, reducing parcels to at least 1 acre in area, are allowed so long as density limits for the entire subdivision are maintained. ³ In that respect, Rural Residential Areas are identical to the definition of the Rural Buffer. The area includes property supporting farming operations, including forestry activities, established in accordance with the provisions of the North Carolina General Statutes.

Agricultural Areas include land areas currently in use for farming and forestry operations and which gualify for, or are listed for, use value taxation purposes.⁴

<u>Public-Private Open Space Areas</u> include major land areas owned or controlled by public and private interests in the Rural Buffer. Such holdings as Duke Forest, Camp New Hope, U.S. Government lands associated with Jordan Lake, the 100-foot buffer along I-40, and Orange Water and Sewer Authority lands adjacent to University Lake and the quarry site on N.C. Highway 54 provide open space through research, educational, forest management, and recreational functions.

Resource Conservation Areas in the Rural Buffer are identical to those in the Transition Areas; i.e., floodplains, wetlands along drainage tributaries, and steep slope areas (15% or greater). The areas form the basis for a parks and open space system (see Strategy Map) which provided the framework within which other land uses are situated.

<u>New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space Areas</u> include some of the Resource Protection Areas and a portion of the Public/Private Open Space Areas which were designated as significant and worthy of protection according to the New Hope Corridor Open Space Master Plan completed in April of 1991. (See Master Plan Map following Strategy Maps). The areas are part of a system of open space in Durham and Orange Counties along New Hope Creek and its tributaries between Eno River State Park and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers land north and south of Jordan Lake. This category is made up of critical environmental areas such as steam beds, floodplains, steep slopes, and larger tracts of historic, educational, or recreational value.

Extractive Use Areas encompass mining and quarry operations. Only one such site exists in the Rural Buffer, the American Stone Company quarry on N.C. Highway 54 west of Carrboro.

² County governments do not have the authority to restrict the location of agricultural activities while municipalities can regulate farms located within their corporate limits. Agricultural activities, as defined within State law, are allowed in all areas subject to the Plan. Staff is clarifying existing language accordingly and eliminating references to 'Agricultural Areas' as being a separate Plan land use category and combining it with the Rural Residential Land Use Category.

³ Cluster subdivisions are allowed throughout the County, including the University Lake Watershed Area, with the exception of the Rural Residential area of the Rural Buffer. We are modifying existing language to allow cluster subdivisions in the Rural Buffer, outside of the University Lake Watershed Area, so long as a density limit of 1 dwelling unit per 2 acres is maintained. This proposed amendment does not impact existing density limits in the University Lake Watershed Area, which only allows 1 dwelling unit for every 5 acres of land area. Staff has incorporated comments received by the County Attorney's office as well as Chapel Hill and Carrboro Planning staff.

⁴ This information has been captured within the renamed 'Rural Residential and Agricultural Areas' land use category.

<u>Retail Trade Areas</u> in the Rural Buffer include low intensity neighborhood centers which serve the immediate area and generate low traffic volumes. Only one such area is designated in the Rural Buffer – Blackwood station on N.C. Highway 86.

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*University Lake Watershed Area

*Amended 4/2/90

The University Lake Watershed Area includes all lands which drain into the University Lake reservoir. Density within this area is limited to 1 dwelling unit for every 5 acres with a required minimum lot size of 2 acres. Based on a preferred watershed protection strategy of land use controls as recommended by Camp, Dresser and McKee in the <u>University Lake Watershed Study</u>, only low-intensity residential uses are permitted. A minimum lot size of <u>five (5)</u> acres and a maximum density of one (1) unit per five (5) acres is required for any development. ⁵Cluster subdivisions with lot sizes of not less than one (1) acre are also allowed <u>so long as</u> density limits are adhered to. There is an allowance for as well as the creation of a limited number of 5 lots (5) of two-acre lots at a density of 1 unit per 2 acres for property legally in existence as of October 2, 1989. Additional lots shall be allowed consistent with the 1 unit per 5 acre density as detailed herein.

