Integrated Pest Management Policy

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Town of Carrboro Board of Alderman

Agenda

- Introduce IPM and PHC
- Current IPM
- Goals of the Update
- Recent IPM Related Concerns
- Questions

Current IPM

Adopted in 1999

- Beneficial goals that aligned with the thought process of the time
- * Outlined procedure for a living document
 - * "In practice, integrated pest management is continually evolving. The program / policy / manual should reflect such changes and be subject to regular review and revision."

Based on 1999 EPA Guidelines

- Phase out the use of all chemicals
- Evolution of practice/materials/guidance since then

Introduction to Integrated Pest Management Policy

What is IPM?

- Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is an effective and environmentally friendly, common sense approach to controlling pests.
 - Current, comprehensive information on pests life cycles and their interaction with the environment
 - Most economical means with the least possible hazard to people, property, and the environment

❖ Why is IPM important?

- * IPM is <u>Thoughtful</u> and <u>Proactive</u> rather than reactive in nature
- IPM seeks to understand causes of pest problems
- IPM implements long term solutions
- * IPM employs a means of prevention rather than mere treatment of symptoms

Introduction to Plant Health Care

What is PHC?

Plant health care is a holistic focusing on developing and maintaining healthy plants, so they become less susceptible to problems.

Why is PHC important?

- * Provides corrective measures to promote plant health
- Proactive healthy plants are less likely to become infested by pests and infected by disease

Goals of Updated IPM & PHC Policy

Current Policy

- * Update the systematic course of action to proactively manage pests successfully
 - ID pests and monitor progress
 - Set action thresholds
 - Prevent
 - Control
- Guidelines for living document
 - Long-term control of pests and invasive weeds
 - Regular internal meetings to identify best strategies and methods
- Serves as a cornerstone of the pest management program
 - No unacceptable public or environmental health risk is taken to control pests
- Introduce Plant Health Care

Recent IPM Related Concerns

- * Red Imported Fire Ants in sports turf and around playgrounds at recreational facilities
 - * 10 % of human population are highly allergic to RIFA stings
 - Tripping hazards in playing area
- Weed, insect, and fungal disease in sports turf at recreational facilities
 - * Turf weeds and fungus in new Anderson Park multipurpose field
 - Tripping hazards in playing area
- Invasive aquatic weed species
 - Duck weed and Primrose infestation at Anderson Park pond
- * Invasive Species control to protect the urban forest
 - Invasive vines and poison ivy are choking out trees in our urban forest
- Probable future need of IPM for insect pests of the urban forest
 - Elm bark Beetle, Emerald Ash Borer, Southern and IPS Pine Beetle

QUESTIONS

