

Article II

MISCELLANEOUS OFFENSES

Section 5-11 Noise Generally

No person may authorize or cause the emission from any property or source under his control any noise that is both:

- (1) Sufficiently loud to frighten or pose a danger to the health of or seriously disturb any person who:
 - a. if the noise emanates from a source located on private premises, is located on other premises (including other dwelling units or rented premises located on the same tract of land), or (Amend. 4/27/82)
 - b. if the noise emanates from a street or other public property, is located on private property or the street or other public property, and
- (2) Louder, or of greater duration, or otherwise more disturbing than is reasonably necessary for the performance of some lawful public or private function, enterprise, operation, or activity.

Section 5-12 Particular Noise (Amend. 11/16/93)

The following are declared to be illustrations of noises prohibited under the foregoing section, and are hereby declared to be unlawful, but this list shall not be exhaustive:

- (1) The playing of any radio, television, tape recorder, phonograph, or similar electronic device or any musical instrument so as to disturb the comfort, quiet or repose of persons in any place of residence or so as to interfere substantially with the operations of any church, school, theater, library or other similar place of assembly.
- (2) The use of any drum, loudspeaker, or other amplification instrument or device for the purpose of attracting attention by the creation of noise to any performance, show, ale, display, advertisement of merchandise, or other commercial venture.
- (3) Any party or assembly of persons in a dwelling unit or on residential premises producing loud and raucous noise after 11:00 p.m. that tend to disturb the comfort, quiet, or repose of persons in other dwelling units or on other residential premise. The person in possession of the premises where such a part or assembly of persons takes place shall be deemed responsible for the emission of loud and raucous noises under this subdivision. (Amend. 4/27/82)

- (4) The operation or use of any of the following tools, machinery, or equipment, when such operation or use takes place (i) outside of a fully enclosed structure; and (ii) within 300 feet of a residentially occupied structure that is not in the possession of the party responsible for the noise at issue; and (iii) after sunset on any day or before 7:00 a.m. on any day except Sunday and before 12:00 noon on Sunday. However, this prohibition shall not apply when work must take place on an emergency basis for health or safety reasons, or when work is undertaken within a public street right-of-way by (i) a utility pursuant to an encroachment agreement, (ii) the town, or (iii) the North Carolina Department of Transportation. (Amend. 1/16/2001)
- (a) Earth moving or clearing power equipment.
- (a) Chain saws, brush cutters, wood chippers, or similar power equipment.
- (a) Power saws
- (a) Power driven hammers or jackhammers.

Section 5-12.1 Motor Vehicle Noises (Amend. 11/16/93)

The following are illustrations of noises, produced in connection with the operation or use of motor vehicles, that are prohibited under Section 5-11 and are hereby declared to be unlawful, but this list shall not be exhaustive:

- (1) The blowing of a horn on any motor vehicle except when the horn is used as a warning device.
- (2) The operation of any motor vehicle without a muffler or with a muffler that is so defective or so designed that the vehicle emits an unusually loud noise.
- (3) The operation of any motor vehicle so as to create unnecessary and unusual noise through the screeching of tires or racing of engines.
- (4) The operation or use of a motor vehicle with amplified sound produced by a radio, tape player, compact disc player or other soundmaking device or instrument within the motor vehicle such that the sound is plainly audible at a distance of 100 feet or more from the motor vehicle.