⁵ The minimum lot size in the Rural Buffer is 2 acres. Density (i.e. how many residences are allowed on a given property) has always been limited to 1 dwelling unit for every 5 acres of property. With this amendment staff is moving density language to the front portion of the description so that it is understood what the limit is. We are also indicating the required minimum lot size for the area is 2 acres to ensure consistency with the Joint Planning Agreement.

⁶ Staff is adding the specific date a lot has to have existed on to qualify for the 2 acre density allowance. This date is consistent with the existing requirements of Orange County's Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) specifically Section 4.2.4.

LOCATION STANDARDS

The principal task in formulating a land use plan is determining where specific land uses will be located. The primary elements feeding into this step include the operating principles outlined previously and a defined set of location standards.

The location standards proposed for the preparation of the Joint Planning Area Land Use Plan are based upon previously enumerated background elements – natural environment and compatibility with existing land use patterns. On the accompanying page, there elements are listed on the horizontal axis of the Location Standards Matrix. Included in the matrix, but not previously defined are various street classifications listed under Transportation Accessibility. These classifications are defined as follows:

STREET TYPE	FUNCTION	SPEED	ROW	DAILY	TRIP	ACCESS	TRAVEL					
				VOLUME	LENGTH		LANES					
INTERSTATE	Movement	55 mph	200-300'	>40K	>3 mi.	Limited	4					
ARTERIAL	Movement	45 mph	120-150'	10K-25K	>1 mi.	Unlimited	4					
COLLECTOR	Movement/A	35 mph	60-70'	800-3K	<1 mi.	Unlimited	2					
	ccess											
LOCAL	Access	25 mph	50'	75-200	<1/2 mi.	Unlimited	2					

STREET CLASSIFICATIONS

Listed on the vertical axis are the general land use planning categories. By locating the desired land plan category on the vertical axis, it is possible to read from left to right and identify by the "X" symbol desired locations for each land use type.

CONCEPTS AND STRATEGIES

Following the November Public Information Meeting, four alternative strategy maps were prepared with illustrated various development scenarios for the Joint Planning Area. The four maps sought to identify those areas which would be classified as urban, transition, and rural buffer without identifying specific 10 and 20 year growth areas. The four maps are reproduced in sketch form on the following pages. The basis premises governing each alternative are listed below.

LOCATION STANDARDS MATRIX

	SLOPE			SOIL	STAE	BILITY	VEGETATION			RESIDENTIAL				COMMER				OP	EN A	REA	ACCESSIBILITY				
LAND USE CLASSIFICATION	0 - 7 ½%	7½ - 15%	15% +	SLIGHT	MODERATE	SEVERE	CLEAR	FOREST	WETLAND	RURAL	SUBURBAN	URBAN	HIGH URBAN	OFFICE	RETAIL	PUBLIC/QUASI-PUBLIC	INDUSTRIAL	RECREATIONAL	AGRICULTURAL	FORESTRY	INTERSTATE	ARTERIAL	COLLECTOR	LOCAL	
RESIDENTAIL																									
Rural and Agricultural	Х	Х	х	х	Х		Х	х		Х	х					Х		Х	х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	
Suburban	х	х		х	Х		Х	х		Х	х	х				Х		Х					х	х	
Urban	х			х			Х				х	х	х	х	Х	Х		Х			х	х	х		
COMMERCIAL																									J
Office	х	Х		х			Х					х	х	х	Х	Х		Х			Х	Х	Х		
Retail	х	х		х	Х		Х					х	х	х	Х	х					х	х	х		
INDUSTRIAL	х			х			х										Х				х	х	х		
RESOURCE-CONSERVATION																									
Recreational	Х	х	х	х	Х		Х	х		Х	х	х	х	х		Х		Х	Х	Х			х	Х	
<u>Agricultural</u>	×	×		×	¥		×			¥						¥		¥	×	¥	×	×	¥	¥	
Forestry	х	х	х	х	Х	х		х	Х									Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	

STAFF NOTE: We are recommending deleting existing references to the 'Agricultural' category and combining them with the existing 'Residential' category. Staff has denoted those locations where 'x' has been added in <u>red underlined text</u> to preserve the locational criteria for agricultural uses within the 'Residential' category.

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***THE RURAL BUFFER**

*Amended 4/2/90 2/3/92 (effective 2/24/92)

Eight Seven categories of Rural Buffer land use have been depicted on the Land Use Plan. These categories include Resource Protection Areas, Public-Private Open Space Areas, <u>Agricultural Areas</u>¹, Rural Residential <u>and</u> <u>Agricultural</u> Areas, Retail Trade Areas, Extractive Uses, and the overlay category designated University Lake Watershed Area.

Resource Protection Areas

As was the case with Transition Areas, Resource Protection Areas have been designated on the Land Use Plan to include flood plains, and wetlands along drainage tributaries and steep slope areas (15% or greater). These areas form the basis for a comprehensive parks and open space system which provides the framework within which other land use categories are to function. Parks have been generally located throughout the Joint Planning Area using a neighborhood park one-half mile service radius. The parks, as well as portions of Duke Forest, are linked together by a system of greenways extending along drainageways, and pedestrian routes (sidewalks) along thoroughfares.

Public/Private Open Space Areas

Major land areas owned or controlled by both public and private interests in the Joint Planning Area have been designated on the Land Use Plan. These areas include the following:

- 1. Duke Forest;
- 2. University of North Carolina lands (excluding Horace Williams Airport and adjacent properties);
- 3. U.S. Government lands associated with conservation areas around the Jordan Lake Reservoir;
- 4. Orange Water and Sewer Authority lands associated with conservation areas around University Lake and raw water storage in the former quarry site on NC Highway 54: and
- 5. Camp New Hope conference and recreational center.

A Public/Private Open Space Area has also been designated along Interstate 40 to recognize the Major Transportation Corridor (MTC) district established to provide a 100-foot buffer along that route. The Plan recommends utilization of portions of the buffer to link proposed park and greenway areas together.

While the status of such holdings as Duke Forest, UNC lands and Camp New Hope is uncertain in the future, their continued existence appears likely during the planning period. This is due to the research, educational, forest management and recreational functions related to such areas. If decisions are made to change the use of such large tracts of land, negotiations should be initiated to secure the use of all or portions of the tracts for recreation and/or open space purposes. Such areas contribute greatly to the natural setting of the Joint Planning Area and every effort should be made to retain such features.

<u>New Hope Creek Corridor Open Space Areas</u> include some of the Resource Protection Areas and a portion of the Public/Private

¹ As previously indicated, County governments do not have the authority to restrict the location of agricultural activities. Agricultural activities, as defined within State law, are allowed in all areas that are subject to this Plan. Staff is clarifying existing language accordingly and eliminating references to 'Agricultural Areas' as being a separate Plan land use category and combining it with the Rural Residential Land Use Category.

Open Space Areas which are designated as significant and worthy of protection according to the New Hope Corridor Open Space Master Plan completed in April of 1991. (See Master Plan Map following Strategy Maps). The areas are part of a system of open space in Durham and Orange Counties along New Hope Creek and its tributaries between Eno River State Park and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers land north of Jordan Lake. This category is made up of critical environmental areas such as stream beds, floodplains, steep slopes, and larger tracts of historic, educational, or recreational value. The New Hope Corridor Open Space Master Plan describes these areas in detail and makes specific recommendations as to how they should be protected or utilized for environmental, educational, and/or recreational purposes.

Agricultural Areas²

During the compilation of background information, a land use survey was conducted of the Joint Planning Area. The survey indicated those land areas currently in use for agricultural purposes. This information was further verified through the Orange County Tax Office to determine those farms which were qualified and listed for use value taxation purposes.

The Land Use Plan designated those farms and agricultural uses which are anticipated to continue in the same status during the planning period. Agricultural areas existing within Transition Areas are expected to change from rural to urban uses as Chapel Hill and Carrboro continue to grow and as public water and sewer services are expanded. Agricultural areas are located principally in University Lake Watershed but are also prominent along the northern perimeter of the Planning Area boundary. As development occurs in these areas, it will be of very low-density nature and will generally consist of farm dwelling and outbuildings.

*University Lake Watershed Area

*Amended 4/2/90

The University Lake Watershed Area includes all lands which drain into the University Lake reservoir. <u>Density within this area is limited to 1 dwelling unit for every 5 acres with a required minimum lot size of 2 acres.</u> Based on a preferred watershed protection strategy of land use controls as recommended by Camp, Dresser and McKee in the <u>University Lake Watershed Study</u>, only low-intensity residential uses are permitted. A minimum lot size of <u>five (5)</u> acres and a maximum density of one (1) unit per five (5) acres is required for any development. ³Cluster subdivisions with lot sizes of not less than one (1) acre are also allowed <u>so long as density limits are adhered to</u>. There is an allowance for as well as the creation of a limited number of 5 lots (5) of two-acre lots at a density of 1 unit per 2 acres for property legally in existence as of October 2, 1989.⁴ Additional lots shall be allowed consistent with the 1 unit per 5 acre density as detailed herein.⁵

² Some of this information has been relocated to the renamed Rural Residential and Agricultural section of the Plan and is denoted in green underlined bold text on the next page.

³ The minimum lot size in the Rural Buffer is 2 acres. Density (i.e. how many residences allowed on a given property) has always been limited to 1 dwelling unit for every 5 acres of property. With this amendment Staff is moving density language to the front portion of the description so that it is understood what the limit it. We are also indicating the required minimum lot size for the area is 2 acres.

⁴ Staff is adding the specific date a lot has to have existed on to qualify for the 2 acre density allowance.

⁵ Staff has ensured the language describing the University Lake Watershed Area is consistent throughout the Plan.

*Rural Residential and Agricultural

*Amended 4/2/90

The Rural Residential category is a low-density area consisting of single-family homes situated on large lots with a minimum lot size of two acres, except when part of a cluster subdivision and then adhering to a density limit of 1 unit for every 2 acres of property. two acres in size or greater. Cluster subdivisions, reducing parcels to at least 1 acre in area, are allowed to as long as density limits for the entire subdivision are maintained⁶. The Rural Residential designation is identical to the Rural Buffer category contained in the current Orange County Land Use Plan. The Rural Buffer category is described in the Plan as land adjacent to an Urban or Transition area which is rural in character and which should remain rural; contain very low-density residential uses and agricultural uses; and not require urban services (water and sewer) during the Plan period.

Agricultural areas existing within Transition Areas are expected to change from rural to urban uses as Chapel Hill and Carrboro continue to grow and as public water and sewer services are expanded. Agricultural areas are located principally in University Lake Watershed but are also prominent along the northern perimeter of the Planning Area boundary. As development occurs in these areas, it will be of very low-density in nature and will generally consist of farm dwelling and outbuildings in support of agricultural operations.

To the north of Chapel Hill and Carrboro in the New Hope Creek drainage basin, lowdensity residential development has taken place along Whitfield Road, Sunrise Road and Erwin Road. Residential developments similar to Sedgefield, Stoneridge, Oak Hills, Birchwood Lake Estates and Falls of the New Hope are expected to continue, relying on wells and septic tanks for water supply and sewer disposal.

To the west of Carrboro, Rural Residential development is also expected in University Lake Watershed. However, only low-density residential <u>and agricultural</u> uses are anticipated. For this reason, residential Development will continue to rely on wells and septic tanks for water supply and sewage disposal.

The remaining area designated for Rural Residential <u>and Agricultural</u> development is the Southern Triangle area in the extreme southeastern portion of the County. The area drains to the southeast toward Jordan Lake and is beyond the ridge line of the Morgan Creek basin, an area which can be served by gravity sewer lines. The Southern Triangle is also characterized by environmental constraints such as steep slopes, flood plains and soils with poor stability, so low-density development is projected.

There are approximately 9,260 acres of land designated for Rural Residential <u>and</u> <u>Agricultural</u> purposes in the Land Use Plan. If developed at an average density of one dwelling unit per two acres with 15% of the area subtracted out for streets and roads, the holding capacity of the area in terms of dwellings is 3,935. If multiplied by the 1980 Census figure for population per household (2.6), the estimated population would be 10,231.

⁶ As previously indicated we are modifying existing language to ensure required minimum lot sizes and density limits are observed. As previously indicated staff has incorporated comments from the County Attorney's office and the Towns of Carrboro and Chapel Hill into this section.

September 22, 1987 Amended April 2, 1990 Amended September 30, 1998 Amended February 2, 1999 Amended August 20, 2002 Amended June 24, 2003

JOINT PLANNING AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into this 2nd day of November, 1987, by and between the COUNTY OF ORANGE, a political subdivision of the State of North Carolina, the TOWN OF CHAPEL HILL, and the TOWN OF CARRBORO, municipal corporations duly created and existing under the laws of North Carolina.

WITNESSETH:

In consideration of the public benefits expected to flow from the cooperative efforts of the parties in establishing a coordinated and comprehensive system of planning within their respective areas of public concern, the parties to this Agreement hereby mutually agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSE, DEFINITIONS, EFFECTIVE DATE, LINKAGE

Section 1.1 Purpose of the Agreement

The purpose of this Agreement is to establish a method of coordinated and comprehensive planning in the Orange County-Chapel Hill-Carrboro Joint Planning Area, as defined herein.

Section 1.2 Definitions

A. Joint Planning Area. The area within the Rural Buffer and Transition Areas designated on the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map lying outside the extraterritorial planning jurisdiction of Chapel Hill and Carrboro.

- B. Joint Planning Area Land Use Plan. The Orange County-Chapel Hill-Carrboro Joint Planning Land Use Plan dated April, 1986, adopted by Orange County August 19, 1986 (revised October 13, 1986), amended May 4, 1987 and as it may be amended from time to time.
- C. Joint Planning Area Land Use Map. The Orange County-Chapel Hill-Carrboro Joint Planning Area Land Use Map, adopted August 19, 1986 (revised October 13, 1986) and as it may be amended from time to time.
- D. Carrboro Joint Development Review Area (CJDA). The area lying generally west of a division of the Joint Planning Area and shown as such on the copy of the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map attached to this Agreement, labeled Exhibit A, and incorporated herein by reference. Exhibit A is appended to this Agreement solely for the purpose of indicating the CJDA and the CHJDA boundary. Exhibit A is an accurate copy of the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map as of the effective date of this agreement. However, it will only be changed as the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map is amended if the Map amendments change the location of either the CJDA or the CHJDA.
- E. Chapel Hill Joint Development Review Area (CHJDA). The area lying generally east of a division of the Joint Planning Area and shown as such on the copy of the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map attached to this Agreement, labeled Exhibit A, and incorporated herein by reference. Exhibit A is appended to this Agreement solely for the purpose of indicating the CJDA and the CHJDA boundary. Exhibit A is an accurate copy of the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map as of the effective date of this

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agreement. However, it will only be changed as the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map is amended if the Map amendments change the location of either the CJDA or the CHJDA.

- F. Joint Courtesy Review Area. A portion of the northern Rural Buffer Area bounded on the east by I-40 and shown as such on Exhibit A.
- G. Rural Buffer. That portion of the Joint Planning Area designated on the Joint Planning Area Land Use Map as such and designated in the Joint Planning Area Land Use Plan as Rural Residential and Agricultural, Agricultural¹, Public/Private Open Space, Resource Conservation, Extractive/Disposal Use and the overlay district designated University Lake Watershed Area. This area is further defined as being a low-density area consisting of single-family homes situated on large lots having a minimum size of two (2) acres, unless the cluster subdivision option is used and density limits are maintained.² The Rural Buffer is further defined as land which, although adjacent to an Urban or Transition area, is rural in character and which will remain rural, contain low-density residential uses and agricultural uses and not require urban services (public utilities and other town services).
- H. Transition Area. That portion of the Joint Planning Area designated on the Joint
 Planning Area Land Use Map as such. This area is further defined as being in
 transition from rural to urban or already urban in density. Urban services (public
 utilities and other town services) are now provided to this area or are projected to be
 provided to this area. The portion of the Transition Area located in the CJDA shall be

¹ We are combining the existing 'Agricultural' land use category with the 'Rural Residential' category as part of amendments to the Plan The agreement is being updated accordingly.